Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, MARCH 16, 1868. NUMBER 64.

FROM EUROPE.

English Parliament Proceedings—Debate on Ireland's Wrongs—American Fenians Released From Custody and to be Sent Back—The War Between Cretans and Turks Ended—Prince of Wales' Visit to Ireland—Royal Amnesty to Political Offenders—The British in Abyssinia—Prince Napoleon's Visit to Germany—General Dix Returns to Paris From England—French Public Meeting Law Review of Italian Troops.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, March 13.—*Midnight.*—In the House of Commons to-night, a motion was made requesting the Governor to furnish the papers in the blockade running Springbok case.

Lord Mayo explained the imprisonment of Mr. Johnston, an Orange Secretary, in Ireland, as caused by his refusing to apologize for heading an illegal procession.

In the Committee of the Whole on the state of Ireland, Mr. Fortescue said that the reform in Ireland was possible without disturbing the land tenure, but held that the church reform needed frank dealing.

N. McKenna thought the new university plan was a governmental pledge of future equality of religious sects in Ireland.

The O'Donahue member, of Fralee, said that disaffection among the Irish was widespread, reaching all classes, and paralyzing trade. The Church and Land question were the leading causes of discontent, but the principal cause was the refusal of independence in legislation. The first remedies should be to deprive the Irish Church establishment of its endowments, and grant leases of not less duration than thirty-one years.

Mr. Hamilton charged the O'Donahue member with being the organizer of the mock funerals in honor of the assassins.

John Bright said the evil of absenteeism and injustice of church establishment were not the only faults; the tenants require proprietary rights; the scheme proposing that the Government advance money for their relief was impracticable; the ownership in soil could only make land the people's; the propositions made by the Ministers for the creation of a great Savings Bank was inadequate. The plan of Lord Russell for the settlement of the Church question came too late. We must withdraw the endowments from all religious sects to make a loyal and moral people.

Mr. Stafford, from North Cole, followed with a lengthy speech in defense of the Government. Without taking action, the House adjourned.

DISCHARGE OF AMERICAN FENIANS.

LONDON, March 14.—Four men of the crew of the Jacmel packet were discharged from custody at Sligo, to-day. These men were arrested near Dungaroon where they had been put ashore from the Jacmel, which sailed from New York as a Fenian cruizer called "Erin Hope." They were all naturalized citizens of the United States, of Irish birth, and will be sent home at the expense of the American Government.

PRINCE OF WALES' VISIT TO IRELAND—ROYAL AMNESTY.

LONDON, March 15.—The Prince of Wales will make his expected visit to Ireland during the Easter holidays. It is intimated that the occasion will be signalized by a royal proclamation granting a partial amnesty to political offenders in Ireland.

FRANCE.

PARIS, March 14.—M. Schneider, President of the Corps Legislatif, has been made Senator. M. David succeeds to the Presidency.

RETURN OF AMERICAN MINISTER.

PARIS, March 14.—The American Minister, General Dix, has returned to Paris. His visit to England was not of a diplomatic character, as reported. He went to England to be present at the marriage of his son, Mr. Charles Temple Dix.

PUBLIC MEETING LAW.

The Corps Legislatif was engaged last week in the discussion of the new law relating to holding public meetings, which was introduced by the Government. An important and comprehensive amendment to the bill has been offered by liberal members. It proposes to remove all restrictions from the right of the people to meet in public assemblies when and where they please.

TURKEY.

WAR IN CRETE ENDED.

VIENNA, March 14.—Dispatches from the South announce that the Grand Vizier has returned to Constantinople from Crete. He reports to the Turkish Government that the war between the Turks and Cretan insurgents had ended. There were a few Spahkitan guerrillas still operating in the mountain districts, but hardly a hundred strong, and no fears were entertained of any fresh outbreaks.

ABYSSINIA.

ADVICES FROM GENERAL NAPIER.

LONDON, March 15.—Dispatches received last night from Abyssinia state that General Napier was about to send out a reconnoitering party to take Ashango, in the Tigre district.

The Pasha of Egypt showed no disposition to withdraw his forces from Abyssinia, as requested by the British Government. On the contrary, the Egyptians, in camp at Massowah, had received considerable reinforcements from the North.

GERMANY.

PRINCE NAPOLEON'S VISIT.

BERLIN, March 15.—Yesterday Prince Napoleon, after a series flattering entertainments given here in his honor, has left for Paris. His visit to Germany, has given rise to many surmises and rumors and is extensively commented on by the press; but the object of his mission has not been divulged. His reception everywhere in Germany has been most cordial.

ITALY.

REVIEW OF TROOPS.

NAPLES, March 14.—A brilliant military review took place at Riviara Chiaga. The Italian troops were on the ground in force and were reviewed in the presence of crowds of citizens. Admiral Porragut was present and loudly cheered.

Fires in New Orleans.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, March 15.—A fire broke out about nine o'clock to-night, on Center Block, bounded by Magazine, Francher, Falyfarre and Delande streets, a region densely filled up with wooden tenements, and the fire was not checked until a great portion was destroyed. Another fire in the same region destroyed a whisky warehouse.

The New Hampshire Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CONCORD, N. H., March 15.—The corrected election returns make Harriman's majority 2,530. The House of Representatives stands 192 Republicans and 138 Democrats.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Senate Not in Session—General Debate in the House—The Public Debt—Impeachment—Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 13, 1868.

HOUSE OF RFPRESENTATIVES.

GENERAL DEBATE.

Mr. HIGBY argued that Congress was bound to make appropriations for carrying out treaty stipulations. He held that the treaty making power was lodged exclusively in the President and Senate and that their action was a finality.

Messrs. MAYNARD, WOOD, WASHBURNE, of Wisconsin, and BROOMALL contended to the contrary. The latter also argued in favor of an expansion of currency.

Mr. DAWES remarked he saw by one of the Cincinnati papers it was proposed to issue $2,500,000 in greenbacks and divide it up among all the people of the country, figuring out that that would give to every man, woman and child in the country four hundred dollars each. He suggested whether the member from Illinois would not go that bid better by fifty dollars, as it would be necessary to go above that or lose the popular majority.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Wisconsin, quoted Wilkens Micawbur, in his memorandum cancelling his debt to Thomas Traddles, by giving him an I. O. U. for the amount, as the original authenticity for the financial proposition to which the gentleman from Massachusetts had referred.

Mr. DAWES thought it very likely the discovery did date back so far; but Cincinnati was applying for a re-issue of the patent, and he had only wanted to know whether the gentleman from Illinois wanted to go for extension. (Laughter.)

Mr. BROMWELL could not understand what all that had to do with the question of plentifulness or scarcity of currency, which he had been discussing. The matter referred to was the question whether the government was going to pay its debt in good faith.

Mr. DAWES suggested the question was whether the debt should be paid in good faith or promises to pay.

Mr. BROMWELL said he had never advocated the idea of paying the debt in irredeemable currency. He had said nothing about paying anything.

Mr. SELEYE advocated his bill to amend the currency act. He favored the removal of the present restrictions on banking and and currency, and argued for contraction as a means for return to specie payments.

Mr. JONES addressed the House on the subject of impeachment, arguing that the impeachment of the President on the charges made was absurd and preposterous, and that the President had acted in the conscientious discharge of his duty. His impeachment was simply to remove an obstacle from the path of designing men and gratify their hatred and malignity.

Mr. BOYER called attention to the mode in which a most important measure had passed the House, on Thursday last, solely, he said, because it was introduced in a manner calculated to deceive and lull suspicion. He proceeded to read from the *Globe* the report of the proceedings in connection with the adoption of an amendment to a bill, which amendment deprives the Supreme Court of its jurisdiction.

Mr. MAYNARD said Mr. Schenck, who had taken the principal part in those proceedings, was absent.

Mr. BOYER proceeded with quotations from the *Globe*. While he was speaking Mr. Schenck took his seat.

Mr. BOYER went on to say the object of the amendment offered by the gentleman from Iowa, (Mr. Wilson,) and adopted, was to deprive the Supreme Court of jurisdiction in the M'Ardle case. The amendment would never have been suffered without objection, had its real character been explained, or if the House had not been disarmed by the remark of the gentleman from Ohio, that it was a matter relating to appeals to the Supreme Court in cases of revenue collectors, and that it was not intended for any other purpose.

Mr. BLAIN said the gentleman's position was, simply, that his side of the House was not wide awake to see the point and bearing of the amendment.

Mr. BOYER admitted the minority never suspected in that way the majority would effect escape from what they must believe a pending judgment of condemnation from the Supreme Court. It must proceed from a consciousness that the reconstruction acts are illegal and out of the Constitution. But they should have passed the act openly. It should have been introduced in such a way that it might have been objected to and fairly discussed.

Mr. BLAINE said the Supreme Court obtained jurisdiction by act of Congress, about a year ago. Was that illegal?

Mr. BOYER said the gentleman misunderstood and misinterpreted him. He (Mr. Boyer) admitted that whatever fraud there may be in the case, it is not punishable by law. The act is passed, and cannot be, therefore, vetoed. As the act of legislation, what is done in the House should be done courageously, openly, and on fair notice. Your members are overwhelming enough. Can you not rely on them and not resort to devices of this description?

Mr. MAYNARD asked the gentleman wherein he imagined there had been any fraud?

Mr. BOYER had no further explanation to make.

Mr. WILLIAMS—Do you say the chairman of the Judiciary Committee acted in bad faith, and introduced the amendment in a manner to deceive the House?

Mr. BOYER, in answer as to what he had said, said he was willing it should remain.

Mr. OWENS said his recollection was that nothing was said by the gentleman who offered the amendment, and all that was said was by the gentleman from Ohio, to the bill as it came from the Speaker's table without the amendment.

Mr. BOYER did not charge the gentleman from Ohio with knowing the character of the amendment. It would be contrary to all his experience of him to suppose he would allow an important amendment to a bill of which he had charge of which he knew nothing beforehand.

Mr. WILLIAMS understood he shifted the charge from the shoulders of the gentleman from Iowa to the shoulders of the gentleman from Ohio.

Mr. BOYER said the gentleman could not put words in his mouth. What he said was without any personal malice toward any one, certainly without any ill feelings to the gentleman from Ohio, or him from Iowa, for both of whom he had high respect; but the country should know by what means the majority of the House think it necessary to sustain themselves in their unconstitutional acts of usurpation.

Mr. SCHENCK said: The gentleman from Pennsylvania undertakes directly, or by implication, to impute fraud to members of this House, or the majority, but more particularly to the gentleman from Iowa and myself. I do not intend to answer any such charges. I should be far gone, indeed, when I found it necessary to go over there for lessons of propriety and fairness, and of manliness or honor in legislation. The other branch of the proposition of the gentleman seems a apology for the minority for their not having been awake and watching and observing the course of legislation. So something which they disapproved has become a law.

Mr. SCHENCK proceeded to state his action in the matter. Understanding at the time the full effect of the amendment offered by Mr. Wilson, he said he was willing it should be received, but did not attempt to accept it. He had no power to do so, as the mediator of the bill. He simply consented to refrain from demanding the previous question in order to let in the amendment, that it might come before the House, and then demand the previous question. The gentleman and his friends, watch dogs on the walls of liberty, and always guarding the Constitution, slept, or did not observe it, and this, he says, was a trick or fraud practised on them. He (Mr. Schenck) would not make a confession of that kind, if he were the gentleman, and he could hardly credit it as an excuse. It was not for him to raise any question about their obtuseness, or their late waking up to a discovery which they were then not capable of making.

Mr. BOYER asked if Mr. Schenck ever saw the amendment before it was offered?

Mr. SCHENCK, disclaiming any admission that he was bound to be catechised or questioned, said he had never heard the amendment read or seen it; but he did hear a moment before that a good thing to accomplish a good object, just such as was accomplished, might be obtained by putting an amendment on the bill. He was glad of having the opportunity of hearing such an amendment, and he was not so stupid but that he could see as soon as it was read what its object was, and give it his concurrence. He had lost confidence in the majority of the Supreme Court. He believed they usurp power when they undertake to settle questions purely political, and if he found them abusing power by attempting to arrogate jurisdistion, and he could take away the power by a repeal of the statute, he would do it.

Mr. BOYER said that was a very manly and courageous declaration.

Mr. HOLMAN, while admitting the amendment was germain, asked Mr. Schenck if it was exactly fair, having obtained unanimous consent for the bill, to allow an amendment to be offered which could not have come before the House by unanimous consent?

Mr. SCHENCK said he merely said he was willing the amendment should be offered, and unless he was responsible as the guardian of the gentlemen from Indiana, Pennsylvania, and other States, he did not see but his responsibility ended there. Let them go to their constituents and apologize.

After further debate Mr. ALLISON, for his absent colleague (Mr. Wilson) said no member asked an explanation of the effect of the amendment, and it passed, he believed, without a division.

Mr. BOYER expressed himself content with the result. Enough admission had been made by the gentleman from Ohio to satisfy him and the country. He did not charge fraud, but only stated the facts and asked that the country pass on them.

Mr. SCHENCK said it would better become the gentlemen on the other side to ask oblivion of the past, and humbly promise their constituents they will be awake.

After further debate the House adjourned.

SOUTHERN STATES.

[By Telegragh to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, March 14.—In the Convention the section requiring all officers of the State to take the following oath, to wit: "I recognize and accept the civil and political equality of all men before the laws," was adopted.

A communication from General Schofield suggests that the State Treasurer issue certificates of indebtedness to pay the expenses of the ratification election and the registration and revision of proceedings, for neither of which had Congress appropriated money. He estimated the cost at $75,000 or $100,000. The matter of appropriation was referred. A general debate on the money matter sprung up, in which it was stated that the printer of the Convention had no pay for two weeks and there was no money to pay him.

The Convention refused, by forty-five to twenty-three, to declare the State and county officers enumerated in the disfranchising clause all or the only ones disfranchised.

Registration closed in this city to-day. The blacks are thirty-six votes ahead in a total registration of twelve thousand.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, March 14.—The Convention to-day passed the relief ordinance offered by Mr. Graham, Conservative. Also, an ordinance directing the payment of interest on State debt, to be resumed in January, 1869.

The Conservative State Executive Committee to-day nominated Col. Thomas S. Ash for Governor, in place of Vance, declined.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, March 14.—The Convention last night passed a liberal homestead law.

General Canby has issued an order for the election on the 14th, 15th and 16th days of April next for the ratification of the Constitution, also for the choice of Congressmen and State officers. Registry lists are also to be reopened to give such as have not registered an opportunity of doing so.

ALBANY, N. Y.

Railroad Employes' Srike--Freshet--Attempt to Blow up a Building.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, N. Y., March 15.—The workmen at the Central Railroad workshops, at East Albany, struck against a reduction of wages yesterday. Some weeks ago eight hours was established as a day's work, and a reduction of twenty per cent made on wages. On friday an order was issued returning to the ten hour system, but increasing the wages only ten per cent. The men unanimously refused to go to work except at the old wages. Yesterday they paraded the streets, five hundred strong, but made no violent demonstrations. Dispatches received from Syracuse and other shops along the road express sympathy with the men, and they are determined to follow their example. As the order applies to the Hudson River road also, a deputation from the workmen at East Albany came over on Saturday to express their sympathy. It is believed the strike will be general on both roads.

Owing to the thaw and rain the river rose over the docks. This evening the water rose two feet in an hour, but receded again. The ice is firm in front of the city, but a mile above it has disappeared for a considerable distance. A general break up is expected to-night or to-morrow.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to blow up a dwelling in Rensaeler street, last night, by means of a canteen of powder, which had been placed in the wall. The shock was so violent as to throw down some of the inmates. No arrests have been made.

THE CAPITAL.

Mr. Bradley Appeals to the U. S. Supreme Court to be Restored to the Bar—Political Affairs in Tennessee—Suicide of an Indian Agent—Tax on Distilled Spirits—Estimated Consumption.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 14, 1868.

THE CASE OF J. H. BRADLEY, ESQ.

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States to-day had under consideration the petition of J. H. Bradley for a writ of mandamus to compel the District Supreme Court to reinstate him.

THE TAX ON SPIRITS—REVENUE DERIVED.

The Director of the Bureau of Statistics, in reply to a communication from the Congressional Committee on the subject of whiskey tax, shows that the proportion which it now bears to our whole revenue is as one to fifteen, or about seven per cent., and that during the period from 1814 to 1817, when similar taxes were levied, it amounted to the same proportion. The total revenue, as revenue from distilled spirits, is made up of taxes on production, taxes on sales, and license taxes. Their fund appears to prove that the limit to which domestic spirits is capable of yielding taxes is 7 per cent. of the total amount realizable when taxation is at the maximum. There is evidently some limit to the amount to which any given article will yield revenue, and in the case of distilled spirits this limit seems to have been already attained. In connection with this important deduction, the consumption of distilled spirits during the period of 1792 to 1801, and again from 1814 to 1817, and again in 1860 was three gallons per capita of the population. Unless the use of distilled spirits has declined since 1860, our present consumption must be over one hundred million gallons per annum.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS IN TENNESSEE.

Reports reached Washington to-night from Tennessee expressing apprehension of political disturbances. The instructions given by Gen. Grant to Gen. Thomas will, it is thought, prevent disturbances.

DEATH OF AN INDIAN AGENT.

John W. Wells, Indian Agent for Montana, died to-day from the effects of a wound in the head, inflicted by himself yesterday with a pistol.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

The fractional currency issued for the week amounts to $482,600; shipments do. and notes, $740,798. National Bank notes issued, $131,390. Fractional currency redeemed and destroyed, $392,200.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Nearly one thousand employes in the carshops of the New York Central Railroad, at Albany, struck on Saturday morning and paraded the streets. The Superintendent wished them to work ten hours instead of eight per day, the extra sum offered being less in proportion than for work at the wages of the shorter period.

—The dispatch stating that the tracks of the Great Western Railroad, at Chatham, Canada, were washed away for ten miles is erroneous. Only three-quarters of a mile was submerged. The water has receded and the damage has been repaired. All trains east and west will run as usual on Monday morning.

—Generals Sickles and Cochran were serenaded at the Brevoort House, New York, Saturday evening, in recognition of their services in the recent political campaign in New Hampshire. Appropriate congratulatory addresses were made by the recipients of the compliment.

—The Erie Railroad Directors intend immediately to institute legal proceedings against Frank Wick, John Bloodgood and Richard Schell, to recover damages for injury to and interruption of their business, damages to be laid at two million dollars.

—At Albany, N. Y., great damage is expected from the impending freshet. The river is rising rapidly and merchants are removing goods from warehouses on the river bank.

—Gen. Geo. W. Tew, general treasurer of the State of Rhode Islahd, who is a defaulter to the amount of $4,000, has resigned and Samuel A. Parker placed in charge temporarily.

—Advices from Porto Rico state that a public meeting will be held at the capitol to petition the government to declare San Juan a freight port, with the same privileges as St. Thomas.

—Governor Fenton, of New York, has appointed Hon. Charles C. Dwight Judge of the Supreme Court for the Seventh Judicial District, in place of Judge Wills, deceased.

—The strike in the mills at Fall River, Mass., has ended, the spinners and weavers having voted to return to work on the terms offered previous to the strike.

—Officer John Gear, who was shot some days since at Nashville, Tenn., by a burglar, died on the 13th inst.

—The Monroe paper mill, at Waterville, Maine, was bured yesterday morning. Loss about $20,000; fully insured.

—Jefferson Davis arrived at Havana yesterday in the steamer Cuba, from New Orleans *en route* to Baltimore.

Arson and Murder Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KANSAS CITY, Nebraska, March 14.—The case of the State vs. Wellburne, Cutler and Scott, charged with arson and murder in firing their business house here some months ago, which resulted in the burning to death of two young men who were sleeping in the building, came before the Jackson county Circuit Court, yesterday, and was continued, on motion of the State's Attorney, until next term. A motion previously filed by the State in this case, was called up and argued by the State's Attorney, who said he thought the decision of the judge regarding the degree of the crime charged was erroneous, and he would not be doing his duty to the State if he went to trial under such a decision. The Court stated the facts in the case, even if proved, did not constitute murder in the first degree, and admitted the defendants to bail in ten thousand dollars.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, March 14.— Weather clear. thermometer 66. River rising fast with 13 feet 4 inches in the canal.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—Weather clear and warm.

MEMPHIS, March 13.—Weather clear and very warm. Early trees are nearly in full leaf. River rising. Freshet in White river. Arkansas still rising. Departed—Pauline Carroll, John Kilgour, for New Orleans; Lexington, for St. Louis. In port—Sam. Hale, Cora and Silas Wright.

Broken-Down Men in New York—How They are Employed.

[New York Correspondence of the Troy Times.]

The broken down men to whom we have referred form the best possible help in the great mercantile concerns of this city. Mr. A. T. Stewart, the merchant prince, has been for years in the habit of picking out among this class such assistants as he might need, and we presume there may be found to-day the wreck of twenty different dry goods houses that were started with good prospects of success. For instance, the grave and dignified gentleman of fifty-five years or thereabouts, who occupies the position of general manager and overlooker of the wholesale warehouse, is Mr. Brown, formerly a dry goods jobber of the house of Brown & Co., Cortlandt street. He is a first rate business man, and Stewart knows it, and perhaps it is but an incident in life that Brown is not Stewart, and that Stewart is not Brown. As it is, Mr. Brown is to a certain extent Stewart's Lieutenant, and, as the latter is much engrossed by the leading facts in the mammoth business, no one is allowed to address him personally until his errand has been communicated to the Lieutenant aforesaid. So, also this tall, fine-looking gentleman, who has the management of the credits, Mr. Libby, who looks after all references, and without whose approval no man can get a bill of goods on time, is a broken down merchant. Twenty years ago the firm of Hastings, Libby & Forby struggled for wealth, but in vain. They sank in the general vortex of commercial ruin, and Mr. Stewart, who discerned Mr. Libby's talents, has made good use of him. Mr. Libby is a highly gifted business man, and has made himself so necessary in Stewart's concern that if report be true he has now a partnership in it. We might go on and call over Stewart's check roll and find many other similar cases; and so, also, we might find just such a class of men selling goods for Clafin and other large houses. When a man has once failed in any kind of business, it is very seldom that he attempts to recuperate in the same trade. He is generally sick of the effort. He will work for others in that line, but has a fear of attempting it personally again. Hence men who fail in New York seldom get on their feet. Their customers are drummed away by other houses, and the current of their business is so broken that it seems impossible to be resuscitated.

The custom house is a great gathering of broken down men; and, besides this, one finds them in every petty berth which they can get into. Most of the insurance offices are manned by this class, and in many instances, insurance companies have been formed for the express purpose of affording a snug harbor for some such characters. Most of the merchandize brokers are of this class. If a wholesale druggist fail, he is apt to turn broker in drugs; if a wholesale grocer fail, he will naturally turn to his own staples. We have said that men who fail in New York seldom get on their feet again. To illustrate this statement, we may call over a few names. Where was there a more famous house than that of Bowen, McNamee & Co.? And yet the colossal business, which required 25 years to build it up, went in one fell swoop when that firm failed. If you were to look for the head of that great concern you would not find him in the world of silks and satins. On the other hand, Mr. Bowen is now the publisher of the *Independent*. Among other great firms that have gone out of existence, we may mention in dry goods the Moores, who were in trade thirty years, and who, from small beginnings, at last occupied a Broadway store at a rent of $27,000 per annum. In the grocery business we might mention the name of J. K. Place & Co., which failed last fall. This house was estimated as being worth $1,000,000. Their credit stood so high that they could purchase a bill of coffee and give their note for it to the amount of $100,000, and yet now that they have failed it is not probable that they will pay their creditors much, if indeed anything. Probably in a very short time we will see these very Places, who once were merchant princes, running round the streets with boxes of samples, and taking the chances among the legion of merchandise brokers. To go back to the house of Denison & Belden, from which the Places sprung.

This concern failed a few years ago, and although it possessed an immense trade, yet it was never resuscitated. So also when Simeon Draper failed, although he announced in his card he would pay in full, yet the *Herald* contradicted this assurance, and stated that he never would pay a dollar, and he never did. So also the great banking house of Prime, Ward & Co.; they paid nothing. When one goes among the great centers of literary activity, he finds the same law at work. The *Herald*, the *Times*, and the *Tribune*, have each their share of hacks, and broken-down editors, and unsuccessful authors, who are here buried in laborious retirement. Among other broken down editors we may mention James Watson Webb, of the once flourishing *Courier* and *Enquirer*, who now has a foreign mission. Mordecai M. Noah, formerly of the *Evening Star*, was also one of this class. Stepping into a large concern some time ago, we entered into conversation with the bookkeeper, a man apparently of sixty, and found to our surprise that he once was partner in a heavy cloth importing house, whose sign had been familiar to us for years. A consciousness of the difficulty of retrieving one's fortune was uttered in the language of Wm. Burger, who, a few years ago, was one of the heaviest wholesale dealers in drugs in the city. After his failure, which wound up a business experience of thirty years, a friend asked him how he was. The reply was: "Too old to fail in business." And so it proved. We have seen the broken merchants in this city reduced to keeping boarding houses. We know one who made his bread out of model artist exhibitions, and another, who was once among the greatest business men of the day, was recently picked up in the street at night, a drunken vagrant, and as such was taken to the station house.

—A change likely to be made in the Cairo and Fulton railroad of Missouri, is to run it from Charleston to New Madrid, and from thence, in a westerly direction, by the way of Weaverville and Clarkston, in Dunklin county, to some point on the Arkansas line near Chalk Bluffs. This will give Cairo, by connecting with the river or the road at New Madrid, a shorter line to Memphis, by thirty miles at least, than the one by the way of the Mobile and Ohio, and the Memphis and Louisville roads. By this change, all the travel and trade now carried over the Mobile and Ohio road to Memphis, will be diverted and pass through Missouri.

FOREIGN.

Bankok, the capital of the empire of Siam, is said to be one of the most wonderful cities in the world. It stands on a broad river, on either side of which, moored in regular streets and alleys, extending as far as the eye can reach, are upward of 70,000 neat little houses, each house floating on a compact raft of bamboos, and the whole intermediate space of the river is one dense mass of ships, junks, and boats, of every conceivable shape, color and size.

Perhaps no more open swindle was ever perpetrated than by the person who advertised in English papers as follows, and yet it is said that the answers came to the post-office by hundreds: "An elderly bachelor of fortune, wishing to amuse himself by testing the credulity of the public, and to benefit and assist others, will send a suitable present of genuine worth, according to the circumstances of the applicant, to all who will send him seventeen stamps, demanded merely as tokens of confidence. Stamps will be returned with present, carriage paid. Address," &c.

An ingenious but unsuccessful French writer lately, tired of the hostility of the critics, repaired to a distant province, took lodgings at a farrier's shop, and worked a little every day at the forge and anvil. But the greater part of his time was secretly devoted to the composition of three large volumes of poetry and essays, which he published as the works of a journeyman blacksmith. The trick succeeded; all France was in amazement. The poems of this "child of nature," this "untutored genius," this "inspired son of Vulcan," as he was now called, were immensely praised by the critics, and were soon purchased by everybody. Rural literary phenomena will be rather critically scrutinized by the Parisians hereafter.

A Naples paper publishes the following extraordinary story: "A farmer was found hanged by his fireside. Suspicion fell upon his wife; she was arrested; and when questioned by the magistrate, made the following affectionate confession: 'Well, in faith there's not much to be told. Going home last night I found my husband by the side of the fire-place trying to hang himself; the rope was already round his throat. As he had already told every one that he had determined to hang himself; I endeavored very naturally to assist him, by passing the other end of the rope over a rafter, and pulling as hard as I could, until he was suspended in the air.' Judge: 'You confess, then, that you strangled your husband!' 'Yes, a little, but not quite, because he pulled the rope also. Besides, I knew the poor man was tired of life. I was well aware I should be arrested; but before you send me to prison I beg you to let me attend my poor husband's funeral.'" The same authority adds: "It is needless to say that the desire expressed by this excellent wife and fervent Christian was fully appreciated by the court, but not complied with."

Charles Dickens.

A sensible letter from Washington concerning Mr. Dickens' visit to the United States appears in the *Pall Mall Gazette*. The writer says:

"On his arrival in Boston Mr. Dickens found himself in a literary society which had sprung up since his earlier visit, and as he has passed through the great cities he has moved among a people to whom a 'live author' is no longer a surpirse or a curiosity. He has produced no commotion by his walks along Broadway, Washington street or Pennsylvania avenue, but he has been thrown upon his merits as a writer and reader. He has in this manner been enabled to observe American society under circumstances far more favorable than those amid which his first "American Notes" were taken, and we may apprehend that the new conditions of the country are likely to furnish him with subjects suggestive of something more than spicy caricature. The *bonhomie* with which he has been received is itself characteristic of the growth of the American mind, showing as it does that its young and morbid sensitiveness to ridicule has in a great measure disappeared. It must be admitted, in the light of what all now know to have been then in America, that Mr. Dickens's work on this country was calculated to produce irritation, not so much by what it observed as what it did not observe, the caricatures being almost entirely unbalanced by any recognition of the serious and important traits of American life and character. It is not wonderful that he should feel himself somewhat embarrassed personally, as a person might who finds himself incurring the obligations of a guest to a man whom he had once held up to ridicule. I am not surprised, therefore, to hear of his preferring to be entertained by English residents here.

"One of the chief counts of the indictment against England, as it stands in the American mind, is that during their late struggle the literary men of that country, they who mainly represent to Americans all its attractions, were either hostile or indifferent to their cause. It would probably have entirely altered the complexion of Mr. Dickens' visit, could he have pointed to any expressions of sympathy written or uttered by him for America during her late struggle. As it is, he is generally understood to have shared in the cold neutrality or active Southern sympathy which characterized the attitude of many among the higher classes in England. All these causes have probably conspired to disappoint the hopes that had been held out of an influence from the visit favorable to a more fraternal feeling between the United States and Great Britain."

—The Winona (Minn.) *Democrat* says the last pile for the Eastern connection was driven in the Trempeleau bottoms on the 4th. This stretch of piling is said by the Chief Engineer to be the longest of the kind in the United States. It covers a thousand one hundred and seventy feet of line, containing nearly four thousand piles, with an aggregate length of nearly ninety-five thousand lineal feet. The piles have been driven from sixteen to eighteen feet in the ground, and the track is to be built on an average height of ten feet from the ground.

—Immense quantities of potatoes are shipped East via the Evansville and Cincinnati railroads. Two extra trains have been over this road every day during the past month. The freight and passenger trade on this road is much greater in proportion to its length than that of the C. and M. road.

—It is stated that the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railroad Company will lay down about twelve hundred tons of new iron on their track this season.

DIRTY PAGES

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG.

The State Convention—Ex-Governor Curtin and the Vice Presidency—The Instruction of Delegates—Why Twenty-two Delegates Voted for Mr. Wade.

[Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, March 13, 1868.

The Philadelphia Convention has come and gone, and will soon pass out of memory. Its endorsement of Governor Curtin for the Vice Presidency was generally anticipated, and if his friends had been content with that, as they should have been, the delegates to Chicago, elected by the several Congressional districts, would, in all human probability, have acquiesced in the endorsement and given him the unanimous vote of the Pennsylvania delegation at Chicago.

But when they undertook to instruct the delegates to Chicago, elected by the people, and followed this up, by revoking all appointments made by the people and electing a complete delegation of their own, they not only transcended their powers, but invoked, by the invasion of popular rights, an opposition they would not have otherwise encountered. It was decided by the State Committee, in calling the Convention, that it should elect only the delegates at large. This was distinctly set forth in the call for its assembling, and it was also distinctly stated in that call that the people of each Congressional district should elect their own representatives to Chicago. This was a right fairly belonging to the people, and as fairly conceded to them; and the act of the Convention, in taking it out of their hands, was one of gross usurpation.

At first, the managers for Gov. Curtin were content with an effort to instruct the delegates elected by the people. This, the Convention clearly had no right to do, and the movers of it evidently had, at first, some doubt of its success; but succeeding in it better than they anticipated, they at once determined to assume the bolder ground of denying to the people the right to elect delegates at all, and introduced a resolution to authorize the President of the Convention to appoint a Committee of twenty-four to report a full list of delegates to Chicago from each Congressional district, thus virtually placing the appointment of the delegates in the hands of the President and taking it away, not only from the people, but from their representatives.

The only arguments used in favor of this proposition were: first, that the majority of the Convention had the *power* to do this, and therefore they would be foolish not to use it; and second, that, if the election of delegates were left to the people they might elect some anti-Curtin men, and the minority, in a State, have no right to exercise their judgment in such matters against the majority. In other words, if a little more than half the State goes for one man, the little less than the other half have no right to go for any other man.

The vote for the first resolution, to instruct the delegates from the Congressional districts for Curtin, was 89 to 40; for the second resolution, to usurp the power of electing delegates from the Congressional districts, it was 84 to 47. The names of the forty are as follows:

AGAINST THE RESOLUTION OF INSTRUCTION.

Senatorial Delegates.

Philadelphia—C. T. Jones.
Luzerne—E. N. Willard.
Dauphin and Lebanon—S. F. Barr.
Lancaster—Maj. W. M. Wiley.
Somerset, Bedford and Fulton—H. B. Barnes.
Allegheny—T. M. Marshall, H. S. Fleming.

Representative Delegates.

Philadelphia—R. C. Tittermary, H. J. M'Intire, Charles Carpenter, J. N. Marks.
Allegheny—Russell Errett, W. S. Purviance, Joseph Walton, B. W. Morgan, Jos. A. Butler, Thos. M. Bayne.
Berks—W. H. Strickland.
Bucks—Jno. Wildman, S. C. Purcell.
Bradford and Sullivan—E. O. Goodrich.
Blair—Samuel M'Camant.
Chester—John T. Potts.
Crawford—John C. Sturdevant.
Columbia and Montour—D. H. B. Brower.
Dauphin—H. B. Hoffman, John J. Glyde.
Lancaster—M. H. Shirk.
Luzerne—R. F. Russell, J. T. Ackerly, W. S. Case.
Mercer, Lawrence and Butler—John A. Purviance.
Montgomery—W. B. Roberts.
Perry and Franklin—D. O. Gehr.
Somerset, Fulton and Bedford—Jas. Pott.
Tioga and Beaver—John. S. Mann.
Washington and Beaver—W. S. Moore, John N. M'Donald.
York—Isaac Frazer.
Venango and Warren—R. S. M'Cormack.

And these are the names of the forty-seven:

Philadelphia—C. T. Jones, R. C. Tittermary, H. J. McIntyre, Charles Carpenter, J. N. Marks, E. Y. Shelmire, R. M. Evans, J. A. Sheppard, J. Harris, J. B. Hogan.
Luzerne—W. S. Case.
Dauphin—S. F. Barr, H. B. Hoffman, John J. Clyde.
Lancaster—W. M. Wiley, M. H. Shirk.
Somerset—H. B. Barnes, Jas. Pott.
Allegheny—T. M. Marshall, H. S. Fleming, Russell Errett, Joseph Walton, J. A. Butler, B. W. Morgan, T. M. Bayne, W. S. Purviance.
Berks—W. H. Strickland.
Bucks—John Wildman, S. C. Purcell.
Bradford—E. O. Goodrich.
Blair—S. McCamant.
Chester—James Roberts, C. K. McDonald, John. Potts.
Crawford—J. N. Cogswell, J. C. Sturdevant.
Montour—D. H. B. Brower.
Butler—J. N. Purviance.
Montgomery—W. B. Roberts.
Franklin—D. O. Gehr.
Potter—John S. Mann.
Washington—William S. Moore, J. N. McDonald.
York—Isaac Frazier.
Venango and Warren—R. S. McCormick, J. H. Clark.
Lycoming—E. W. Capron.
Wayne—John Shouse.

The discussion on these resolutions was earnest and warm, but not ill-natured. Nearly all the Allegheny delegates took part in it, and they were aided by Mr. Mann, of Potter, Mr. McCormick, of Venango, and several others. I may add that the reports in the *Press*, and the other Republican morning papers, are very meagre, and are more a caricature of the debate than a synopsis of it. I am certain the Pittsburgh papers would have done it better. The *Age* has decidedly the best report of what was said.

The twenty-two members of the Convention who voted for Wade, did so, not from hostility to Governor Curtin, but from a conviction that, after the bitter experience we are now going through, resulting from a bad selection of a candidate for Vice President, it behooved the Republican party to rise above all personal and local considerations and select a man for that place whose position on the leading issues of the day is known and read of all men. Believing that Mr. Wade would command the confidence of the entire country, and fill all the public demands for that position, better than any man yet named, they claimed the privilege of saying so. And believing, also, that the decision of this question most properly belongs to the people, they voted, with other gentlemen, against all attempts to instruct the delegates of the people, or to take away from them the right of choosing their own representatives.

I cannot but express the conviction that the friends of Governor Curtin would have done better not to have stirred up the discussion brought on by their resolutions to appoint and instruct delegates from the Congressional districts. It developed a fact, which cannot fail to be damaging, that he was opposed by some of the delegates because he was regarded as a Conservative, rather than a Radical; and that, as Grant was conceded to the Conservative wing, the Radicals demanded a pronounced Radical for the second place on the ticket. This was not the ground taken by all the minority; but it *was* taken by some of them, and that fact having gone to the country by the discussion thus provoked, cannot now be recalled or shorn of its effects. The moral force of the first overwhelming vote of the Convention for Gov. Curtin was destroyed by the after ill-considered efforts to add to its force.

But the whole affair has now been adjourned to Chicago, and there let it be decided. Whether Curtin, or Wade, or Colfax, or Hamlin shall be nominated, we shall all turn in and give a long pull, a strong pull and a pull altogether to put him through triumphantly.

The *Dispatch*, I notice, cites a playful remark made in the Convention by Mr. Errett that he would fight Mr. McClure's resolution to authorize the President of the Convention to appoint a committee to select a list of Congressional delegates to Chicago, "till the last armed foe expires," as evidence of a determination to fight Curtin to the bitter end. In this the *Dispatch* is altogether mistaken. Mr. McClure's resolution was introduced at half-past four in the afternoon, and the Convention had then been in uninterrupted session from ten in the morning. The delegates were hungry and tired, and Mr. Errett was urging an adjournment until evening, against the evident purpose of Mr. McClure and his friends to keep the Convention in session until the resolution was passed. He therefore announced, as a reason for adjournment, that he and his friends intended to debate and oppose that resolution "until the last armed foe expired," and hence the Convention had better adjourn until evening and come back to its consideration with rested frames and sated appetites. The Convention did adjourn, accordingly, and the resolution was debated in the evening session, and the last armed foe to *it* expired when the vote upon it was announced. Twenty-five of Governor Curtin's friends voted with him against it.

The Legislature has adjourned until Monday. The Finance Committee of the Senate will, however, hold session on Friday and Saturday upon the appropriation bill.

ALLEGHENY.

FROM THE WEST.

Letter from Carrx—National Bank Resumption—The Lumber Market—Pittsburgh Enterprise Abroad.

BAY CITY, MICH., March 13, 1868.

Dear Gazette—You will be glad to learn that the First National Bank of this place, of which I wrote so dolefully in my last, has been resuscitated with entire new management—the banking house of B. E. Warren & Co. being merged in it, and Mr. B. E. Warren occupying the position of cashier. The depositors waived 40 per cent of their claims, well satisfied to get 60 per cent. safe in pocket, and the stockholders forfeited their stock. The institution now numbers among its depositors many of the soundest capitalists of the valley, and under such management is rapidly outstripping its predecessor and all competition in the race for popularity—its deposits having increased three fold during the month of February. Success to it.

LUMBER MARKET.

The lumber market is in much better case than on my last visit, with Chicago, Cincinnati and Cleveland, and eastern buyers here contracting for season supply. Why are there no Pittsburgh buyers? Large shipments of Saginaw lumber reach Pittsburgh by rail all through the season, bought of Cleveland dealers, who not only make a handsome profit on nominal grades, but by *sorting up* the grades treble the first profit in a style worthy of a Shylock.

I understand arrangements are being made by several large mills here (with certain enterprising Pittsburghers, possessing peculiar freight facilities,) for a lumber agency in Pittsburgh; by means of which dealers there can buy direct, at net mill prices, save handsomely in freight, and get the benefit of Saginaw inspection, (worth in itself some three to five dollars per thousand,) thus saving the heavy tax now laid by Cleveland.

This deserving enterprise, if backed in Pittsburgh as it should and doubtless will be, is destined to revolutionize the Saginaw lumber trade in Pittsburgh, and bring closer together two localities already united by many mutual interests. Ample notice by advertisement will of course be given of the consummation of this arrangement, in time for opening of navigation.

Yours, snow bound,

CARRX.

TRADE AND LABOR.

—The Detroit *Post* fills five pages with its annual statement of the business of that city.

—The New Albany Rolling Mill of J. Bragdon & Co. will commence running in about two weeks, with a largely increased capacity.

—One thousand barrels of flour were received in New Albany from Chicago on Monday to be shipped south.

—More than a thousand mules were transported by rail from Nashville to Georgia last week.

—In Utica, New York, two hundred and twenty-five buildings were erected last year at a cost of $1,956,000.

—New Albany, Ind., has five first class foundries and machine shops including the works of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railroad.

—There is an unexampled run of shad in the North Carolina sounds. Upward of sixteen thousand nets have been set, and the fishermen are exceedingly jubilant.

—A Bombay letter of Jan. 29th announces the arrival at Annesley Bay of a small French vessel from Alexandria, (Egypt.) She came through the Suez Canal.

—A gentleman in Illinois owns an estate so large that he has three hundred and twenty miles of hedge upon it. He is to sow a new field of ten acres for the first time this year.

—The St. Paul *Press*, 3d inst., contains this cheering paragraph: "The bidding for contracts is very active, and the great number that are being given out at this early date indicate an unusually active season this year. Carpenters, masons, and stone cutters will be in great demand here, and will command good wages the season through. It is feared that help enough cannot be obtained to do all the stone cutting that will be required."

—More men are out of employment in New Albany at the present than at any time since 1861, when the breaking out of the rebellion so prostrated business there. Not a single contract has been made by the ship carpenters to build steamboats the coming season.

—Three vessels have arrived at Gloucester, Mass., from the Georgias, within the past week. One brought 100,000 pounds of fish, another 78,000 pounds, and the third 5,700 codfish. These were probably the largest trips ever landed at that famous fishing port.

—The Lowell *Courier* learns that arrangements are being made to start the Tremont and Suffolk mills again. The Merrimack woolen mills in Dracut have been running on half time.

—The cultivation of rape seed is inaugurated with flattering prospects. The cultivation of this seed does not require as much labor as the same amount of wheat. It yields as well, and brings a better price.

—The Ludlow Mills were sold at auction, on Wednesday last, for $103,000, to Benjamin Sewall, Esq., of Boston. This property includes one of the best water powers in New England, and cost $275,000. The purchaser proposes to form a new corporation.

—The Providence *Journal* says many of the hands at the Fall River Mills who abandoned work because their wages were reduced, are returning to their places, and expresses the hope that manufacturers will deal as liberally with their operatives as a prudent conduct of their business will allow.

—According to Mr. J. Ross Browne, the harvest of gold from the Pacific slope, in 1867, was $75,000,000. From January 1, 1848, to Jan. 1, 1868, the gathering of golden dust and ore amounted to about $1,165,000,000. The report says that the placers are less productive than formerly, while the veins and quartz workings are operated on instead.

—Thirty-two New York builders, shippers, and owners petition Congress to pass a law remitting the duties upon articles used in the construction of vessels. They represent that the commerce of the country is prostrated; that the foreign carrying trade is seeking other than American bottoms, and that the skilled labor in this branch of industry has to look for employment from other sources.

—A meeting of the citizens of Benton and contiguous counties, was held at Warsaw on the 15th ult., to take measures to improve the navigation of the Osage, so as to secure constant and cheap communication with St. Louis, and thus secure a ready outlet for the products of the rich valley of that river, and incidentally affording the advantages of valuable water power for manufacturing purposes.

—The past winter has been very severe on the wheat crop in East Tennessee. A great deal of it was frozen out, and fears were entertained that the present crop would prove a failure. But the damage is not so great as was expected. Occasionally a field of wheat is so completely frozen out as to render it necessary to plow it up and sow some other crop, but this is very rare. There is yet a chance for a good crop in Tennessee.

—A large number of immigrants from Alabama have arrived in Kansas, with a view of purchasing farms in Douglas county. They appear to be more intelligent than a majority of immigrants from the South, and apparently possess the means to purchase good homes.

—The Cabot Manufacturing Company at Brunswick, Me., has enlarged its mills to three times their former capacity, and is now running 26,000 spindles on coarse and fine sheetings. Improvements have been added at an expense of $400,000—$100,000 worth of machinery having been imported.

—An extensive oil factory, with a full set of improved machinery, and also with the necessary apparatus for breaking and dressing hemp and flax straw, is about to be erected at Minneapolis. The enterprising proprietor is assured by agriculturists that an abundance of flax and hemp will be grown in the State, to keep both oil and breaking machinery in full operation, and he has now on the way from Europe a large quantity of different varieties of seeds.

—The latest development of the irrepressible air-line railroad, which is intended to connect Atlanta, Ga., with Charlotte, N. C., and considerably shorten the route to the Pacific Ocean, China, Japan, &c., has been a resolution to petition Congress to lend the greenbacks, or a considerable portion of them, which may be found necessary to construct the great short cut.

—The Wilbraham Cheese Factory made 58,670 pounds of cheese from 610,184 pounds of milk, last season, using 10.40 pounds of milk for one of cheese. Its entire cost was $2 by the hundred, and the net profis $12,50. The factory at Warren received 498,741 pounds of milk, and made 30,384 pounds of cheese. It took 9.90 pounds of milk for one pound of cheese. The expense of manufacturing was $1.13 by the hundred, and the net profit $11.24.

—Davenport is to have a water power canal running from opposite the foot of Fulton Island to East Davenport. Says the *Gazette:* The plan, so long deemed feasible here, is the construction of a canal—say fifty feet wide by ten feet deep. It is estimated that a fall of twelve feet will thus be secured, with a sufficient volume of water to furnish an unfailing water power, such as would make Davenport the Lowell of the west. Once completed—such is the nature of the route—the expense of maintenance would be exceedingly small, and the rents derived from the use of the power would constitute a very large revenue, besides making this a manufacturing center and doubling the population of the city within a single decade.

—Tammany Hall, the new democratic headquarters in St. Louis, was opened on Saturday night with a free lunch and speeches by several prominent Democrats This Hall will be the official headquarters of the Democratic Central Committees and Associations during the coming campaign, and will be conducted much after the plan of its namesake in New York. Public meetings will be held and all business of the party managers will be transacted there.

—A fire on Milton Avenue, Baltimore, on Saturday, destroyed four stores and a dwelling house owned by T. L. Gleason, H. L. West, A. P. Hemphill and J. F. Peckham, and occupied by a clothing store, West's jewelry store, Hemphill's grocery, S. H. & H. Letcher's liquor store, Peckham's harness shop and Young Men's Christian Association. Loss not ascertained. Little insurance.

—Rev. Stephen H. Tyng was publicly reprimanded by Bishop Potter, on Saturday, in the Church of Transfiguration, New York, for violation of a canon of the Episcopal Church, in officiating in the parish of another minister, without his consent. The Bishop cautioned Tyng against a repetition. Tyng sat in the aisle in plain costume, manifested no emotion and made no remarks.

—J. L. Williams, who attempted to obtai money in Nashville, Tenn., by representing himself as an Internal Revenue officer, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary by the United States Court on Saturday.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.

1868. SPRING STOCK 1868.
OF
CARPETS,
JUST OPENING,
LARGE ASSORTMENT,
All Qualities
LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO BUY TO SELL.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Street,
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23 JUST IMPORTED, 23
And Especially Adapted to this Market.
VELVET CARPETS,
OF MOST ELEGANT DESIGNS.
English Body and Tapestry Brussels,
INGRAINS AND HEMPS,
THE FINEST ASSORTMENT AND THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.
COMMON CARPETS,
25 CENTS PER YARD.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
No. 23 Fifth Street.
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51 SPRING SALES. 51
CARPETS
HAVE CERTAINLY REACHED
BOTTOM PRICES.
McCALLUM BROTHERS
Offer a large assortment of all kinds of CARPETS, &c., at a REDUCTION from previous season's prices UNPARALLELED SINCE THE CLOSE OF THE WAR.
OIL CLOTHS,
Of every goods, and decidedly the largest stock in any house in the city.
McCALLUM BROTHERS,
fe19 51 FIETH STREET, above Wood.

1868. MARCH. 1868.
NEW CARPETS.
OUR CUSTOMERS WILL FIND
OUR NEW SPRING STOCK,
Which we are just opening, unequalled in extent and variety, and the prices
Lower than Any New or Old Goods.
In the market, of equal qualities and styles.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET, (Second Floor.)
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71 73
McFARLAND & COLLINS
ARE NOW OPENING THEIR
NEW SPRING STOCK,
OF
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES
AND
CURTAIN GOODS,
PURCHASED LAST MONTH FOR CASH,
AND IN MANY INSTANCES AT
Less than Actual Cost to Manufacture.
These Goods could not now be replaced for the same cost, and are offered FOR CASH at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Far Below Their Present Value,
AT THE PLACE WHERE BARGAINS CAN ALWAYS BE HAD ON THE BEST STOCK IN THIS MARKET,
Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,
SECOND FLOOR.
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THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE
PAID FOR
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, SILVER,
COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers,
Corner of Wood and Third Streets.
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WHITE LIME.
250 BARRELS WHITE LIME,
Warranted equal to any in market, in store and for sale by
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Iron Welded Tubes for Gas, Steam, Water, &c.
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IRON OIL TANKS,
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LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,
Manufacturers and Importers of
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337 LIBERTY STREET,
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One Square Below Union Depot,
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Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

F. MUSSMANN,
FIFTH ST., bet. Tunnel & Chatham Sts.,
Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.
First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Rdpairing done carefully on short notice. je26:d90

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Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
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Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

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Stone furnished from the
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To order or by the car load, via W. P. R. R. Enquire of
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mh12:m60 Apollo, Armstrong Co., Pa.

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Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2:n52

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MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,
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THOMAS N. MILLER, President.
These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish
Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
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NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.
Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,
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WM. SMITH,
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CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,
FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.
My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of
General Castings for Gas and Water Works.
I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.
fe16:t10

THE KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY CO.
CHARLES KNAP, President.
J. M. KNAP, Vice President.
O. METCALF, Sec'y and Treas'r.
J. K. WADE, Engineer.
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MANUFACTURERS OF
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RETORTS and CASTINGS, of every description.
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ROBINSON, REA & CO.,
Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,
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Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
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HUGH M. BOLE.....HUNTER ORR.
JAMES NELSON.....A. B. BOLE.

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HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,
Founders, Engine Builders and Machinists,
Make to order MARINE AND LAND STEAM ENGINES, of all sizes, warranted to give satisfaction.
CASTINGS, of every description, made to order.
JAMES NELSON, Sup't.....A. B. BOLE, Foreman.
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MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.
Butler Street, Ninth Ward,
(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)
PITTSBURGH.
Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,
THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,
MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.
Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.
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oc15:128

BERLIN FOUNDRY.
PRICE & SIMS.
Office and Warehouse, 29 Wood Street.
Manufacture and keep constantly on hand
Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes,
WAGON BOXES, DOG IRONS,
SUGAR KETTLES, HOLLOW WARE,
And Castings generally. ap26:y6

JOHN RONEY,
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Carson St., Ninth Ward, near A. V. R. R.
MANUFACTURER OF
HAMMER DIES, STEEL MOULDS,
Rolling Mill and Machine Castings generally.
JOBBING WORK promptly attended to. Orders solicited and carefully and satisfactorily executed.

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ESTABLISHED IN 1836.
Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, of all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of 10, 13 and 16 horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.
P. F. GEISSE, Wellsville, O.
Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. no3:h2

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IRON BROKER,
124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal
PIG IRONS.
Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.
JAMES B. JONES,
DEALER IN
SCRAP IRON, LIGHT IRON,
Cast and Wrought Iron, Rope, &c.
Corner ANDERSON STREET and RIVER AVENUE, Allegheny City.

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FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

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CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE,
STONE HEARTHS, WHITE LIME,
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PH. R. MERTZ,
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118 Wood St., near Corner of Wood,
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Gold, Silver and Coupons,
Bought and Sold on Liberal Terms.
☞ Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30's.
We are now prepared to convert the SECOND and THIRD SERIES of
SEVEN-THIRTIES
INTO THE
New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Dealer in Government Securities,
CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 14, 1868.

—The House of Representatives has repealed the internal revenue taxes upon manufactures. This act, too long delayed, will afford immediate relief to the industrial interests of the country, and is a step in the right direction. It is expected that the bill will be promptly adopted by the Senate and be ratified by the President in time to take effect on the first of April next. The imposition of these takes was bad policy in the first place, and could be only defended on the ground of overmastering financial necessity. It is always a false principle to tax production in place of consumption, and the chief wonder in relation to the taxes that are so soon to be expunged is that they did not exercise a more injurious influence on business. It is estimated that the proposed measure will cause a loss to the public treasury of $84,794,654. In 1867 the total receipts from internal revenue, including taxes upon liquors, tobacco, gas, and distilled oils amounted to a total of $146,223,670. As the whisky, tobacco, and gas taxes, yielding an aggregate of $51,429,019, are to be retained, it is expected that by means of a tax upon sales revenue of $20,000,000 may be derived, thus reducing the actual loss to the Treasuary by the repeal of the five per cent. tax upon manufactures to something like $60,000,000. The depletion can be sustained without any embarrassment, provided it is attended with the promised retrenchments in the various branches of the public service. Our expenses have never been sufficiently cut down from the extravagant war standard, and would bear a still more extensive pruning.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.

Gold	138¾
U. S. 6's, 1881	111¾
" 5-20's, 1862	110¼
" 5-20's, 1864	108
" 5-20's, 1865	108½
" 10-40's	101¾
" 5-20's, Jan. and July, '65	107
" " " " " '67	107½
" June 7-30's	106⅝
" July 7-30's	106⅝
May Comp., 1865	118½

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 14, 1868.

CRUDE—The market has been dull and irregular throughout the past week, though to-day there seemed to be a firmer feeling, and holders generally were asking an advance. We can report a sale of 3000 bbls for April, at 8¼c; 1500 for June, at 9c; and 1000 each for March and April on private terms. Spot oil may be quoted at 8@8¼c, and all the year, buyer's option, at 11@11¼c; seller's option, same delivery, 8@8½c. Compared with the early part of the week, prices are a shade higher, but the trade is devoid of that life and animation with which it should be characterized at this particular season of the year, especially as there is, or will be as soon as the water recedes sufficiently, a good bulk rise. Dealers do not seem disposed to take hold with their wanted activity, and when business is hard for the dealers it is still worse for the brokers; and it is all owing to the fact that oil is entirely too much inflated at Oil City for this market. The idea of paying $3@3,10 at Oil City, and selling at $3,20 to $3,30 here is not very encouraging to those engaged in the trade, and as a consequence, the great majority of our dealers, very sensibly, we think, have concluded to remain idle and keep their funds in the same way.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil has also been very dull during the past week, the transactions in the aggregate being comparatively light, though to-day there was a firmer feeling, and in some instances better figures were offered. We have but a single sale to record, 6000 bbls, 2000 each, for August, September and October, buyer's option, last half of each month, at 29c. There were offers to buy a "line" at 25c for April, 25½c for May, and 26c for June, which is an advance of about half a cent, compared with the offers of the last few days. Spot oil may be quoted at 24c; all the month, buyer's option, at 24¼@24½c; and all the year, buyer's option, at 31c. As a general thing, refiners are as obstinate as ever in regard to selling, not being satisfied with present prices, and preferring rather to hold off in expectation of an improvement.

ARRIVALS—The following are the arrivals of oil.

Total receipts for the week	2,507
Total receipts last week	4,080
Total receipts since Jan. 1	127,311

OIL SHIPMETS PER A. V. R. R.

Clark & Sumner, 500 bbls refined to P. Wright & Son, Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 200 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart & Frew, 272 do benzine to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 52 do do to D. Kirk, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPMENTS FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

H. M. Long & Co., 158 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

COTTON GOODS MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 14, 1868.

In cotton goods of Pittsburgh manufacture there is increased activity, and prices have advanced. The texture and finish of the Sheetings made at the Anchor, Eagle and Penn Mills are fully up to the popular New England brands. We quote as follows: Anchor, Eagle and Penn heavy 4-4 Brown Sheetings, 18½c; Idaho, Conewago and Nonatook Sheetings, 18c; Juniata "B" Glencoe, Duquesne and Anchor Co., Sheetings, 16½c; Magnolia, 15c; Assorted Cotton Yarn, 40c; Cotton Twine, Carpet Chain and Wick, 40c; Colored Carpet Chain, 48c; Batting No. 1 and No. 2, 20 to 25c. Seamless Grain Bags—2 bushels, 42 to 45c; 2½ do, 53c; 3 do, 60c.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 14, 1868.

Thd general markets have been rather more active during the past week, and with an improved demand for some of the leading articles, in consequence of scarcity, prices are tending upward. The resumption of navigation is beginning to tell on the trade of our city, and, besides, the time of year is at hand when an improvement is looked for, and if we are not greatly mistaken business this spring and early in the summer will be considerably better than it has been for some years past.

GRAIN—Oats continue scarce and firm but not quotably higher; 68@70c, on wharf and track, and 73@75c, in store. Winter Wheat is scarce and in demand at $2,43@2,45 for Red, and $2,53@2,55 for White. Barley is scarce and wanted at $2@2,10. Corn is quiet and rather dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at 93c@$1, on track and wharf, and $1,05@1,10, in a retail way. Rye is somewhat excited and tending upward; we now quote at $1,65@1,70.

PROVISIONS—Compared with the early part of the week, Bacon is not so firm, and prices are a shade lower; 11½@11¾c for Shoulders; 13¼@15c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 17@17¼c for Sugar Cured Hams, and 16¼c for Breakfast Bacon. Lard is unchanged; prime kettle rendered is quoted at 16c, in tierces, and 16½c, in kegs. Mess Pork, $25@25,50.

FLOUR—The market has been remarkably quiet the past week, and prices are steady but unchanged. We continue to quote at $10,50@11,25 for Spring Wheat; $12@12,50 for Winter Wheat, and $14@15 for fancy brands. Rye Flour is firm at $8,25 per barrel, and Buckwheat is steady at $4,50 per cwt.

SEEDS—Cloverseed is quiet and unchanged at $8@8,25. Timothy Seed is dull at $2,75@3. Flaxseed is in steady demand at $2,35@2,40.

BUTTER—Is scarce, and in active demand, and prices are again tending upward, sales having been made to-day at 48@53c, for prime to choice Roll.

EGGS—Firmer, and under the influence of diminished arrivals, prices are higher, and we now quote at 24@25c.

HAY—Weighmaster McNulty, at the Allegheny Diamond Scales, reports light arrivals, a good demand, and prices firm but unchanged, ranging from $20@23.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches firm but unchanged—11½@12c for prime halves, in small lots—and 11c, to the trade. Apples in better demand but unchanged at 7@8c.

POTATOES—The demand is more active, but prices are unchanged; sales of prime Peach Blows at $3,25 per bbl.

LARD OIL—Is firm but unchanged; regular sales of No. 2 at 98c@$1, and $1,28@$1,30 for No. 1.

HOMINY—Is unchanged; regular sales at $6,25@6,50 per bbl.

BEANS—Scarce, and in fair demand, with sales at $4@4,50 per bush.

GREEN APPLES—Steady but unchanged; sales at $3,50@5,50 per bbl, as to quality.

Baltimore Cattle Market.

BALTIMORE, March 12.—Beef Cattle—The offerings at the scales during the past week amounted to 987 head, against 986 last week. Prices to-day ranged as follows: Old cows and scalawags at $4@4,75; ordinary thin steers, oxen and cows, $4,75@5,50 fair to good stock cattle $6,50@7,25; fair quality beeves, $5,50@6,75; and the very best beeves, $8@10 per 100 lbs, the average price being about $6,62½, gross—being an average decline of about 37½c per 100 lbs, on the rates of last week.

Sheep—The supply has been light during the past week, and quotations are ½c higher. Prices to-day ranged as follows: fair to good at 5@6c, and extra, 7@8c per 100 lbs gross.

Hogs—The arrivals have been unusually light during the past week, and under a good demand the market has ruled brisk at an advance of fully 50c per 100 lbs. Prices to-day ranged as follows: fair to good live hogs $12,50@14 per 100 lbs, net.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, March 14.—1 car metal, Little, Baird & Patton; 2 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Jones & Laughlin; 100 bbls flour, H Knox; 3 bxs tobacco, A Schaub; 50 bbls lard oil, B D Fahnestock & Co; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 1 do do, Wm Hastings; 17 bbls apples, 4 kgs butter, H Rea Jr; 407 oil bbls, Wm Mullins; 300 bbls flour, owner 15 do rye flour, Keil & Ritchart; 148 boxes glass, C Ihmsen & Son; 10 bgs buckwheat, J Craig; 10 do do, J Porterfield; 4 kgs butter, 9 bbls apples, Voigt & Co; 9 pkgs butter 2 do lard, Graff & Reiter; 5 kgs lard, S P Shriver & Co; 40 sks oats, H Rea Jr; 22 sks rye, 189 do oats, Robb & Herron; 12 bbls potatoes, T O Morgan; 10 doz pails, Gay & Welsh; 102 sks rye, 90 do barley, McHenry & Hood; 25 kgs lard, J M Bly; 9 sks rags, Markle & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD March 14—2 cars ore, Park, Bro & Co; 6 do do, Bro & Co; 101 bbls lime, Campbell & Jones & Co; 140 hlf bbls herring, Shomaker & Lang; 130 do do, J Connor; 8000 ft lumber, Slack & Sholes; 8000 do do, J McRoberts; 50 bbls oil, Wm McCutcheon; 1 bbl paint, J P Smith & Co; 45 do oil, S B Floyd & Co; 10 kgs barley, 4 bxs cheese, Arbuckles & Co; 1 car clay, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 3 hlf bbls butter, W H Graff & Co; 3 rolls leather, S Kirk; 113 sks oats, 43 do rye, 3 do barley, 6 do seed, J & W Fairley.

PITTSBURGH COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD, Marc 13.—10 bdls paper, Pitts Paper Co; 2 bbls lard, John Dennis; 44 sks corn, 7 bbls potatoes, 8 bbls dry apples, 1 do peaches, Robb & Herron; 6 bdls hay forkes, 2 do hoes, 2 handles, 2 do potatoe hooks, Spratt, Jones & Co; 6 bxs tools, J Woodwell; 1 car grain, M Steel & Son; 12 sks potatoes, C H Love; 7 hf bbls butter, 1 bbl do, W H Grag; 58 bbls dry apples, Graff & Reiter; 8 sks timothy seed, McHenry & Hood; 8 bbls dry fruit, Bingham & Lang.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, March 14.—60 bbls salt, Thos Mitchell; 1 car metal, John Moorhead; 14 sks cloverseed, Ewart & Co; 248 bags oats, J & W Fairley; 1 car muck iron, Martin, Brickell & Co; 2 cars metal, Rees, Graff & Dull; 4 rolls leather, Seibert & Berg; 26 bags rye, Kirkpatrick & Herron; 1 car grain and wool, Stewart & Langenheim; 22 doz brooms, L & J Blanchard; 2 caddies tobacco, Pretzfield & Bro; 5 bbls whisky, McCullough, Smith & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, March 14.—5 cars staves, Ralya & Robertson; 1 car wheat, W McKee & Co; 31 green hides, J Lanckempt; 10 sks flaxseed, M B Suydam; 8 hides, 1 bbl tallow, A Wertz; 52 sks rye, 80 do oats, 2 do barley, Jas McKinney; 1 car lumber, McCurdy & McGinniss; 1 do shingles, F Beckert & Co; 1 ca oil, H P Schwartz; 3 kgs lard, John Herbert; 30 bbls flour, Owens & Kennedy.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, March 13.—1 bbl sorgum, Smith, Johnston & Co; 75 sks barley, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 12 bbls sorghum, Voigt & Co; 31 kgs nails, Knox & Orr; 7 bbls flour, N Shannon; 44 shs oats, W Moore; 239 bdls paper, Markle & Co; 5 sks feed, W F Armstrong & Co.

River and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, March 14.—River rising slowly with five and a half feet large on Harpeth Shoals. Weather warm and cloudy. Departed—Ella Hughes, for Upper Cumberland; Tailsman, for Cairo; and Belle, for Kanawha River.

MEMPHIS, March 14.—Weather warm and cloudy. River rising. Arkansas and White rivers bank full and rising. Departed—Darling with 1200 bales cotton and 200 tons miscellaneous freight, for Cincinnati; City of Cairo and W. R. Arthur, for St. Louis.

RIVER NEWS.

Our rivers are again falling at this point, with sixteen feet in the Monongahela, and seventeen in the Allegheny. An Oil City telegram, however, reports the Allegheny again swelling at that point, with twelve and a half feet in the channel. The weather yesterday was warm and clear, though we should not be surprised to see it rain to-day.

The R. C. Gray, from Cairo, is the only transient arrival we have to report. The St. Charles from Cincinnati, is due here to-day, and the Wild Duck and barges may be expected in to-morrow. The McCullough, from Parkersburg, was due last night, and will return to-day as usual.

The Delaware left for Nashville on Saturday with about all the freight she could take, and full of passengers. The Sallie, for St. Louis and Missouri River, cleared yesterday morning with a splendid trip, being loaded down, her guards touching the water.

The following boats were at the landing yesterday; Kate Robinson, Wauanita, Lorena, America, Leni Leoti, Yorktown, Importer, R. C. Gray, and New York. The Allegheny River boats have not as yet been able to make a trip.

The Lorena, Capt. Sherman, is up for St. Louis; Wauanita, Captain Thomas Shuman for Missouri River; Leni Leoti, Capt. Hamilton, for Fort Benton; and Kate Robinson, Capt. Robt. Robinson, for Cincinnati and Louisville. These are all good boats.

Captain Stockdale went out on the Sallie yesterday, to see how she would perform. He will get off at Wheeling and return by rail.

On Friday afternoon the towboat James Gilmore struck one of her barges against one of the piers of the Steubenville Bridge, causing it to sink almost instantly. The loss sustained is estimated at $2,500, on which there is no insurance.

Shippers will bear in mind the "Wild Duck Barges" will be here to-morrow, and will commence loading for St. Louis on Wednesday morning. Having a good portion of her cargo engaged, she will leave with dispatch.

"RATES SATISFACTORY."

Capt. John W. Anawalt, of the Wild Duck, has been here for two or three days visiting his family, having come through by rail from Cincinnati ahead of the Duck. Capt. Ed. Evans, of the Westmoreland, who has been suffering for some time from a severe attack of rheumatism, is getting better, and expects to assume command of the Westmoreland on her next trip.

The Mobile *Tribune* learns that the Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the space along the river, in front of Mobile, belongs to the United States, and that commissioners have been appointed to receive and take charge of the property for the owners.

The Vicksburg *Times* has an account of how the Belle Lee ran a race with the Wild Wagoner and Frank Pargoud. Captain McGill says that he had no intention of making a run, but placed as he was between two such boats as the Wagoner and the Paragoud, he had no alternative. She outran her competitors, and her time from New Orleans to Vicksburg was thirty-one hours and twenty minues—the fastest time, says the *Times*, made by any steamboat since the close of the war.

The Tennessee is coming up with a full load of corn from Evansville, for Parkersburg.

According to the latest accounts in Red river, there is eight feet to Alexandria, five and a half on the shoals, and seven feet thence to Shreveport—river swelling at Shreveport. In Big Black to Trinity there is six and a half feet. The Ouachita is swelling above Trinity. In Tennsas there is five feet large to the mouth of Bayou Masson.

The Louisia pumped out the Petrolia, which was sunk a few days since on the little chain of the Wabash. After being lighted off she floated down a short distance, where she sunk in seven feet water. It is supposed she will become a total wreck, and be the means of obstructihg the navigation of that portion of the river.

A St. Louis telegram, under date of Thursday, says: The weather has changed to-day. The rain has been one of the longest continued experienced for many years. The rise at Burlington amounts to five or six feet. The river is open to Dubuque. The Illinois river is steadily rising. There is twelve feet water to Cairo, and rising here two feet or more per day. The rates of freight are unchanged with their barge line. The Carroll and Great Republic are loading for New Orleans. Several boats will soon be seeking freight for the Tennessee river, and one for the Arkansas river. The first packet of the Omaha line leaves to-day, full of passengers. Captain Donaldson has arrived from Pittsburgh, and announces that the Republic, for New Orleans, will make fourteen day trips through the season. Captain Shaw has sold half the Minnie to Capt. Doyle, late of Little Rock. The Virginia goes from New Orleans to Cincinnati, to load for Omaha.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Friday, says: The Argosy will be here this evening, and return to Pittsburgh to-morrow. Capt. Geo. M. Baker is in the city prospecting, having arrived from Pittsburgh yesterday. Capts. Ford and McPike, of the St. Louis and Quincy Line, are also in the city, for the purpose of looking after steamers suitable for their trade. The St. Charles having been detained on account of not getting her new smoke-stacks ready, will take her departure at noon to-day. She will hereafter leave here regularly every Monday. Messrs. Jas. Shouse and Capt. Evan Morgan are her pilots.

The Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Friday, has the following: The Columbia left for St. Louis with a light freight trip, but having about 40 cabin passengers, 20 of whom were taken from the Kanawha boat Charner, who, with horses, wagons, household goods, &c., ard seeking new homes in the Far West. She receives 2,000 barrels cement at Louisville. The pilots of the Columbia to St. Louis are Chas. Boyer and Jos. Jacobs. She will then load for the mountains, in command of Capt. Throckmorton, with Mr. John W. Sanders in the office.

The Belle Vernon arrived from St. Louis yesterday, and after putting off a small lot of freight, passed on up to Pittsburgh. Pilots, J. Shouse and J. Stewart.

The St. Charles, which has a fine trip aboard, was detianed yesterday fixing her chimneys, but will leave to-day, positively, at noon. Her pilots are Capt. Evan Morgan and Jas. Shouse, both of whom are well and favorably known up the river.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR ST. LOUIS, LEAVENWORTH, SAINT JOSEPH, SIOUX CITY, FORT BENTON, AND THE GOLD MINES.—The favorite steamer
LENI LEOTI.....J. HAMILTON, Commander.
Will leave as above on TUESDAY, March 17th, at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
CHAS. BARNES, } Agents.
JAS. COLLINS, }

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The steamer
KATE ROBINSON.....Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON.
Will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, March 18th, at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
BARNES, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The fine steamer
LORENA.....Capt. SAM. SHUMAN.
Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THURSDAY, 19th inst.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR MONTANA, FORT BENTON AND THE GOLD MINES.—The fine new steamer
ANDREW ACKLEY.....Capt. GARRETT BOLIE.
Will leave for above ports on MARCH 18th. The above boat is entirely new, was built expressly for that trade, and has the Government contracts.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
W. J. KOUNTZ.
JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FINANCIAL.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Corner Third and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.)
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
COVERNMENT BONDS.
Sight Drafts on London.
my1:s82

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BANKERS,
57 Market Street,
PITTTSBURGH, PA.
Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
Stocks, Bonds and other Securities
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities,
INCLUDING U. S. SIXES OF 1881;
do do 5-20s;
U. S. FIVES 10-40s.
U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBETEDNESS.
Orders and Vouchers bought or collected.
ja30:a1

KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK,
No. 209 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
THIS BANK WILL OPEN A
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,
AT THEIR NEW BANKING HOUSE.
Accounts of BANKS, BANKERS and MERCHANTS are invited.
Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
JOHN T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,
No. 59 Fourth Street.
CHARTERED 1866.
Interest paid on Time Deposits
ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM
ONE DOLLAR UPWARD.
DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.
Discounts Daily at 12 o'clock.
President--THOMPSON BELL.
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J. J. GILLESPIE,
Stockholders to whom we make reference:
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ESTABLISHED IN 1837.
No. 35 SOUTH THIRD ST.
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DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
7 3-10s Converted Into 5-20.
STOCKS AND GOLD
Bought and sold on commission, here and in New York. TIME PAPER NEGOTIATED.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY. Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.
LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION FIRST MORTGAGE RAILROAD 5s FOR SALE. Also, the NEW LEHIGH GOLD LOAN. These Loans are both free from State and U. S. taxes, and are the cheapest Bonds of their class at present on the market.
ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AT MARKET RATES.
fe24:188

TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
HARRISBURG, DEC. 18, 1867.
NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS
OF THE
LOANS
OF THE
Commonwealth of Pennnsylvania,
DUE JULY 1ST, 1868.
THE FOLLOWING LOANS
Due July 1st, 1868,
WILL BE REDEEMED, WITH INTEREST, TO DATE OF PAYMENT, ON THE PRESENTATION AT THE
FARMERS' & MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,
OF
PHILADELPHIA, VIZ:
Loan of March 27th, 1839, due July 1st 1868.
Loan of July 19th, 1839, due July 1st, 1868.
INTEREST ON THE ABOVE LOANS WILL CEASE ON THE 1ST OF JULY, 1868.
FRANCIS JORDAN, Sec'y State.
JOHN F. HARTRANT, Aud. Gen.
W. H. KEMBLE, State Treas'r.
Commissioners of Sinking Fund.

COAL AND COKE.

C. H. ARMSTRONG.....A. A. HUTCHINSON.
ARMSTRONG & HUTCHINSON,
Successors to
PHILADELPHIA AND YOUGHIOGHENY COAL CO.,
MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS, BY RAILROAD AND RIVER, OF
Superior Youghiogheny
GAS AND FAMILY COAL.
Office and Yard—FOOT OF TRY STREET, near the Gas Works.
Orders left at the yard, or addressed by mail, will be promptly filled.

BEST FAMILY COAL
ALWAYS ON HAND
And Delivered Promptly to Order,
AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY
OSCAR F. LAMM & CO.,
Corner Sandusky Street and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.
ALLEGHENY CITY,
ANTHRACITE COAL FURNISHED AT THE LOWEST RATES. je6:

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.
my25:b25

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,
DEALER IN
YOUGHIOGLENY AND CONNELLSVILLE COAL,
And Manufacturers of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.
Office and Yard—CORNER OF BUTLER AND MORTON STREETS, First yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth Ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates.
Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.

SUPERIOR COAL.
C. CHERRY & CO.,
Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH GAS, FORGE and FAMILY COAL. NUT COAL and SLACK.
Coal delivered promptly to all parts of the cities at the lowest market rates.
Office and Yard—CORNER FOURTH AND WATSON (formerly Canal) STREETS, Pittsburgh.
P. O. BOH 1292. oc23:

WHITE LEAD AND COLORS.

ALL OF THE MANUFACTURES
OF THE
PITTSBURGH WHITE LEAD
AND
COLOR WORKS,
INCLUDING
STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
ZINC PAINTS,
Chrome Green,
Verditer Green,
Versailles Green,
Chrome Yellow,
Vermillion,
And every variety of Colors, dry and ground in Oil, for sale by
HARRIS & EWING,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Corner of Liberty and Wayne Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE AND RED LEAD;
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD;
McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,
And all colors, dry or in oil.
OFFICE, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.
Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street, and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock Street, Allegheny.

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

F. L. ATWOOD.....BENSON JONES.....J. M'CAFFREY.
ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Cor. of Third and Liberty Streets,
Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Pa.
LIGHT AND HEAVY CASTINGS furnished promptly to order.
Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c.
AGENTS FOR A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S
Steam Pumps and Blower Engines.
These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one is warranted to give satisfaction. PUMPS constantly on hand. fe25:ul0
JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIER.
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.
Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
my15:z30

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BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.
SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

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JOS. SPENCER.....JAS. M'KAY.....ROBERT LIDDELL.
SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,
MALSTERS AND BREWERS
Of Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oc14

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JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.
SEED STORE—113 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Greenhouses at Oakland. Nurseries on Squirrel Hill. mh9

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JAMES B. MEANOR.....JOS. HARPER.
MEANOR & HARPER,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
329 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Codsignmdnts solicited.
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M. STEELE & SON,
DEALER IN
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And Produce generally, No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.
KEIL & RICHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
GLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,
349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
my24:b37

ROBERT KNOX, Jr.,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.
Office, 413 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:x89

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McBANE & ANJER,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. je6

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FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh.
fe22:n8

SHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, &c., Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov8:n55

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.
JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. au21

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX.
R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City.
ja17:r67

DAV. CRAWFORD, COMMISSION MERCHANT IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK AND CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and Oils, Dried Fruit and Produce generally, Nos. 144 and 146 Front street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.
SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

OILS.

EUREKA OIL WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
EUREKA CARBON OIL,
THE CELEBRATED
SPERM LUBRICATING OILS,
CHEMICAL LINSEED OIL.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils, Lard, Sperm, Whale and Fish Oils.
R. C. MACHESNEY, Agent,
No. 19 Irwin Street,
PITTSBURGH.

WARING AND KING,
Commission Merchants and Brokers in
Petroleum and its Products,
DALZELL'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY,
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PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,
WARING, KING & CO.,
127 Walnut Street

H. M. LONG & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE WHITE BURNING
Brand--"LUCIFER."
Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way,
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TACK BROTHERS,
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AND DEALERS IN
Petroleum and its Products.
Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL' BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.
Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.
ap1:w30

J. C. BUFFUM.....C. A. KEHEW.....W. H. WHITEHEAD.
SOHO OIL WORKS.
Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of
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No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.
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H. J. LANCE,
Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,
DYER AND SCOURER.
STRAW GOODS CLEANED OR DYED.
KID GLOVES AND LADIES' PLUMES CLEANED OR DYED.

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EXCELSIOR WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,
No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
jy8:h36

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. F. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Managers.
OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST

Terms—Daily.		Semi-Weekly.		Weekly.	
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MONDAY, MARCH 16, 1868.

We print on the inside pages of this morning's GAZETTE: *Second page—"Letter from Harrisburg, and Review of the Republican State Convention;" "Letter from Carrx;" "Trade and Labor Intelligence," &c. Third page—"Finance and Trade;" "Markets;" "Imports;" "River and Weather News." Sixth page—"Poetry;" "Ephemeris;" "Mr. Peabody's Gift;" "The New Treaty with North Germany." Seventh page—"Ratifying the Nominations;" "Miscellaneous News."*

GOLD closed on Saturday in New York at 138⅞.

TO-DAY THE GAZETTE is presented to its many readers in an entire new dress and quarto form, being the fourth material change made in its mechanical appearance inside of the last two years. The frequent enlargements, rendered necessary in order to afford proper space for the advertising patronage bestowed on our journal, transformed it from a genteel small folio sheet, to an overgrown and unwieldy one, which was handled with much difficulty by the reader, and failed to do full justice to the advertiser. To obviate the difficulties we have resorted to the present shape, believing it will prove more acceptable and convenient to our readers. The change has entailed large expense, but it has been the constant aim of the present proprietors to keep pace with the times, and to present such a journal as will reflect credit to their personal enterprise and give character and tone abroad to the city it represents. We have carefully weighed the advantages to be obtained through the present change, and are clearly of the opinion that the quarto shape is vastly superior in every point of view to the monstrous blanket form discarded. Each page will daily contain fresh intelligence and spicy reading matter, and will be so arranged as to prove attractive to the reader, and thus making them equally desirable for advertising purposes.

With the change in form every department of the GAZETTE has been re-organized and the editorial force materially strengthened by the accession of scholarly and effective writers and workers. We are now fully prepared to enter the Presidential canvass about opening, and to do good battle for the principles of Truth, Right and Justice, held by the Republican party of the Nation, and so long and earnestly espoused and championed by our journal.

THE RIGHT OF EXPATRIATION.

In the text of the new treaty, which Mr. BANCROFT has negotiated with the North German Confederation—setting forth with precision the terms upon which citizens of either power may expatriate themselves and become invested with all the rights and responsibilities of another and undivided allegiance—we find nothing to warrant the extraordinary statement which accompanied the first telegraphic report per cable of its negotiation at Berlin. The telegram of the 25th ult. specified that the German emigrating must first obtain leave for that purpose from his government, which permission should be duly registered. Basing their criticisms upon this very objectionable feature, the leading American press denounced the treaty at once and protested against its ratification by the Senate. The correct text of the treaty is since received and not only shows that this objection had no true foundation, but that its simple and well-guarded provisions will inaugurate, and successfully establish as an international principle, a right for which the United States have contended for half a century, the right of the citizen to divest himself, under the forms of law, of his natural allegiance and to adopt another at his pleasure. A fruitful source of private annoyance and of public embarrassment is thus removed, so far as our German born citizens are concerned, and we have reason to hope that the example of Prussia will, in due time, be followed by Great Britain and other European powers, and that what we may call the American doctrine will soon be adopted in the law of Nations.

By this treaty, the German immigrant who has been for five years a naturalized citizen of the United States, acquires an absolute release from all the obligations of allegiance to the land of his birth. This carries no exemption from liability for criminal offences committed before his immigration, but in all other respects is an unconditional dismission from the liabilities of his original citizenship. For the first time in the world's history, it is received as a provision of international law that, by pursuing the reasonable and easy methods prescribed by a treaty agreement, a citizen may divest himself of the last shred of the old feudal obligations of his nativity, and adopting another allegiance, becomes as fully a citizen of another land as if native-born. The old maxim, "once a citizen always a citizen," is at last exploded, and an American of German birth gives hereafter his undivided duty to his adopted land. In peace he may now revisit, if he wishes, the spot of his birth, without the risk of being held as a German still to any civil or military obligations, and in war he is recognized only as an American, even if that war be against his own Fatherland. This is certainly a very long step in the advancing march of social and personal freedom.

Our own government has hitherto, reluctantly and as it were upon compulsion, accepted the old world doctrine of inalienable citizenship. Not a year has gone by since the nineteenth century came in, that our statesmen have neglected to protest against that doctrine as inapplicable to the peculiar position and needs of our new Republic and as at variance with the spirit of advancing civilization. The freedom of our institutions, the demands of our broad and fertile territories which even in the earlier days expanded before the eyes of the fathers into more than half a continent of undeveloped wealth, awaiting and inviting the progress of population, the manifest success which already attended this wonderful experiment of a pure Democracy, representative only so far as required by the expansion of its area, with the immense gulf, wider than the Atlantic, but as easily crossed, which separated liberty in America, personal and political, from feudal serfdom and popular degradation in Europe, these were the incentives to immigration and supplied the reasons for our opposition to the received dogma of Europe. We held it as a relic of middle-age barbarism, and have always avowed our hostility to its acknowledgment here. The enforcement of the right of American citizenship, quite as much as the commercial and political jealousies of the day, occasioned the war of 1812 with Great Britain, which, in fact, ended without any explicit concession of the American doctrine. It is true that England has never since enforced her claim to the inalienable allegiance of her expatriated citizens, but she has never expressly surrendered the right as she then understood and maintained it. And it is not two years since Prussia, which now abandons the doctrine forever, enforced it against us even to the extent of forcibly reclaiming naturalized Americans, born citizens of Prussia, from the decks of our own vessels, and under the "protecting folds" of our flag in her seaports. And so with all the nations of Europe, from the establishment of our Republic up to the hour when Prussia signed the treaty now before the Senate. Every power in Christendom has enforced the old feudal law and the United States, always protesting, always acquiesced, from sheer inability to enforce her true policy against the world.

All that is now changed. The two powers uniting in the support of the rational principle of Personal Liberty, will give it a moral influence which must be powerfully felt by other nations, and we have just reason to hope that the present generation will see it adopted by other European powers and finally engrafted upon the Public Law.

The United States have everything to gain and nothing to lose by this triumph. We offer homes, lands and liberty to the millions of the Old World, and they will throng to our shores to enjoy these blessings, all the more eagerly since the Republic is no longer powerless to protect any of its citizens. Our own children who wish to expatriate themselves are no loss to us. The American who voluntarily abandons the privileges of his citizenship was never worthy of its privileges.

WE FAIL to see any good reasons assigned for the passage of the bill admitting Alabama in contravention of the terms of the Reconstruction laws. Every argument presented as justifying this special exception from the obligations of those laws, is only an argument why the majority principle should have been restored prior to the election, and a rebuke to the Senate for its delay in acting upon the House bill re-establishing that principle. It was a great mistake in the original law to require the votes of a majority of the registration, but it was a mistake which we deliberately committed and we cannot, with propriety, take advantage of it now. And we are confident that such will be the opinion of the Senate. If Alabama has rejected her opportunity, let her wait. She will be the sufferer, far more than the loyal Union. When she realizes that her unreconstructed rebels have no longer a hope, either from their friend at the White House, or from the Northern Democracy, she will hasten to accept any terms that Congress may offer, and she will thank our generosity in granting to her a second opportunity, to accept the reconstruction which she has once refused. Nor do we desire to see a mischievous precedent set before the other Southern States. Let it be understood that restoration is certain, no matter how their elections result, and every State, of the nine yet to pronounce upon their new constitutions, will witness the safe protest of a rebellious majority. One need reflect but for a moment upon the awkward complications that would follow, to see clearly the indiscretion of such an interference as is now proposed for Alabama.

AS THE Managers of Impeachment are to be entitled to three days, after the coming in of the President's answer on the 23d, for the preparation of their replication, the trial is not likely to commence in regular course until the 26th. It is already evident that the accused will make a strenuous claim for a further allowance of time after the replication is filed. His counsel will be encouraged to make this demand by the action of the Senate on Friday, in qualifying its designation of the time for proceeding with the trial, with the condition "unless good reasons appear for a further delay." They should not be misled in this respect; a further delay can be secured only upon good reasons assigned therefor, and they need not count upon an additional hour to be extorted from the timidity or from the indulgence of any faltering Republican Senators. If that be what they rely upon, they will find themselves "reckoning without the host."

MR. SHERMAN startled the Senate, the other day, by exclaiming, "I warn the Senate that I have this day received information which threatens our whole financial system." But, thus far, no intimation of the character of this information has transpired.

WE TRUST that there may be no sufficient reason for the apprehension of disturbances in Tennessee, which seemed to be generally entertained at Washington on Saturday. Yet the well known discretion and cool judgment of Gen. Thomas forbid the idea that he would have telegraphed the existence of any danger, unless he considered his suspicions to have some foundation. Whatever may be the facts, we should hesitate to charge Mr. Johnson with complicity in any such folly as would be a rebel outbreak in his interest, at that distance from Washington. The rancorous hates and the tendency to violence as between the loyal and rebel citizens have survived the war, and still burn more fiercely in Tennessee than in any other State of the South, and the disturbances which are apprehended are far more likely to be due rather to the causes we have mentioned, than to any plots or even kindly wishes in behalf of a man, who, in his own State to-day, more than in any other quarter of the South, is detested by the one class and despised by the other. No general conspiracy in his behalf extending, as intimated, into several States, could be concealed even for a week, from detection by the military authorities. If any *coup* were really to be attempted by the President's friends, its theatre will be nearer the Capitol, and at the worst can only be a guerrilla dash. For anything of that kind, it is understood that General Grant is fully prepared.

THERE is an attempt in certain Democratic quarters to influence the official action of Chief Justice CHASE in the Impeachment trial, by telegraphing to all points of the country the existence of a movement to bring him out as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency. This, as a political manœuvre, has never before been matched in "cheek" or in transparent absurdity. Their bribes and their arguments will alike fail in reaching his judgment or his integrity.

IT IS STATED that a bill repealing the law which gave to the Supreme Court jurisdiction in the McArdle case, has passed both Houses. It is not supposed that this bill can affect the rights of any parties now actually litigant, since the Court will doubtless hold those rights, whether substantial or technical, to be fixed by the state of the law at the commencement of suit, but the new bill will completely control any further litigation.

AFTER a complicated and lingering illness of several months duration, our respected fellow-citizen Colonel JOHN P. GLASS, late Speaker of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, departed this life at his residence, in the Sixth ward, at an early hour this morning. The deceased was widely known, and his death will be mourned by his many warm personal friends and admirers throughout the entire State.

Topics and Gossip at the Capitol.

TROUBLE IM TENNESSEE.

There was considerable excitement at Washington City on Saturday concerning news from Tennessee, and trouble is expected in that State. Friday afternoon Gen. Grant received a brief dispatch from General Thomas, stating that the enemies of the present State Government in Tennessee were organizing for resistance to the laws, and to get control of the State. Gen. Thomas asked for immediate instructions. His telegram to Grant assured the latter that these statements were certainly founded upon positive movements of rebels and supporters of the President. Without delay General Grant telegraphed to General Thomas, without communicating with Mr. Johnson, or sending an order through him, to use all the forces at his command to preserve the peace and protect the State authorities in their execution of the laws to the fullest extent, and to report if more troops are needed. Nothing additional had been heard Saturday morning, but there was a feeling of uneasiness among loyal men that this movement is made with the direct knowledge of the President, in order to frighten Congress. He is openly charged with this by the United States Senate, and whatever may have been the inclination, it settles the question beyond doubt that Johnson will not be allowed another day to prepare for trial in addition to what has been given him. A large number of Senators and Congressmen were at the War Office with Stanton, awaiting further dispatches from Gen. Thomas.

IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The action of the Senate in limiting the time to ten days for the President to answer, gives general satisfaction to the Republicans, and there is a feeling decidedly against extending the time to prepare for trial. The Democrats are very despondent over the result, but profess to believe that the President will obtain, after the 23d of March, fully ten days more. It is believed that his counsel will not attempt to get ready in the time allowed, but come into Court with the plea that more time must be allowed, or a very weak defense will be made.

SUSPICIOUS CHARACTERS.

A large number of very suspicious characters, to the number of two or three hundred, have arrived in Washington quietly within the past week, but every movement is closely watched by the police authorities. In anticipation of trouble, a large number of detectives have been sworn into the secret service of the War Department, to keep the authorities posted as to every suspicious movement made by strangers.

AFFAIRS IN LOUISIANA.

Senator Wilson has received a letter from a prominent gentleman in Louisiana, which says that notwithstanding the serious opposition which the Republicans have had to encounter in that State, and the aid which the opposition have received from General Hancock, that the Radical ticket is sure to be elected by a handsome majority, and the Constitution adopted.

A Club for Women.

A number of women living in the suburbs and outskirts of Boston have subscribed money for the purpose of building a club house for their own convenience in a central part of the city. If, after going to a place of amusement or a social party, they do not wish to return home immediately, they desire a place where they can sleep and breakfast, without the expense and publicity of a hotel. During a midday visit, if hungry or tired, a spot is needed where a meal or rest can be obtained and a room, if necessary, without being protected by a gentleman. The club house is intended to be a place of meeting where, as directresses of different societies, they can hold conference. Gentlemen, unless with consent of all the lady members, will be rigidly excluded. Only those will be received who may have business reasons for coming. This enterprise is projected by several of the wealthier ladies of the city. Membership will be strictly confined to their own social circle.

HAVE YOU A COUGH!

Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU A COLD?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU ACUTE OR CHRONIC BRONCHITIS?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU ASTHMA OR PHTHISIC?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will relieve you.

HAVE YOU OPPRESSION IN THE CHEST?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will relieve you.

HAVE YOU WEAK LUNGS?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU A SORE THROAT?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU ANY DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNGS OR CHEST?
Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup is the best preparation for such diseases you can take.

For sale by all Druggists.

FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

A FALLACY.

Some people think that Chronic Dyspepsia may be cured by exercise and diet alone. This is a mistake. The stomach must be stimulated and regulated, and the liver and the discharging organs put in good working order before a cure can be effected. Such is the operation of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

"They tone the stomach, set the liver right,
And put the stomach in such healthful plight,
That good digestion waits on appetite."

Many persons fancy that Fever and Ague can be avoided by adopting unusual precautions against damp and cold. Never was there a greater fallacy. There is no absolute safeguard against malarious maladies, except HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

"To brace the frame, and make it ague-proof,
To keep the causes of disease aloof,"

There is nothing like this genial vegetable invigorant. So, too, in cases where there is a predisposition to biliousness; the constitutional tendency is combated and held in check by the alternate action of the BITTERS.

Diet and regimen are powerful allies of judicious medical treatment when the preservation of health in insalubrious localities is the object in view; but they will not answer the desired end alone. Use them as aids to the BITTERS, but do not rely upon the efficacy of any formula that does not include this admirable tonic. The BITTERS consist of an unadulterated vegetable essence (unrivalled among stimulants,) medicated solely with herbs and roots of acknowledged virtue as tonics. It is agreeable to the taste and perfectly harmless. Even to children of delicate constitutions it may be given with perfect impunity, in fact, with these, as with those of older growth, its wonderful recuperant properties are at once apparent.

ANOTHER CURE OF DEAFNESS.

I lost my hearing during the last year. Part of the time I was totally deaf. In April of this year I was induced, from an advertisement, to make application to DR. KEYSER, 120 Penn street, Pittsburgh. After having tried various medicines from doctors, without any benefit, I have been under Dr. Keyser's treatment now for nearly two months, and am entirely restored to my hearing, so that I can hear a pin drop. JOHN SCANLAN,
Coal Bluffs, Washington Co., Pa.

ANOTHER CURE.

A man called to-day at Dr. Keyser's office to inform him of a great cure made by his LUNG CURE, or PULMONARY RESTORATIVE. Whilst these cures are made with the Doctor's preparations, he desires it to be distinctly understood that most of his great cures are made in accordance with the established laws that govern the science of medicine, in which he has been engaged for the past twenty-five years. Last week he was also in receipt of a letter from a clergyman in the State of Ohio, detailing another most wonderful cure.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

NOTICES.

MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK,
Allegheny, Pa., March 14, 1868.

AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT and SIX DIRECTORS of the Manchester Savings Bank will be held at their Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of March, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock.
mh16:ms1 THOS. E. UPDIKE, Cashier.

A. P. A.—NOTICE—The members of ALLEGHENY LODGE, No. 54, American Protestant Association, are particularly requested to attend a regular meeting on MONDAY EVENING, the 16th inst., as business personally interesting to each member will be transacted.
By order of the Lodge.
mh14:m20 S. S. WATERS, F. S.

NOTICE.—At the annual meeting of the UNION REFINING AND STORING COMPANY, held at their office, 193 Liberty street, on MONDAY, the 9th inst., the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS—JOSEPH KIRKPATRICK,
JAMES LYONS,
JOHN P. SCOTT,
ROBERT PATTERSON,
WM. F. LANG,
ALLEN KIRKPATRICK,
JOHN WILSON.
PRESIDENT—JOSEPH KIRKPATRICK.
TREASURER—JAMES L. FERSON.
SECRETARY—WM. F. LANG. mh14:m64

SQUIRE'S

GLYCERINE SOAP,

Warranted to contain 40 PER CENT. PURE GLYCERINE. There is no intelligent physician or druggist perhaps in the world that is not acquainted with the character of

PETER SQUIRE'S CHEMICAL PREPARATIONS,

FOR SUPERIORITY OVER ALL OTHERS,

And this Soap being freed from excess of Alkalian made to absorb

FORTY PER CENT. OF PURE GLYCERINE,

May without question be considered his greatest achievement in Chemical Science.

IMPORTED AND SOLD BY HIS AGENT,

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,

Corner Smithfield and Fourth Streets.

Also, Agent for SARG'S VIENNA GLYCERINE SOAP.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WOODRUFF'S

PATENT PORTABLE BAROMETERS,

Have the following good qualities:

1st—Accuracy. 2d—Portability. 3d—Simplicity. 4th—Durability. 5th—Cheapness. 6th—Elegance of design and beauty. In fact, all the qualifications necessary for a good, reliable Barometer.

Call and get a Circular, giving description of the same; also, the endorsement of those having them in use, from the

GENERAL AGENTS,

DUNSEATH & HASLETT,

59 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIRED.—All the different makes of Clothes Wringers repaired, at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,
ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

CENTRAL FOUNDRY
AND ROLL WORKS,
880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.—At the City of Pittsburgh, the 14th of March, 1868.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of BENJAMIN F. CRISWELL, of the city of Philadelphia, late of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
mh16:ms1:M Att'y at Law, 89 Grant street.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY CITY, March 12th, 1868.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, March 20th, for grading that portion of North Common, east of line of Palo Alto street, and the portion of East Common north of Ohio street crossing.
Profiles and specifications can be seen at the office.
CHARLES DAVIS,
Superintendent and Engineer Park Improvement.
mh16:m71

BY A. LEGGATE.

FURNITURE, ORGAN, SEWING MACHINE, BAROUCHE, &c., AT AUCTION.—Will be sold, on WEDNESDAY, March 18th, at 10 o'clock, the entire superior Household Furnishment of Dwelling No. 40 Esplanade street, Allegheny, embracing a good assortment of well kept goods. Also, a Wheeler & Wilson Machine, a Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ, a good Barouche and Harness. A very attractive sale.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
mh16 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

TO THE PUBLIC.

MR. SAMUEL B. ALLISON, of (or near) Bakerstown, Allegheny county, having made defamatory statements to divers persons, of and concerning me and my business transactions, was notified and required to make proper amends, and did, on January 27th, 1868, promptly and voluntarily sign a full written retraction of the said slander, and agree to pay the fees of my attorney; therefore, I refrained from instituting suit against him.
BENJAMIN MILLER.
RICHLAND TP., March 13, 1868. mh16:m70

FLOUR,
FROM SOUTHERN WHEAT.

We have commenced receiving a lot of
30,000 Bushels Prime Southern Wheat,
And are now prepared to deliver a superior quality of
EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR.
R. R. KENNEDY & BRO.,
PEARL STEAM MILL.
mh16:m72

L. O. LIVINGSTON, W. H. BURT, W. A. ROBINSON, JR.
LIVINGSTON & CO.,
IRON FOUNDERS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,
All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.
All Job Work promptly attended to.
Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the
Lower St. Clair Building and Loan Association, for a Charter.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, at No. 39 June Term, 1868, by the Building and Loan Association of Lower St. Clair Township for a Charter, which will be granted at next term of Court, unless exceptions are filed.
JACOB H. WALTER,
mh16:m73 Prothonotary.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the
Building and Loan Association No. 2, of East Birmingham,
For a Charter of Incorporation.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, at No. 38 June Term, 1868, by the Building and Loan Association No. 2, of East Birmingham, for a Charter of Incorporation, which will be granted at next term of Court, unless exceptions are filed.
JACOB H. WALTER,
mh16:m74M Prothonotary.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of and in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, dated March 13th, 1868, I will expose at public sale at the COURT HOUSE, in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, April 9th, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the township of Liberty, now in the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on Main street, at the corner of lot now or late of Samuel J. Richards; thence along the line of said lot north 60 degrees 25 minutes east 104 feet 6 inches to land of Phillip Winebiddle; thence by said Winebiddle's land north 46¼ degrees west 30 feet to a post; thence by land now or late of Rev. Richard Lea south 60 degrees 25 minutes west 104 feet and 6 inches to a post on Main street; thence along said street south 46¼ degrees east 30 feet to the place of beginning.
Terms of sale made known on day of sale.
For further information enquire of the subscriber or of A. M. BROWN, Esq., at No. 114 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
CAROLINE HUGHES,
Administrator of Thomas J. Hughes, dec'd.
mh16:m77M

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING uncalled for at BUCHANAN POSTOFFICE, March 16th, 1868:

A	H	P
Allen Harry C	Hook John T	Phillips Oldrich
Alexander J B	Humphries J T	Paul J W
Armstrong M	Howley P R	R
B	Hope Eliz'h J	Richards T R
Barber Emma J	Henny John	Rutledge J M
Beebe L A	Hicks Elizabeth	Reed David P
Boult Nannie	Hamilton Maria	Reed David T
Blaney Wm	I	S
Beam Jas	Israel John	Smith A W
Bardolph Ellen	J	Springer Geo
C	Johnston W H	Shephard R
Craig B M	K	Starks Chester B
Cross Edward	Kelly Jeremiah	Synar James
Campbell C J	Kay Abraham	Stewart James
Clark Alex	L	Smith H
Chiverton Jos	Legrange Lula	Smith James
Clegg John	Lewis Silas	Smith Lizzie
D	Leek Sarah J	Springer Wm
Dougherty Kate	Lafferty Henry	Steel Mary
Dean Weston	Lawrence A	Steel Harvey M
Downs & Barrett	M	T
Duell Mary J	Munro Geo	Thomas Wm
Drew Simon	Munn R A	V
E	Moore Maggie	Vincent Jas
E H M W	Mc	W
Esyle Wm	McCord Geo T	Wescoat Caroline
F	McCallister M	Walters Geo
Freeling Robt	Mcswiggen M	Wilson Wm B
G	McKee John	Warren Phebe
Glennen Wm	O	
Gindelier John	Owens J T	

E. G. KREHAN, P. M.

SUPPLIES FOR WATER WORKS
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, March 6, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until TUESDAY, 24th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M., for furnishing the Allegheny Water Works during the current year with the following supplies, to-wit:

WATER PIPE, BRANCHES AND SLEEVES
of the following diameters, viz.: 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 inches. Also
STOP COCKS, FIRE PLUGS, AND
MISCELLANEOUS CASTINGS,
ALSO,
ALL THE STOP COCK AND FIRE PLUG BOXES
AND
FERRULES REQUIRED DURING THE YEAR.

Also, all the COAL required during the year, to be of the best quality of nut, and to be delivered in the yard of the Water Works.
All of the above supplies to be delivered at such times and places as the Superintendent of the Works may direct.
Separate bids are required for each of the foregoing articles; also separate bids for each of water pipe.
Specifications for the above can be had at the office of the Superintendent, Wm. Paul, Jr., or at the office of the City Controller.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
Proposals will also be received at the same time for doing the HAULING required by the Water Works during the year. R. B. FRANCIS,
mh16:m82 City Controller.

CREAM CRACKERS,
JUST RECEIVED,
Also, Scroll, Novelty, Almond, Wine, Milk, Orange and Ginger Crackers, fresh from the bakery, for sale wholesale or retail, by
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
mh16 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FTH STREET PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

The subscribers will offer at private sale, until the FIRST APRIL, one of the most

DESIRABLE BUSINESS SITES ON FIFTH STREET,

BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET.

The property has a fine front on Fifth street of 22½ feet and extends back 172 feet, taking in the back part of the adjoining lot, 20x52 feet, with an outlet to the back part 9 feet wide, to a 10 foot alley, which runs through from Fifth street to Virgin alley.
The whole surface covers an area of over 5,000 square feet.
The attention of capitalists is invited to this property, as opportunities for investing in such eligible and remunerative real estate seldom occur.
All information concerning the property can be had at the office of
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
mh16:m79 19 FIFTH STREET.

TO THE TEACHERS AND FRIENDS OF EDUCATION IN ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—The undersigned would respectfully announce that in accordance with requirements of the Common School Law, an Institute will be held in the HALL OF THE FOURTH WARD PUBLIC SCHOOL, Pittsburgh, Pa., beginning on MONDAY, March 30th, at 10 o'clock A. M., and ending FRIDAY, April 3d, 1868.
That Teachers and Directors may be thoroughly acquainted with the law regulating the holding of County Institutes, we subjoin the Act of Assembly regulating the same, from which it will be seen that all teachers of the Common Schools of the County are expected to attend.
"According to Act of Assembly, approved April 9th, 1867, a Teachers' Institute must be held in each county of the Commonwealth, and must continue in session at least five days, including half-a-day for going to and half-a-day for returning from the place of meeting; the names of all persons teaching in the common schools of the county must be called at least twice a day and absentees carefully marked; those who absent themselves from the Institute their county, without good reason, may have it want of professional spirit and zeal indicated in certificates of a lower grade at the next examination." [See Penna. School Journal, May, 1867, pp. 2.
From the above bill be seen that the law permits Directors to grant teachers the time to attend the Institute and continue the same as so much time spent in teaching; and so far as I have had an opportunity to present the matter to Directors, they have not only expressed a willingness to do so, but are anxious their teachers should attend. If teachers act wisely, they will not fail to attend this meeting.
A. T. DUTTHETT,
mh16:m35T County Superintendent.

STATEMENT
OF THE
RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
OF THE
Borough of Lawrenceville.
FROM APRIL 1st, 1867,
UNTIL THE
10th Day of March, 1868.
COLLECTOR'S REPORT.

WM. JANCEY, Collector, in account with the Borough of Lawrenceville.

DR.

To amount of duplicate of First ward	$ 5,117 85
To amount of duplicate of Second ward	6,621 97
	$11,739 82

WM. JANCEY, Collector, in account with the Borough of Lawrenceville.

CR.

By amount paid Treasurer for 1st ward duplicate	$ 4,664 50
By amount of deduction of 5 per cent. on $3,474 91 as per ordinance	173 34
By amount of lost taxes in First ward	279 61
By amount paid Treasurer for Second ward duplicate	6,257 36
By amount of deduction of 5 per cent. on $4,731 36, as per ordinance	536 56
By amount of lost taxes in Second ward	126 05
	$11,739 82

TREASURER'S REPORT.

WM. JANCEY, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of Lawrenceville.

DR.

To amount received from former treasurer	$ 25 76
To amount received from First ward tax collector	4,664 50
To amount received from Second ward tax collector	6,259 36
To amount received from vehicle license	858 42
To amount received from scales on Edit street	209 16
To amount received from scales on Greensburg pike	79 76
To amount received from Graveyard	71 88
To amount received from loans	2,865 00
To amount received from Deldorf sand	10 00
To amount received from paving and curbing on Barrow street	4,635 63
To amount received from paving and curbing on Allen street	1,873 06
To amount received from paving and curbing on Spring alley	79 93
To amount received from paving and curbing on Sycamore street	228 64
To amount received from paving and curbing on Bellefontain street	11,357 17
To amount received from paving and curbing on Butler street	117 60
To amount received from paving and curbing on Greensburg pike	573 81
To amount received from paving and curbing on Ewalt street	275 00
To amount received from paving and curbing on Lafayette alley	1,817 40
To amount received from paving and curbing on Foster's street	1,413 63
To amount received from paving and curbing on Dravo street	951 58
To amount received from paving and curbing on Spring alley	1058 74
To amount received from paving and curbing on Hazlett alley	292 99
To amount received from paving and curbing on Wainwright street	1168 64
To amount received from paving and curbing on St. Mary's street	5,179 57
To amount received from paving and curbing on Leech street	1,115 58
To amount received from paving and curbing on Church street	2,942 21
To amount received from paving and curbing Davison street	616 45
	$53,259 58

CR.

1868. March 10. By amount paid out in warrants	$53,251 20
By balance in Treasury	24 38
	$53,259 58

Paid to S. Allinder, Treasurer of the consolidated city. $53,259 58
WILLIAM JANCEY,
Collector and Treasurer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Borough of Lawrenceville, in account with sundry persons up to the 10th of March, 1868.

To amount of outstanding old bonds	$17,075 00
To amount of interest due on old bonds	465 58
To amount of outstanding new bonds	28,556 04
To amount of interest due on new bonds	1,124 11
To amount of outstanding warrants	9,500 86
	$56,742 59
By amount due for opening Charlotte street from Dravo's estate	$ 425 00
By amount due for opening Charlotte street from School Board	51 01
By amount due for paving, &c., on Leech street	224 66
By interest on same	2 88
By amount due for paving, &c., on St. Mary's street	2,289 63
By interest on same	27 48
By amount due for paving Church street	1,273 83
By interest on same	4 88
By amount due for paving Ewalt street	1,084 40
By interest on same	91 80
By amount due for paving Spring alley	133 75
By interest on same	9 56
By amount due for paving Allen street	362 11
By interest on same	12 55
By amount due for paving Greensburg pike	1,539 11
By interest due on same	36 17
By amount due for paving Bellefontain street	2,029 46
By interest on same	64 00
By amount due for paving Burrow street	1,410 07
By interest due on same	46 53
By amount due for paving Foster's street	138 89
By interest due on same	3 47
By amount due for paving Dravo street	58 25
By interest on same	1 45
By amount due for paving Lafayette alley	196 32
By interest due on same	5 39
	$11,323 66
Balance of Borough indebtedness	45,319 24
	$56,742 59

WILLIAM JANCEY,
mh16: Borough Treasurer.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

BANKRUPT SALE, WESTERN LANDS AND OIL STOCKS.—THURSDAY EVENING, April 9th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Room, No. 106 Smithfield street, by order of John H. Bailey, Assignee in Bankruptcy of Jenkins, Neish & Co., the following Western Lands and Oil Stocks:

1 quarter section in Otes Co., Nebraska.
1 quarter section in Franklin Co., Iowa.
2 one-eighth sections in Cass Co., Nebraska.
2 one-sixteenth sections in Adair Co., Mo.
220 acre tract in Wright Co., Missouri.
1 quarter section in Cass Co., Nebraska.
100 shares Black Diamond Oil Company.
100 shares Pennsylvania Oil Company.
100 shares Whitehill Oil Company.
100 shares Phillips Oil Company.
500 shares Banner Oil Company.
mh16 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

PEANUTS—284 sacks on steamer Bermuda, to arrive, for sale by
mh16 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

inancial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 139¼@139¾.

y Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 14, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money easy and supply increasing at 7 r cent. on call. Discounts quiet. Forgn Exchange very dull; prime bankers' ills 199¼a199½. Gold opened at 139¾, deined to 138⅞, and closed steady at 139¼a 9½.

GOVERNMENTS.

United States continue very firm; some alers are large buyers, and the advance ppears very much like a brokers' movenent. The Banks are rather sellers than uyers, and the present movement is inucing them to sell freely. There is, however, no very large supply on the market. f possible, the market will be temporarily upported at the advance. Bonds of the lass held by home investors are especially rm. Henry, Clews & Co. furnish the anexed 4:30 quotations: Coupons '81, 111¾a 11½; do. '62, 110¼a110¾; do. 64, 108½a 08¾; do. '65, 108¾a108¾; do. new, 107¼a 07⅜; do. '67, 107¾a107¾; Ten-Forties, 101¼ .101⅜; Seven-Thirties, 106½a106¾, market trong. Conversions of Seven-Thirties are teadily increasing.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENTS.

The Bank statement shows a heavy decrease in loans, deposits and legal tenders. his was generally expected, and simply effects the recent artificial stringency in he Money market. The condition at present is probably stronger and very different rom the figures. Loans, $276,816,034—decrease $2,370,602; specie, $19,744,701—decrease $969,532; circulation, $34,013,381—increase $5,942; deposits, $201,188,470—decrease $6,548,610; legal tenders, $54,739,866—decrease $2,278,178.

STOCKS

Are excited under Erie operations. A considerable amount of stocks were offered by the Drew party which was suspected to be a fresh instalment of the new issues, and the price fell from 75¼@73¾. Later on the appointment of a receiver for the funds obtained on sales of enjoined stock, the price rose to 75¾, at which there were large transactions. At the one o'clock board Erie fell to 74, at the second board to 73½, and subsequently to 71⅞, carrying the balance of the market with it. Though the decline in other stocks is heardly so havy, the market closed weak. Under the bank statement only a portion of Erie funds removed to Jersey City, subsequently that portion was deposited by Hudson County Bank in one of the New York banks.

CLOSIOG QUOTATIONS.

Canton 56a57; Cumberland 32a35; Wells Express 39a40; American 70¼a82; Adams 74 3-4a75; United States 70¼a71; Merchants Union 35 3-4a36; Quicksilver 20a20½; Mariposa 7a8; Pacific Mail 110¼a110 1-4; Atlantic 90; Western Union 33 3-4a34; New York Central 126¾a127; Erie 72 1-2a72 3-4; Hudson 141a142 1-2; Harlem preferred 125; Reading 92 3-4a93; Ohio Certificates 30½a31; Toledo & Wabash 51a51½; St. Paul 52a52½; do. preferred 67 1-4a67 1-2; Michigan Central 113; Michigan Southern 88 1-2a88 3-4; Illinois Central 131½; Pittsburgh 93a93 1-4; Toledo 105¼a105½; Rock Island 94a94¼; Northwestern 65a65½; do. preferred 72 3-4a 73; Fort Wayne 100 1-4a100 1-2; Hannibal & St. Joe 74½; do. preferred 80½; Terre Haute 46; do. preferred 72; do 1st bonds 94½; Columbus 100; Hartford & Erie 14; Missouris 88; New Tennssees. 64⅝.

MINING SHARES.

Mining Shares quiet; Quartz Hill 110a115; Gregory 365; Davidson 42; Edge Hill 380; Smith & Parmlee 75.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

Receipts sub-Treasury $2,413,559; for the week $13,213,099; payments to-day $986,640; for the week $10,438,475; balance $105,343,523; shipments of specie for the week $1,096,912; imports for the week of dry goods $2,031,293; general merchandize $2,532,961.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 14.—Cotton very firm and in better business; sales of 4,000 bales at 24c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts 4,973 barrels dull and 5a10c lower; sales of 5,300 barrels at $8,90a9,40 for superfine, state and western, $10,00a10,65 for extra state, $9,80a11,30 for extra western, $12,-a14,00 for white, wheat extra, $9,90a14,00, roundhoop Ohio, $10a11,75 extra St. Louis, $12a14,75, good to choice do. closing quiet, California unchanged at $9,50, sacks $12,50a 14,00. Rye flour quiet and steady; sales of 300 barres at $7,75a9,60. Corn meal quiet. Whiskey nominally unchanged; receipts—Wheat 3,150 bushels dull and 2a3c lower; sales of 24,500 bushels at $3,15 for white Canada, $2,45 for No. 1 Chicago spring delivered, $2,52, retail sales of No. 1 Milwaukee delivered, and $2,40 for No. 2 Millwaukee in store. Rye quiet. Barley and Malt scarce and firm. Corn—Receipts 36,015 bushels light supply, and a fair eastern and local demand at 1c better; sales of 48,000 bushels at $1,24a1,27 for new mixed western afloat, $2,22a1,23 for New Orleans mixed, and $1,19a1,22 for white Southern. Oats—receipts 1,330 bushels former quiet; sales of 24,000 bushels of western in store. Rice firm. Coffee firm and quiet. Sugar buoyant; sales of 1,000 hhds. of Cuba at 11a11¾c. Molasses firm. Hops quiet. Petroleum steady at 13a13½c, crude 25c, refined bonded, coal quiet and unchanged. Leather; Hemlock sole active and firm, at 26 1-2a27 1-2c for Buenos Ayres, light weight. Wool rather quiet; sales of 450,000 lbs, at 42a60c for domestice fleece. Pork steady and in more demand; sales of 4,000 bbls, at $24,15a24,30 for new mess, closing at $24,25 regular; $23,37a23,50 for old do, closing at $23,40 cash; $20a21 for prime, and $22,25a23,00 for prime mess; sales also of 1,500 bbls new mess at $24,62; buyers for April and sellers for April on private terms. Beef steady; sales of 980 bbls, at $14a20 for new plain mess and $19a23 for new extra mess; also sales of 120 bbls, at $33a36,50 for prime mess and $38a40 for India mess. Beef Hams firm; sales of 340 bbls at $34a39c. Cut Meats steady; sales of 200 pkgs, at 10 1-2 a11 1-4c for shoulders and 15a15 3-4c for hams. Dressed Hogs quiet, at 11 1-4a12c for western and 12 3-8a12 3-4c for city. Bacon quiet; sales of 430 boxes, at 12c for Cumberland cut; 14a14 1-4c for clear, and 11 7-8a12c short rib. Lard quiet; sales of 510 bbls at 14 3-4a15 7-8c; small lots at 16c. Butter firm, at 35a45c for Ohio and 45a60c for State. Cheese steady at 12a16 1-2c. Freights to Liverpool dull and unchanged.

LATEST.—Flour closed dull and 5a10c lower. Wheat is dull and heavy and 1a2c lower. Rye is nominal and unchanged. Oats is firmer but quiet, with sales of western in store at 84c. Corn is quiet and steady at $1,25a1,27 for new mixed western afloat, and $1,26a1,27 for old in store. Pork closed firmer at $23,25 for old mess, $24,30 cash and regular, for new mess; and $24,-62½a24,75, seller's option for April. Beef is active and steady. Cut Meats are in fair request and unchanged. Bacon is steady at 12c for Cumberland cut. Lard is dull at 15¼a15 3-4c for fair to prime steam, and 15⅞ a16c for kettle rendered.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, March 14.—Flour very quiet and unchanged. Wheat inactive and unchanged. Corn scarce and firm; sales 8 car loads at $1,10a1,11 for new in store. Oats better; sales 3 car loads at 75c on the track, and 76c in store. Rye scarce and nominal at $1,65. Barley nominal and unchanged. Mess pork quiet at $24,50 for heavy. Lard quiet at 15 1-4a15 1-2c.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, March 14.—Flour firm. Wheat firm; southern red $2,75a2,95. Corn dull; white $1,09a1,10; yellow $1,17a1,18. Oats 80a82c. Rye firm at 90c. Cloverseed unchanged. Provisions dull; bulk shoulders 10 1-4a10 3-8c.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, March 13.—Flour is dull and the sales light. Wheat weak; sales of No. 1 at $2,05a2,06; No 2 opened at $1,95; declined to $1,93, and closed quiet at $1,93a1,93½. Corn—new steady at 81¼a81¾c; closing quiet and firm; No. 1 scarce and wanted, at 86a86¼c; sales for May delivery at 90a91c. Oats rather steady, with fresh receipts and in good request at 57¼c; winter receipts steady with moderate sales at 56¼a56¾c; closing with sellers at 56⅝c, and buyers at at 56½c. Rye quiet and firmly held at $1,67 a1,68 for No. 1, and $1,64a1,66 for No 2; no sales reported. Barley steady and firm at the advance gained yesterday; sales of No. 2 reported at $2,17a2,20; rejected quiet at $1,90a1,95; sample lots quiet. The market for pork products rules quiet and firm but the sales are not very large, holders of round lots are not disposed to sell and are holding lots of the market clear; pork sold at $24,50 at Milwaukee; Mess Pork steady at $23,75a24,00; prime mess steady at $20,50; rough sides sold at 11c, loose, here and at Rock Island. Sweet pickled hams firm at 14¼a14½c. Cured meats quiet and the sales are chiefly of rejected lots, at 8¼c for shoulders and 10a12c for short rib middles. Lard quiet; sales for cash on private terms and for April delivery at 15½c. Dressed Hogs quiet and very dull; small sales reported at $9,00a9,50, dividing on 200 pounds. Receipts—3,645 bbls flour; 5,130 bush wheat; 20,155 bush corn; 2,527 bush oats; 279 dressed hogs. Shipments—5,372 bbls flour; 4,174 bush wheat; 2,850 bush corn; 45 dressed hogs.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—Tobacco is firm and unchanged. Cotton—no good grades in the market; middlings would bring 23c. Flour is in good demand for low and medium grades, which are scarce; superfine sold at $7,50a8,50; extra, $8,70a9,25; double extra, $10,00a10,50; treble extra and fancy, $12,00a 14,00. Wheat is dull and heavy, at $2,60a 2,70 for prime to choice red winter. Corn is in better demand and firmer, at 87a88c for shelled; 78a79c for ear. Oats buyant and higher, at 68a72c. Barley—nothing doing for want of supply. Rye is steady, at $1,65 a1,70. Pork is dull and easy, at $23,75a29,00. Bulk meats; sales of 116,000 lbs. at Muscatine, at 9¼c; shoulders, 11c; rib sides, 12½c. Bacon is dull and lower; sales of rib sides, at 13c; clear sides, 14a14½c; shoulders, 11c. Lard is very dull; sales of No. 1, at 14½. Live stock in better qualities; cattle is in fair demand, at 6¾a 7¼c; common dull, at 4½a5½c; sheep, 5a5½c. Receipts—Flour, 2,250 bbls; wheat, 4,000 bush; corn, 3,500 bush; oats, 5,500 bush.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, March 14.—Flour, more inquiry and the market firm at the range, XX spring at $10,75a11,50; XX red winter, $12,00a13,50; XX white, 14,00a15,00; country brands, 50a100 below the above figures. Wheat, market firm but steady at $2,52a 2,53; for No. 1 red winter, $2,40a2,45; for No. 2 do, $2,30 for No. 1 Milwaukee spring. Corn is firmer and higher, sales on the spot at 95a98c; for No. 1 on the spot, 98c; for the half of March, at the close the market was rather heavy at the out side figures. Oats, firmer and 1c. higher; sales of No. 1 State from store at 69. Rye, steady and firm at $1,50a1,55 for No. 1 State and western. Barley, market is nominal. Petroleum, market firm but buyers and sellers are apart, refined in bond is held at 21a22c. do. free; at 41a43c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 14.—Market less active but steady, with a moderate inquiry. Atlantic A and Indian Head Sheetings, 19½; Pacific H, 19c; Pepperell, 14½; Great Falls M, 15½; Laconia B, 17; City Mills, 14; Columbian, 17½; Indian Orchard C, 16; do NN 17; James, 7-8, 15. Pepperell fine brown Jeans, 16; Star Brown O'Ronaburgs, 18½; Columbian Brown Buck, 30. Stark, Amoskeag, Laconia, and Pepperell brown Drills, 17. Prints steady, at 14a15 for all standard makes, 13½ for Amoskeag, 12½ for Arnolds and Pontoosuc, 12 for Lowell, and 19a 20 for printed Mous Delaines.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, March 14.—Flour and Grain unchanged; not much doing. Cotton firmer and held higher; middling 23½. Tobacco in good demand; sales 110 hhds at full prices. Mess Pork dull at $24 for city; country sold at $23,50. Bacon dull and prices nominal. Bulk meats unchanged and quiet. Shoulders 10c.; nominally heavy. Sides in demand at 12c. but are held at 12¼. Lard in demand at 15 for city, but it is held at 15¼. Butter and Cheese unchanged. Gold 138½, buying. Linseed Oil declined, $1,18 and but little demand. Lard Oil unchanged. Petroleum dull at 41a43 for refined free.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, March 14.—Cotton active at 23¾a24c for middlings; sales 10,000; receipts 1,309; exports 3,666 bales. Sterling 151a153½. New York Exchange ¼a¼ premium. Gold 140. Sugar and Molasses unchanged. Flour quiet at $10a10,25 for superfine; $11a11,25 for treble extra, and $13,75a 15 for choice. Corn quiet and firm at 97½c. Oats dull and unchanged. Pork dull at $25. Bacon dull at 11c for shoulder, and 15c for clear sides. Lard nominal at 15½c for tierce, and 16a16¼c for keg.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, March 14.—Flour; receipts of 200 barrels; the market is quiet and prices are unchanged. Wheat; receipts of 1,850 bushels; sales were made at $2,63 for amber Michigan. Corn; receipts of 5,760 bushels; the market opened 1½c lower, and closed ½c better, with sales of No. 1 at 91a93c, and for all April, 96c. Oats; receipts of 1,200 bushels; the market is steady, with sales at 66½c for No. 1. Rye is scarce. Seeds are unchanged, with sales of Clover seed at $7,40.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, March 14.—Tobaccos ½c lower in lugs at 5 for medium;; sales 127 hogsheads at 1a15 for lugs fair and 21a 25 for cuttings. Cotton steady at 23a32½ for middling. Flour, superfine, $8,50a8,75; fancy, $12,50a13. Wheat, $2,55a2,60. Oats 70c in bulk. Corn 75a76 for ear and shelled in bulk. Lard 15¾. Mess Pork 24. Bacon shoulders 11½; clear sides 14 3-4.

San Francisco Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—Flour is in moderate demand; extra, $8,25; superfine, $7,50. Wheat is quiet at $1,65 a 2,75. Legal tenders, 72c. Mining Stocks—Crown Point, 1750; Gould & Curry, 650; Ophir, 175; Chollar, 230; Belcher, 280; Yellow Jacket, 1170; Savage, 155; Kentuck, 288; Umpire, 252; Overman, 179.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 14.—Cotton firmer at 24a25; receipts 640 bales; exports 4,075 bales; stock on hand only 5,142 bales. Flour dull; superfine $8. Pork 25 1-4. Bacon quiet. Shoulders 11½; clear sides 15. Bulk Meats, shoulders 10¼; clear sides 14. Lard 15a 16. Corn 85. Oats 15. Hay 15.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—Cloverseed $8,25a8,75. Petroleum quiet; crude 16c; refined in bond 23 1-2a24c. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat scarce; red $2,60a2,65; white $3a3,18. Rye steady at $1,80. Corn dull; yellow $1,18. Oats steady at 82a85c. Provisions uhchanged.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, March 13.—Beef Cattle quiet, steady and firm; sales at $7a8,87 for fair to extra choice beeves. Hogs active and less firm, sales at $8,87½a9, 5 for common to choice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THIRD LIST, 1868, OF APPLICATIONS to sell Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office for month of March, 1868:

Pittsburgh.

Charles Moritzon, tavern, First ward.
Henry Shaler, tavern, First ward.
Charles Quinn, tavern, First ward.
John F. Snyder, tavern, First ward.
Lewis Hard, tavern, First ward.
F. W. Georgie, tavern, First ward.
Ignaz Richlein, eating house, First ward.
Fred Evert & Co., other goods, First ward.
Jos. Fleming, other goods, First ward.
Henry Bender, tavern, Second ward.
Alex. Walker, tavern, Second ward.
Adolph Ludwig, tavern, Second ward.
Eugene Zahringer, tavern, Second ward.
Pat Ingoldsby, tavern Second ward.
Pat Graham tavern, Second ward.
Casper Ruttger, tavern, Second ward.
Margaret Driscol, eating house, Third ward.
Henry Colwes, eating house, Third ward.
Chas. Durning, tavern, Fourth ward.
Jas. McKeever, tavern, Fourth ward.
Henry McMullen, tavern, Fourth ward.
Robert Campbell, tavern, Fourth ward.
John Roth & Son, other goods, Fourth ward.
B. Trauerman & Arnhold, o. goods, Fourth ward.
Jane Hancox, tavern, Fifth ward.
Bolit Smith, tavern, Fifth ward.
James McGinley, tavern, Fifth ward.
Diehl & Rush, tavern, Fifth ward.
A. Schweinhardt, tavern, Fifth ward,
Daniel Voltz, tavern, Fifth ward.
A. R. Bohlman, tavern, Fifth ward.
A. Weis, tavern, Fifth ward.
Costello & Donnelly, eating house, Fifth ward.
Marg. Schleffner, eating house, Fifth ward.
John Froelich, other goods, Fifth ward.
Joseph Dipple, eating house, Sixth ward.
John Klheche, tavern, Seventh ward.
Christ Mueller, tavern, Eighth ward.
John Hansell, tavern, Eighth ward.
Mathew Campbell, tavern, Ninth ward.
Joseph Philips, tavern, Ninth ward.
John Power, tavern, Ninth ward.
James Nolan, tavern, Ninth ward.
Mathias Oehner, other goods, Ninth ward.
P. Kolbecker, tavern, Tenth ward.
Robert Steele, tavern, Tenth ward.
J. Ruckreigel, tavern, Tenth ward,
S. C. Taylor, tavern, Tenth ward.
Henry Wagar, tavern, Tenth ward.
G. P. & H. Vierheller, tavern, Tenth ward.
Joseph Kiser, tavern, Tenth ward.
John Hess, tavern, Tenth ward.
Rudolph Bechtold, tavern, Tenth ward.
Alex. Murray, tavern, Tenth ward.
Rudolph Kahl, eating house, Tenth ward.
F. X. Seidle, eating house, Tenth ward.
Simon Schock, other goods, Tenth ward.

Allegheny.

William P. Allison, tavern, First ward.
F. Andriessen, other goods, First ward.
Jas. Neely, tavern, Second ward.
Gotlelb Dramble, tavern, Second ward.
M. F. Lynch, tavern, Second ward.
John Emmel, tavern, Second ward.
Bernard Gray, tavern, Second ward.
Jacob Kuntz, tavern, Third ward.
Anthony Berninger, tavern, Third ward.
Mich. Hoch, eating house, Third ward.
J. Frey & Bro., eating house, Third ward.
John Hartman, eating house, Third ward.
R. Prysl, eating house, Third ward.
F. Kochendorfer, other goods, Third ward.
Chas. Gardiner, tavern, Fourth ward.
Jos. Weber, tavern, Fourth ward.
Geo. Gerber, tavern, Fourth ward.
E. Ellwanger, tavern, Fourth ward.
Geo. Schopp, tavern, Fourth ward.
A. Seiffert, tavern, Fourth ward.
John Gordon, tavern, Fourth ward.
P. F. McNelly, tavern, Fourth ward.
Hans Michael, tavern, Fourth ward.
Geo. Schmidt, tavern, Fourth ward.
Wm. Hoffman, tavern, Fourth ward.
Geo. H. Dierker, tavern, Fourth ward.
H. Hespenheide & Co, other goods, Fourth ward.
Dennis Keller, other goods, Fourth ward.
Adam Gilg, tavern, Fifth ward.
J. G. Walther, tavern, Seventh ward.

Boroughs.

Henry Snyder, eating house, Duquesne.
Daniel Sarber, tavern, Elizabeth.
Osker Princler, tavern, Birmingham.
Geo. Schaefer, tavern, Birmingham.
Martin Shaefer, tavern, Birmingham.
Charles Rall, eating house, Birmingham.
Fred. Stoite, tavern, East Birmingham.
G. A. Neuman, eating house, East Birmingham.
H. Runk, other goods, East Birmingham.
Conrad Speidel, tavern, Braddocks.
Evaline Evans, tavern, Lawrenceville.
Fred. Kauf, tavern, South Pittsburgh.
Jerome Raum, tavern, Sharpsburg.
Wm. Auth, tavern, Sharpsburg.

Townships.

Anthony Young, tavern, Baldwin.
John Snyder, tavern, Chartiers.
Charles Keeff, tavern, Collins.
Wm. A. Speer, tavern, Hampton.
Jacob Trax, tavern, Mc'andless.
Jacob Kiel, tavern, Millvin.
Jas. Patton, tavern, McClure.
Mich. Ohler, tavern, Patton.
Thos. Gillespie, tavern, Pitt.
John Lundy, tavern, Pitt.
Ignat Pflumm, eating house, Pitt.
Andrew Jack, tavern, Plum.
Thos. Perkins, tavern, Robinson.
Wm. Lorain, eating house, Robinson.
J. F. D. Keating, tavern, Ross.
John Shaler, tavern, Ross.
John Schulz, Sr., & Co., tavern, Ross.
Peter Kelly, tavern, Shaler.
Eliz. Farmrie, tavern, Shaler.
Geo. W. Boyd, tavern, St. Clair, upper.
Jos. Schell, tavern, St. Clair, lower.
Mich. Kreig, eating house, St. Clair, lower.
David Bayaird, tavern, Versailles.
Traugott Tschegner, tavern, Versailles.
Booz Marts, tavern, Wilkins.

The License Board will sit on WEDNESDAY, the 25th of March, 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M. for hearing the above applications.

JOHN G. BROWN, Clerk.

AT WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

KID GLOVES AT 75 CENTS.
KID GLOVES AT $1,00.
YARD-WIDE BLEACHED MUSLINS, 12½c.
PILLOW CASE COTTON.
PILLOW CASE LINEN.
10-4 AND 11-4 COTTON SHEETING.
10-4 AND 11-4 LINEN SHEETING.
BEAUTIFUL SPRING PRINTS.
DELAINES AND GINGHAMS.
TOWELS AND TOWELING.
TABLE LINEN, COTTON DIAPER.
CASSIMERES, FOR BOY'S WEAR.
CASSIMERES, FOR MEN'S WEAR.
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS.
POPLINS, BLACK AUSTRALIAN CRAPE.
HONEY-COMB QUILTS.
BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.
CORSETS, APRONS.
HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY, &c.

WILL OPEN ON

TUESDAY OR WEDNESDAY,

A LARGE LOT OF

Beautiful Shades of American Poplins and Silks,

Superior to any French or Irish Poplins at the prices.

A FULL STOCK, AT POPULAR PRICES, to which the attention of

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PURCHASERS IS RESPECTFULLY INVITED, AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 AND 182 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
mh16

NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED, AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

BLEACHED MUSLINS,

CALICOES AND CRASH,

Entire Stock of Goods Closing Out,

To make room for extending the Store Room back.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

No. 87 Market Street.
mh1:

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—HOBOKEN.—THE balance of those desirable Lots are now offered at private sale, and any one desirous of fine building sites would do well to make a selection. The village is located on a beautiful and healthy spot, two and a half miles from Sharpsburg, on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, which runs through it, making it much more valuable and agreeable. Extensive preparations are now making for erecting a number of fine houses, which will prove an ornament to the town. The remainder of these Lots will be sold at very reasonable rates and on terms exceedingly easy. SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE.

BUILDING LOTS.

A large number of desirable BUILDING LOTS, of various sizes, in the Village of

SPRINGDALE,

Fifteen miles from Allegheny City, immediately on the line of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, and less than five minutes walk from Springdale Station. These Lots are most eligibly located for Building Sites, as the Village is one of the most beautiful and healthy locations on the Allegheny river. Five passenger trains either way per day, and on and after the 18th instant an Accommodation Train will run to and from Springdale.

These Lots will be sold on reasonable terms. Any person desiring to secure a home in the country, in a good locality, would do well to give these Lots their attention.

For further particulars, inquire of PETER HUTCHINSON, Springdale, or JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary, Court House, Pittsburgh.
mh16:m75

FOR SALE.—Flour, 200 bbls Winter Wheat Family Flour. WHEAT—200 bushels prime Pennsylvania Wheat; 200 bushels prime Spring Wheat. CORN—1,000 bushels prime Yellow Ear; 2,500 bush Shelled Corn. FLAXSEED—100 bushels prime Flaxseed. DRIED FRUIT—150 bushels Dried Apples; 80 bush Dried Peaches. BEANS—A small lot of White Beans. For sale by HITCHCOCK & McCREERY,
mh16: 319 Liberty street.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT on corner of Manhattan and Adams streets, near Passenger Railway. Lot 44 by 127 feet. House frame, containing 7 rooms and good hall, well improved. House and Lot on Sheffield, near Bidwell street, Allegheny City. Lot 23 by 42 feet; house frame, contains hall, five rooms and good cellar; water and gas. Also, several small Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of J. RUSH & CO. Beaver Street, near Chestnut, Manchester.

FOR SALE.—A very desirable three-story BRICK HOUSE, nearly new; pressed brick front, marble mantles; gas and water throughout; house contains seven rooms and finished garret. No. 94 ELM STREET, near Wylie, Sixth ward. Possession from April 1st, 1868. Enquire at the house.

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.
Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE.—A TRADING BOAT FOR SALE.—The above is in good order, and will be sold cheap for cash. Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, on second floor.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A GOOD BRICK STABLE of seven stalls. Also, a large room suitable for a Carpenter Shop. Enquire at the UNION HOTEL, 245 Second street.

FOR RENT.—The TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE, No. 104 Webster street, opposite Presbyterian Church, containing eight rooms, with gas and water. Enquire of T. B. HAMILTON, 98 Fifth street.

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RARE AND

VALUABLE WORKS,

AT HALFP RICE.

Gallery of Nature, by Rev. Thomas Milner, London.
Ferguson's History of of the Roman Republic, London.
History of the Conquest of Peru, 2 vols., London.
The Life of Charlotte Bronte, London.
Sismondi's Literature of Europe, 2 vols., London.
Coxe's History of the House of Austria, 3 vols., London.
History of the Conquest of Mexico, 2 vols., London.
Biographical and Critical Essays, Prescott, London.
Tales of the Colonies, by Cqarles Rowcroft, London.
The Poetical Works of Charles Cotton, 1771, London.
Gil Blas, Illustrated, Bohn's edition, London.
Shakspeare's Works, 20 vols., London, 1778.
The Works of Beaumont and Fletcher, 2 vols.

STATIONERY of all kinds, wholesale and retail, at Eastern prices.
TOY BOOKS in great variety, at the Publishers' prices.
Back numbers of all the Monthly Magazines.
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Call and get a supply at the

BOOK AND NEWS DEPOT,

SIXTH STREET, BELOW SMITHFIELD.

JOHN D. EGAN.

DIARIES, FOR 1868.

IN EVERY VARIETY.

INITIAL PAPER AND ENVELOPES,

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FANCY STATIONERY,

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Of every description, on hand and made to order.

PAPER, EVERY SIZE AND QUALITY.

DRAY BOOKS, PASS BOOKS,
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DIARIES, FOR 1868, every style.

MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,

Post Building, 39 Fifth Street.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR MISSOURI RIVER DIRECT.—FOR LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS CITY, ATCHISON, ST. JOSEPH AND OMAHA.—The splendid steamer WAUANITA.....Capt. THOMAS SHUMAN, Will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, 18th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The steamer WILD DUCK, and Barges, Capt. J. W. ANAWALT, will leave as above on SATURDAY, the 21st inst without fail. Rates satisfactory.
For freight or passage apply on board or to CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

DUQUESNE Iron and Steel Works.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails, Springs, Axles, Steel, &c.

WAREHOUSE:

No. 77 Water Street,

ja18:j90 PITTSBURGH.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF ATWELL, LEE & CO. was dissolved on the 1st of February, 1868, by mutual consent. Either partner may sign the name of the firm in settlement.
JOHN ATWELL.
CHARLES ATWELL.
A. J. LEE.

The undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS, under the name and style of ATWELL & LEE, at the old place, No. 131 Second street. A continuance of the patronage of their friends and the public is respectfully solicited.
CHARLES ATWELL.
A. J. LEE.
PITTSBURGH, March 5th, 1868. mh7:m53

COTTON—4 bales on the steamer Bermuda, to arrive, for sale by
mh15 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

A PERFECT FITTING GLOVE.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR

KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,

Which is now complete with every color and shade. They have just opened 100 DOZEN of the

Celebrated A. C. C. (Jouvin) KIDS,

Imported especially to our order. Hundreds of our customers can testify to their perfect cut and faultless quality. The colors were got up from shades of dress material, selected and furnished by us, and are really

Elegant and Desirable.

The assortment includes BLACK, WHITE, DARK COLORS, MEDIUM COLORS, and OPERA or PARTY COLORS.

SIZES--5 3-4 TO 8.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 FIFTH STREET.
mh8:

GRAND OPENING

OF

STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,

Ribbons,

Flowers,

Frames,

AND

French Pattern Bonnets and Hats,

BY

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

AT

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.
mh10

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

SPRING GOODS.

We have constantly on hand a full line of

WHITE GOODS,

COMPRISING

Barred and Striped Nainsook;
Plain Nainsook and Swiss;
Soft Finish Cambric;
Barred Organdies.

THE CHEAPEST LINE OF IRISH LINENS IN THE CITY.

A FULL STOCK OF

Hamburg Edgings and Insertings.
Jaconet Edgings and Insertings.

MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS,

Selling at Eastern Prices.

We have a splendid line of

SPRING AND SUMMER HOSIERY,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Our stock of CORSETS is completely full. We have a very good line of COLLARS for ladies and gentlemen.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.
mh10

THE BEST KID GLOVES

IN THE WORLD ARE

LAPORTE'S PARIS KID GLOVES,

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S SIZES.

All Gloves made by me bear my signature,

LAPORTE,

FISK, CLARK & FLAGG,

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,

No. 58 white Street, N. Y.
fe18:132:TTS

FRINGES,

GIMP HEADINGS,

IN AL COLORS, JUST OPENED, AT

F. H. EATON'S,

No. 17 Fifth Street.
mh5

HOUSE CLEANING.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION.

Expense and Labor Saved.

"QUEEN OF THE WASH TUB"

Is the best Fluid for cleaning purposes ever discovered. Indorsed by home families. Cleans paints, floors, doors, shutters, stairs, &c., in a perfect manner. Splendid substitute for Soap, and is far cheaper. Removes stains and restores colors; and saves labor, money and health. For washing dishes, clothes, &c., is not excelled. Sold by Grocers. Manufactured by the

HESS MANUFACTURING CO.

Office, No. 136 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS.

H. SMITH, Merchant Tailor,

98 WYLIE STREET, CORNER OF FEDERAL.

Has just returned from the East with a well selected stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SILK and MARSEILLES VESTINGS of the most approved patterns, selected exclusively for CUSTOM TRADE, which he cordially invites his friends and the public to examine. Garments will be gotten up in a style that cannot be surpassed, and at a reasonable price.

H. SMITH, Merchant Tailor,
No. 98 FEDERAL STREET,
Corner of Federal.

HITCHCOCK, M'CREERY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GRAIN DEALERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 349 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH,
Office, up stairs. mh11:m51

BELTING.—Leather and Gum Belting; also, Gum Hose, Steam Packing, Gaskets, &c., of the best quality and at lowest prices, and warranted to give satisfaction; also, Lace Leather, Rivets, &c., always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by J. & H. PHILLIPS,
fe10 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.

1868. SPRING STOCK 1868.

OF

CARPETS,

JUST OPENING,

LARGE ASSORTMENT,

All Qualities

LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO BUY TO SELL.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 Fifth Street,

mh16:d&wF OVER BATES & BELL'S.

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23 JUST IMPORTED, 23

And Especially Adapted to this Market,

VELVET CARPETS,

OF MOST ELEGANT DESIGNS.

English Body and Tapestry Brussels,

INGRAINS AND HEMPS,

THE FINEST ASSORTMENT AND THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

COMMON CARPETS,

25 CENTS PER YARD.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

No. 23 Fifth Street.
fe27:

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51 SPRING SALES. 51

CARPETS

HAVE CERTAINLY REACHED

BOTTOM PRICES.

McCALLUM BROTHERS

Offer a large assortment of all kinds of CARPETS, &c., at a REDUCTION from previous season's prices UNPARALLELED SINCE THE CLOSE OF THE WAR.

OIL CLOTHS,

Of every goods, and decidedly the largest stock in any house in the city.

McCALLUM BROTHERS,

fe10 51 FIETH STREET, above Wood.

1868. MARCH. 1868.

NEW CARPETS.

OUR CUSTOMERS WILL FIND

OUR NEW SPRING STOCK,

Which we are just opening, unequalled in extent and variety, and the prices

A LOCK OF GRAY HAIR.

An earthly relic, left to us of one
Of whom all other mortal trace has gone;
Something still held of the dear form she bore,
Looking as it may oft have looked of yore,
Ere she had trodden on the unknown shore.

Yet not the same—there is a mist of tears,
Of tender memories of bygone years;
A sense of grief ond loss, 'neath which we bow,
That hangs around that sacred relic now,
Unthought of when it lay upon her brow.

Ah! beautiful it is, though earthly! She was fair
As even few of earth's gifted daughters are;
And yet the mold her form was fashioned in
Was but the spirit's true interpreting,
She a King's daughter, "glorious within."

There seems to fall upon this tress of gray,
Light, as from another, purer day,
A day to which she mounted through the night
Of earthly trial: as the locks grew white,
The soul was stretching forward to the light.

And now the hill is climbed, the day is clear;
The shades of death, through which we cannot peer,
Encircle us, not her—ours is the gloom,
The darkness, and the mystery of the tomb,
Through which the spectres that affright us loom.

Here is a glorious Resurrection Life
Battling with death, triumphant in the strife.
We mourn her loss, weep for her vacant place,
And love her every footstep to retrace,
While she rests nobly, having won the race.

[People's Magazine.

EPHEMERIS.

—Janauscheck has got as far as Detroit.

—Kate Fisher is French Spying in New York.

—Orpheus C. Kerr has abandoned journalism

—Carlisle is ready and willing to be incorporated as a city.

—Louis Blanc says that he neither smokes nor smuggles tobacco.

—Three women editors run as many political papers in Iowa.

—Janauscheck is to play again in Philadelphia, beginning April 1st.

—Bristol, Indiana, has a female engineer who attends to a saw mill.

—Gobbledick is the euphonious name of a New Orleans newspaper man.

—New York's new Jewish synagogue cost one million of dollars.

—The Hartford journalists have a club which gives very pleasant sociables.

—Mrs. General Grant's favorite costume is black velvet with amethist jewelry.

—George Augustus Sala is defending Miss Braddon's sensationalism. Poor Brad.

—Maine had an old woman who was so deaf that she never heard of the late war.

—Bonner's new building is of marble and is supposed to be entirely fire-proof.

—Newark has Mormons. Newark has also the Northern Monthly and the steam man.

—The New York Boulevards will be in existence in three years; at least so it is said.

—Prince Poniatowski has written an opera which is shortly to be brought out in Paris.

—Highway robberies in the City of Mexico take place in the principal streets in the open day.

—In the great Prussian iron foundry is being constructed a hammer with a head weighing 120 tons.

—Vinnie Ream is devoting her leisure hours to the pursuit of young Mr. Mills, son of Clark of that ilk.

—A wild woman of the woods, covered with a beautiful coat of delicate hair, is the latest Texan notoriety.

—Plumbago, found in the eastern part of our own State, is said to be superior to any other for lead pencils.

—A female, a Mrs. Darragh, has been appointed inspector of tobacco, snuff and cigars in the fourth Indiana district.

—Gottschalk, a star, dimmed by long absence from the immediate firmament, is at Buenos Ayres; so too is the cholera.

—Mark Twain during his absence in California, which will only be until June, will correspond with the Chicago *Republican*.

—The one hundred Canadian Zouaves who rallied to the support of the Pope, have succeeded in rallying as far as Rome.

—Dr. Bissell, the recently elected successor to the late Bishop Hopkins, of Vermont, was pastor of Trinity Church, Geneva, New York.

—Ex-Governor Eyre, of Jamaica fame or infamy, as the case may be, is to be arrested in London for the murder of Rev. George Wm. Gordon.

—Omaha is the present depot for the receipt of large quantities of iron and other materials for the summer work on the Pacific railroad.

—The Democratic papers are all anxious that Thaddeus Stevens should die. The *World* is especially so, as it has his obituary already written.

—Henry Clay Dean wanted to come to the Albany Convention, but he was telegraphed to stay away as Seymour's speech was all they could stand.

—The New York *Sun* says that with a little more practice as a reader, Charles Dickens will make the "confoundest worst one that was ever known."

—Lord John Russell is the grandfather of twins. He likes it. How the twins stand it is as yet a profound and awful mystery on this side of the broad Atlantic.

—Mr. Vickers, the recently elected Senator from Maryland, had one son in the Union army and one in the rebel army. One leg on one side of the fence and one on the other.

—Blondes and Brunes have each had their day, and now Paris is going to mix things a little by forcing ladies to wear black hair and light on the same head. Black plaits and blond curls are now the rage.

—The Illinois Central Railroad, wishing to approach the Dubuque bridge, is going to do so, through a tunnel nine hundred feet long through the solid rock. The tunnel is now being constructed.

—A grand raid on the faro banks of Chicago was made on Thursday evening, and nearly one hundred persons engaged in fighting the tiger, as well as the tiger himself, were taken in charge by the police.

—Havana is becoming notorious for the frequency and the fearful nature of the tragedies which occur there. Cubans are a hot-blooded people, and seem to be of a regular Corsican disposition for revenge or hate.

—The abolition question is once more agitating the British House of Commons. This time it is the death penalty which is to be abolished. An excellent initiatory step would be the abolition of murders and murderers.

—*Every Afternoon*, the new New York evening paper, is to be a quarto, and is the be a sort of American *Pall Mall Gazette*. The latter journal announced in its prospectus that it was a paper "for gentlemen by gentlemen."

—New York City has three thousand servant girls out of employment. Distressing as this fact is, it may have the good effect of making situations so desirable that servants will be willing to *be* servants, although they are in America.

—Vallandigham is suspected of favoring the conviction, as he has hopes of being elected to fill Ben Wade's Senatorial chair in case that gentleman should go up higher. Val. would probably share the fate of Thomas, of Maryland, if he got the election.

—Barnum, after all his losses by fire, and they have been very heavy—one museum in Philadelphia, two in New York and his palace Iranistan, all gone—has half a million of money still left, and he is going to invest it in some more stuffed monkeys and grizzly bears.

—Two penny papers, the *Little Journal* and the *Little Press*, are the most widely circulated of any in Russia. The former has a regular circulation of 200,000 copies, the latter has 200,000 regular buyers. They sell for a *Kopeke* apiece, which is about equal to one cent.

—Mark Twain, the jolliest, funniest, wittiest of Americans, the only worthy successor to the immortal Phœnix, the man who has made more men laugh who know when not to laugh than any other now living, is gone from among us. He was a passsenger on the last steamer for California.

—Milwaukee has been troubled with a freshet which has done a good deal of harm. One family had their house moved fifty feet and can't get it back again into place. The canal was damaged to the extent of five thousand dollars, and other thousands were lost in other ways.

—Newspaper strictures have their effect, and Jefferson Brick can force even Mr. Dickens to open his purse and distribute his gold. Mr. Dickens has sent five thousand dollars to his sister-in-law, in Chicago, who was recommended to his charity by the press of this country.

—Brigham Young wants badly to be Governor of the State of Utah. "Congress should lay aside all narrowness of views and admit the saints at once," says this abominable old patriarch, who begins to fear that his question may yet come up before Congress and be decided against him.

—Among other curiosities in New York City there are five thousand Mormons. An idea for Barnum lies hidden here. Suppose he were to make a collection of members of all the nations and of all the religious beliefs represented in New York, and have them in cages, each performing his or her specialty, wouldn't it make a sensation?

—Messrs. D. Appleton & Co. have sent us a very excellent engraving of the hero of the winter, Mr. Charles Dickens. With full beard and moustache, and with his head leaning on his hand, the portrait is a striking one, and would look well hung up in a library where any one of the fine editions of the voluminous and garrulous *Boz* has found a place.

—Can some way not be discovered to distinguish between the various Thomases who are now prominent? John Smith can spell his name Smigth. But Thomas is worse. We might call the great one General Thomas, and the little one, on account of his doubtful position, might be styled Dydimus, and the would-be Senator from Maryland could go as Tommy in lieu of a better cognomen. But if we get a few more what should we call them?

—Hon. Thomas Williams is not the leas brilliant or learned of the Impeachment Managers,. His manners are probably even more elegant than those of the knowing gentleman who thinks he resembles a Lancashire farmer, nor is his face disagreeable to look upon, and yet an illustrated weekly, in presenting to its readers a picture containing portraits of the Impeachment Managers, sees fit to show only the back of the member from Allegheny. An insult was, in all probability, never intended, but the fact is scarcely less noticeable on that account.

—A man in Cincinnati, hearing a noise in his back yard on Thursday night, went out with a club. He thought he saw a man lying by his chicken coop and he hit at him. He was immediately knocked down and well licked—in the face—by a huge black bear, who hugged him and was proceeding to harsher measures when an excited chicken attracted his attention long enough to allow the man to escape. Returning, however, to the attack, reinforced and armed with suitable weapons, the man succeeded in driving bruin from his yard and capturing him.

—Forty years ago, in Kentucky, two young people loved each other truly, and eternally, as things on this earth go. The young man was thirty years of age; the young woman was twenty. Marriage was contemplated, but an adverse fate kept them asunder. This same fell Goddess seems to have pursued them through life with unflinching perseverance, for though they remained heartfree and steadfast, they were never united until last week. The groom of seventy led his bride of three score to the altar as happily if not as gaily as he would have done if their lives had run together scores of years ago.

MR. PEABODY'S GIFT.—The trustees of Mr. Peabody's first gift of £100,000 to the poor of London, report for the year 1867 that the gift has been fully employed; that the sanitary condition of the houses built is excellent; that the deaths in them are much below the average, and due to ordinary causes; that good order, health and general contentment prevail among the tenants; that the children are clean and happy, and that a beneficial influence is exerted over the working classes. Next year the second gift of £100,000 will be applied. The population in the houses erected by Mr. Peabody is 1,583.

THE Baltimore *Sun* in announcing the passage, over the Mayor's veto, of the Connellsville Railroad ordinance, remarks that: The city, without involving itself in any further obligation, thus takes the initial step for recommencing the construction of this road, so important to the future trade of Baltimore, and it is incumbent on the other parties in erested promptly to consummate all other necessary measures and push the work to completion in as little time as possible.

American Citizenship Abroad--The New Treaty with North Germany.

We lay before our readers the important treaty recently concluded, at Berlin, by our Minister, Mr. Bancroft with the King of Prussia in the name of the North German Confederation. The treaty has been transmitted to the Senate by President Johnson, and awaits our ratification. Its exact text as follows:

The President of the United States to His Majesty, King of Prussia, in the name of the North German Confederation, led by a wish to regulate the citizenship of those persons who emigrate from the North German Confederation to the United States of America, and from the United States of America to the territory of the North German Confederation, have resolved to treat on this subject, and have for this purpose appointed plenipotentiaries to conclude a convention; that is to say the President of the United States of America, George Bancroft, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the said States, near the King of Prussia and the North German Confederation; and His Majesty, the King of Prussia, Bernhard, Kœnig, Privy Counsellor of the Legation, who have agreed to and signed the following articles:

ARTICLE 1. Citizens of the North German Confederation who have become naturalized citizens of the United States of America and shall have resided uninterruptedly within the United States five years, shall be held by the North German Confederation to be American citizens, and shall be treated as such; reciprocally, citizens of the United States of America, who become naturalized citizens of the North German Confederation, and shall have resided uninterruptedly with North Germany five years, shall be held by the United States to be North German citizens, and shall be treated as such. The declaration of an intention to become a citizen of one or the other country has not for either party the effect of naturalization.

ART. 2. A naturalized citizen of one party, on his return to the territory of the other party, remains liable to trial and punishment for an action punishable by the laws of his original country, and committed before his emigration, having always the limitation established by the laws of his original country.

ART. 3. The convention for the mutual delivery of criminals, fugitives from justice in certain cases, as concluded between the United States on the one part, and Prussia and the other States of Germany on the other part, on the 16th day of June, 1852, is hereby extended to all the States of the North German Confedration.

ART. 4. If a German naturalized in America renews his residence in North Germany without intent to return to America, he shall be held to have renounced his naturalization in the United States; reciprocally, if an American, naturalized in North Germany, returns to his residence in the United States without intent to return to North Germany, he shall be held to have renounced his naturalization to North Germany. The intent not to return may be held to exist when the person naturalized in one country resides more than two years in another country.

ART. 5. The present convention shall go into effect immediately upon the exchange of ratification, and shall continue in force ten years. If neither shall have given to the other six months' notice of its intention then to terminate the same, it shall further remain in force until the end of twelve months after either of the contracting parties shall have given notice to the other of such intention.

ART. 6. The present convention shall be ratified by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, and by His Majesty the King of Prussia, in the name of the North German Confederation, and the ratification shall be exchanged at Berlin within six months from the date hereof.

In faith whereof, the Plenipotentiaries have signed and sealed this convention at Berlin, the 23d of February, 1868.

[Seal.] GEORGE BANCROFT.
[Seal.] BERNHARD KŒNIG.

MISCELLANEUS.

SECURITY AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELING COMMUNITY.

J. B. HARRIS' SAFETY FIRE JACKET,

Car Heater and Moderator,

For SMOKE AND HOT AIR FLUES, dispensing with the use of Stoves and Fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached.

Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended. It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues, or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired. I will sell, on application, rights to manufacture or to use the above invention; also, territorial rights, to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges, either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

☞Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe28:s46

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FALL BARLEY MALT,

Received and for sale by

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Pittsburgh, January 23, 1868.

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INDIVIDUAL HOLDERS OF

SHARES OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The Shareholders of the EXCHANGE AND FOURTH NATIONAL BANKS, of Pittsburgh, and others who own stock in any of the National Banks of other counties in the State, and who reside in this county, are hereby notified that the books will be open on the 2d day of March next, for the receipt of the three mill State Tax for **1867**, as per Act of Assembly approved **April 12th, 1867**, and will remain open the usual time given for the receipt of other taxes, after which time Collectors will be appointed to collect from delinquents "as other taxes are collected."

DAVID AIKEN, Jr.,
fe3:k77 County Treasurer.

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Manufacturers of every description of Patent, Stretched, Cemented and Riveted Oak-Tanned

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Within 25 minutes' walk of the Monongahela bridge. The house contains five rooms, kitchen, cellar and vault. Lot 100 feet front by 200 feet deep, fronting on three streets. On the lot are 400 full bearing grape vines of five different varieties, with all kinds of shrubbery, such as gooseberries, blackberries, strawberries and currants; also, peach, pear, apple, quince and cherry trees. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of

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House consists of the two fine, commodious and well arranged Stores,

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Connected by openings in first and second stories, and can be used either separate or together; side door on alley, and stabling on back end of lot for four horses and three wagons. Hoisting apparatus in each story. Stores 20 feet front and 90 feet deep; first store 14 feet high.

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FOR FRAGRANT TEAS,

CHOICE COFFEES,

AND

Pure Spices

GO TO

ROBINSON'S,

No. 20 Fifth Street.

FOR THE FINEST TEAS,

THE CHOICEST GROCERIES,

THE PUREST SPICES

And the best CANNED FRUITS, PICKLES, at the most reasonable prices, go to

FRANCE'S TEA MART,

15 Diamond, Pittsburgh

mh9:

NEW ORLEANS

SUGAR AND MOLASSES,

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE.

550 hhds. N. O. Sugar, prime to choice;
500 bbls. Plantation Molasses, prime to choic
110 " prime Carolina Rice;
500 " extra Salt,

With a large and general assortment of all kind GROCERIES and other goods in our line, for s low to the trade, by

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS.,

Corner Smithfield and Water Street

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TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE,

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIM

MANUFACTURED BY

The Allegheny Fertilizer C

SEWARD & CAMPBELL,

PROPRIETORS,

Office, 356 Penn Street, Pittsburgh,

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the st ard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, C Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for g itous circulation a pamphlet containing interes and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, cop which will be sent free to any sending us thei dress.

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ALL THE NEW STYLES OF

Hats and Caps,

ARRIVING DAILY, AT

M'CORD & CO.'S,

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WALL PAPERS,

IN GREAT VARIETY,

New, Beautiful and Ch

At No. 107 Market Stree

(NEAR FIFTH.)

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LIVERY STABLES.

MERCHANTS'

LIVERY AND SALE STABL

J. WARD NICHOLSON, Pr

NOS. 141 AND 143 THIRD STRE

(OPPOSITE MERCHANTS'

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., FOR HI ticular attention paid to the purchase Horses.

BUSINESS CHANGE

DISSOLUTION.—The firm ROBINSON, McKENNA &

Of Allegheny City, has this day been dis mutual consent. J. S. ROBINSON wil the Grocery Business at his new store,

No. 185 Federal Stre

And assumes all liabilities of the old firm

ROBINSON, McKENNA
J. S. ROBINSON.

mh12:m62

CLOTHES WRINGERS RE ED.—All the different makes of Cloth ers repaired, at the India Rubber Depot, St. Clair street. J. & H. PI

RATIFYING THE NOMINATIONS.

n immense gathering of the Republicans Philadelphia was had on Thursday even- last. The nominations made by the late ate Convention were enthusiastically rati-d, its resolutions were received with the artiest approbation, and its recommenda-n of GRANT and CURTIN was eagerly en-rsed. The Convention was addressed by v. CUTTIN, Hon. G. A. GROW, Senator E, of Nevada, and other distinguished akers. From the remarks of Gov. CURTIN, who was received with prolonged ap-use, we extract the following:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I could scarc lay claim to the ordinary emotions of an did I fail to feel complimented by su ception as that which you have so g ously extended to me; and indeed I f at I have been highly complimented e action of the convention of epublican party of Pennsylvania wh et in this city during the present week Having accepted the invitation exte me, I am here to-night to acknowe y appreciation of the partiality of tha ntion towards myself. It may not n-ppropriate for me to remark that as ng anticipated that the Republican rty the State of Pennsylvania, at the op-ortunity, would give fitting expres to e grateful sentiments which well from e hearts of this people towards the atest oldier of the age, and would nomin Gen. rant for the Presidency.

The action of the convention in particular finds a prompt and cordial sponse n the head and the heart of every al citi-n of Pennsylvania, and it only equires e usual formula of conventic State ominations, and the action of th national onvention of this great party, to ice Gen. rant before the people, and the form-la of an election to place him in e Presi-ential chair. [Applause.] It a source f much gratification to me p nally to now that that party has, t so much manimity, responded to the opular de-nand by nominating a man ard whom ublic sentiment all over the al part of his Republic pointed so steadi

So far as concerns the n ination for he Vice Presidency, I have o to say that ne importance and value of t distinguish-ed honor cannot be overestited by me, when I reflect that it comes m a conven-tion properly estimated, a which repre-sents the real sentiments of t State and the great party that has ever en faithful to the Government in all its ggles for life.

I know very well that hen in her full measure of dignity and pow Pennsylvania presents the name of one oer citizens at the National Convention, t voice will be respected. But if he whose ame they have been pleased to present this instance should fail to be nominated by the National Convention, he will be fod, as heretofore, working faithfully with the who work for the good and virtuous ar loyal and true—for the nominees of the cvention. [Great applause.]

In conclusion I will say to you, my friends, that, if it shou be the pleasure of the National Conventio place your humble servant in nomin on with General Grant, I will take the ndard of my party and, inscribing upon its letters of living light the great princip upon which our hopes are based, I v unfurl it on the shores of Lake Erie an carry it before the people of Pennsylva to the Delaware. And if another shou be honored with the ndidacy, I am read to carry that banner for him, whoever h may be. I have no pledges or promises o make to you, my fellow-citizens, furth than the assurance that I am a Republic in heart and soul.

The meeting was t addressed by Mr. GROW, whose speech abounded with telling hits. We make roo for the annexed paragraphs:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: On the evening of the fourth of May, 186 there was held at the headquarters of the army of the Potomac a council of war; it as the evening of the first day of the ttle of the Wilderness. There sat a gen al who held in his hand the destinies of the Republic. It was held to ascertain the roper course to pursue. Grant was the an who held the council, and announced tht if they obeyed orders they would achie a brilliant victory. And they did. All thnks to the man who subdued the rebels.

We are here to-night to proclaim to the world that he is our choice, with the man who is known a the soldiers' friend. (Great applause.) Let the rebels know it with the voice of New Hampshire, so that they may know that their cause is lost. Let them know that the hearts of the American people still proclaim liberty and union, one and inseparable. Andrew Johnson is false to the black man, for he turned his back on them; false to the Fenians. He sold guns to them, and then sent soldiers to disarm them. False to the Republican party, false to liberty, false to the rights of men, he will go down to posterity with the darkest of names, a name callous to all principle and devoid of all reason. He stands arraigned before the great tribunal of the people, and will meet with the proper justice. He is responsible for all the calamities that are on the country.

In 1860 the Republican party was successful at the ballot-box, and the disappointed rebels turned to the musket for their remedy, and now when overthrown ask again to be trusted with the rights they threw away and warred against. And are we to have no guarantees? Have all the battles that have been fought, been fought in vain? All the money, and the blo d of two hundred thousand men might have been saved, if so. If this Republic is to be sundered by internal dissension the last hope of the world is gone.

These men call themselves Democrats. James Buchanan was a Democrat. He allowed our arsenals to be seized and our ships to be sent where they would be out of reach to subdue rebels. What can this party say to the just tribunal of the people for their defence? They want men whose hands are dyed in blood to come back without any guarantee whatever. We want this country to be controlled by loyal men. Thus the two parties stand.

Why did not the rebels accept the terms of the constitutional amendment which was offered to them? But they rejected them, and to-day the recently elected Democratic legislatures of some of the States would strike them out if they could. They want the debt, contracted for the preservation of the country, to be repudiated, in order to destroy the good credit and faith of the nation, and they would do it if they could. For these men, who have perjured themselves, and taken the lives of hundreds of thousands of brave men, would commit any act to destroy the Government.

But we will not give them a chance again to try it. The Indian said: "If a man cheats me once, it is his shame; but if he cheats me a second time, it is my shame." The only penalty we propose to inflict is the adoption of the constitutional amendments. Every man in America would say it was a burning shame if they came back without doing so. If they do not choose to do so, we merely lose the benefit of their wisdom in making the laws.

—About a thousand persons in Virginia availed themselves of the benefit of the bankrupt law to settle their past liabilities. Thousands more would avail themselves of the act, but are too poor to pay the heavy expenses, $100 for a full discharge.

Hon. John A. Bingham.

n. John A. Bingham, who has been n Chairman of the Committee of Man-o try Andrew Johnson, was born at er, Pennsylvania, in 1815, and is there-fifty-three years old. He passed two s in a printing office, received an aca-ic education, was a student of Frank-College, Ohio; admitted to the bar in 9; District Attorney for Tuscarawas nty, from 1846 to 1849, and has since rved in the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, hirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-ninth nd Fortieth Congresses from the Sixteenth Ohio District. He was Chairman of a oard of Managers in the House for the im-peachment of Judge Humphreys for high treason on the 23d of May, 1863; was ap-pointed Assistant Judge Advocate General in 1864, and conducted the prosecution in the trial of the assassins of Mr. Lincoln; is now Chairman of the House Committee of Claims; he is also a member of the Committee on Reconstruction; and in conse-quence of the illness of Mr. Stevens, upon himself and Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, has devolved the main business in the pro-ceedings against Andrew Johnson. A fin-ished scholar, an easy, rapid and trenchant speaker, he is among the most effective and pleasant orators in Congress. His knowl-edge and aptitude for the law are very re-markable. With a fine expressive counte-nance, and graceful figure, and medium stature, he revives the best ideal of Parlia-ment eloquence, and will attract great atten-tion and wield a large influence before the Senatorial Judges.

THE POPE'S ROSE.—The golden rose sent this year to the Queen of Spain, is not, as might be supposed, an object of trifling value; on the contrary, it is a truly remark-able work of art, representing a branch of the rose tree, with the thorns and bud in pure gold, and having at the extremity a flower of large size. The bough rests on an elegant pedestal of silver gilt, which bears the papal arms among its ornaments. The intrinsic value of the present, calcula-ted by the weight of the gold only, is forty thousand riels—about two thousand dollars.

THE VALUE OF ONIONS.—A correspon-dent of the *Scientific American* recommends onions as a specific against epidemics—not as an esculent, but sliced and kept in a sick room, where they will absorb any atmos-pheric poison. They should be replaced by fresh ones every hour. It is noticed that in the room of a small-pox patient they will blister and decompose with great rapidity, but will prevent the spread of the disease. Their application has also proved effective in the case of snake bites.

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BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.

PALMER & PHILLIPS,

AUCTIONEERS

And Commission Merchants,

OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,

Dry Goods and Notions.

AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

VASES,

COLOGNE SETS,

FANCY SETS.

PARIAN STATUETTES,

BOHEMIAN GLASS,

And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.

100 WOOD STREET.

RICHARD E. BREED & CO.

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100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET.

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,

152 Federal Street, Allegheny.

(Fourth door above Diamond.)

Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery

AT EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods. je10:a9

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano, AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $500 to $1150, according to style and finish, cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

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SECOND HAND

MELODEONS AND ORGANS,

In perfect order, from $35 to $130.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,

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CONFECTIONERIES.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONERIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c., &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER,

je23:m10 No. 15 Diamond, Allegheny.

HENRY W. HORBACH,

Confectionery and Bakery,

No. 200 SMITHFIELD STERET, Between Seventh and Liberty.

LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEORGE BEAVEN,

Candy Manufacturer,

And dealer in FOREIGN & AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,

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F. W. C. FELD,

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GLUE, CURLED HAIR,

Tanners' Scraps, Ceroons, Cattle Tails,

BONES, NEAT'S FOOT OIL, &C.

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A PERFECT FITTING GLOVE.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

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INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR

KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,

Which is now complete with every colol and shade. They have just opened 100 DOZEN of the

Celebrated A. C. C. (Jouvin) KIDS,

Imported especially to our order. Hundreds of our customers can testify to their perfect cut and faultless quality. The colors were got up from shades of dress material, selected and furnished by us, and are really

Elegant and Desirable.

The assortment includes BLACK, WHITE, DARK COLERS, MEDIUM COLORS, and OPERA or PARTY COLORS.

SIZES--5 3-4 TO 8.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 FIFTH STREET.

mh8:

GRAND OPENING

OF

STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,

Ribbons,

Flowers,

Frames,

AND

French Pattern Bonnets and Hats,

BY

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

AT

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SECOND ARRIVAL OF

SPRING GOODS.

We have constantly on hand a full line of

WHITE GOODS,

COMPRISING

Barred and Striped Nainsook;
Plain Nainsook and Swiss;
Soft Finish Cambric;
Barred Organdies.

THE CHEAPEST LINE OF IRISH LINENS IN THE CITY.

A FULL STOCK OF

Hamburg Edgings and Insertings.
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MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS,

Selling at Eastern Prices.

We have a splendid line of

SPRING AND SUMMER HOSIERY,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Our stock of CORSETS is completely full. We have a very good line of COLLARS for ladies and gentlemen.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

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THE BEST KID GLOVES

IN THE WORLD ARE

LAPORTE'S PARIS KID GLOVES,

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S SIZES.

All Gloves made by me bear my signature.

LAPORTE,

FISK, CLARK & FLAGG,

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,

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GIMP HEADINGS,

IN AL COLORS, JUST OPENED, AT

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No. 17 Fifth Street.

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STONE DRAIN PIPE,

FOR SEWERAGE.

ALL SIZES, FROM 2 TO 12 INCH.

10,000 FEET ON HAND,

AND FOR SALE BY

JOHN M. TATE,

227 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,

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HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION.

Expense and Labor Saved.

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AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

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AT WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

KID GLOVES AT 75 CENTS.
KID GLOVES AT $1.00.
YARD-WIDE BLEACHED MUSLINS, 12½c.
PILLOW CASE COTTON.
PILLOW CASE LINEN.
10-4 AND 11-4 COTTON SHEETING.
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BEAUTIFUL SPRING PRINTS.
DELAINES AND GINGHAMS.
TOWELS AND TOWELING.
TABLE LINEN, COTTON DIAPER.
CASSIMERES, FOR BOY'S WEAR.
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BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS.
POPLINS, BLACK AUSTRALIAN CRAPE.
HONEY-COMB QUILTS.
BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.
CORSETS, APRONS.
HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY, &c.

WILL OPEN ON

TUESDAY OR WEDNESDAY,

A LARGE LOT OF

Beautiful Shades of American Poplins and Silks,

Superior to any French or Irish Poplins at the prices.

A FULL STOCK, AT POPULAR PRICES, to which the attention of

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PURCHASERS IS RESPECTFULLY INVITED, AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

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JUST RECEIVED, AT

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BLEACHED MUSLINS,

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Entire Stock of Goods Closing Out,

To make room for extending the Store Room back.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

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Have now open a LARGE NEW STOCK, which they offer at

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Merchants desiring to sort up, and save the advance, should call at

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ITS ADVANTAGES:

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Or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will receive prompt attention.

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The genuine bear our trade mark,

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MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
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MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD or FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS AND SPIKES.

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Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House.

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BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

Square, Flat and Octagon, of all sizes.

MILL, MULAY, CIRCULAR, GANG AND CROSS-CUT

SAW PLATES.

ELLIPTIC AND SEMI-ELLIPTIC

RAILWAY SPRINGS,

CAST SPRING STEEL.

Cast and German Plow Steel,

PLOW WINGS AND MOWER BARS;
SPRINGS, AXLES and STEEL TIRE;
SICKLE, SHOVEL, HOE, RAKE, FORK, TUB, CALK and MACHINERY CAST STEEL;
CROW BARS, &c., &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

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BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

SQUARE, FLAT and OCTAGON, of all sizes; SAW PLATES, HOE, FORK and SHEET CAST STEEL; CAST STEEL for

Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Axles, Circulars, &c., &c.

Cast and Common Plow & Spring Steel.

Office—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STREETS, two blocks above the Monongahela House.

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PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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Manufacturers of REFINED, CHARCOAL, JUNIATA and POLISHED

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GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

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Also on hand and for sale,

PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

CHEAPEST PLACE in the city

TO BUY THE

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

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A GREAT FAMILY CONVENIENCE.

A new and novel arrangement for having

Hot Water Boilers

Attached to the back end of common Cook Stoves, so that the waste blaze which goes up the stove pipe heats all the water needed in an ordinary sized family, by passing the blaze directly through the boiler, which sits over the pipe hole of the stove. This new arrangement can be put on to any No. 7, 8 or 9 common Cooking Stove, of any manufacture. Any person having a TRIUMPH, VICTORY, BLACK OAK, BEAUTY or UNION STOVE, or almost any other Cook Stove made in the Union, can have Boilers attached to their Stoves, including the Attachment, the Boiler and Lids, and Bibb Cock, for the moderate cost of $7, by applying to

BISSELL & CO.,

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Manufacturers of the TRIUMPH COOK STOVE.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

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Orders promptly attended to. ap13:22

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NEW OPERA HOUSE.

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M. W. CANNING.....MANAGER.
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Second and last week of the beautiful Cuban Sylph,

M'LLE ZOE.

She will appear THIS EVENING in a speaki character.

MONDAY EVENING, March 16, 1868, will b presented the new and thrilling drama of

LAVANGRO:

OR, THE GIPSY BROTHER.

Henri De Lacy,
Lavangro, a Bohemian, } .....M'lle Zoe.
Alphonse Bollort.....Mr. E. D. Lay.

Tuesday Evening—THE GREEN BUSHES.

M'LLE ZOE MATINEE ON SATURDAY.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

FRED AIMS.....MANAGER.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT!

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 17, 1868.

NEW, EXPENSIVE AND TALENTED

COMBINATION TROUPE,

Embracing the most popular names of the day. Read the List of the Company:

The ZUCOLO SISTERS, late of Jarrett & Palmer's Black Crook Parisienne Ballet Troupe, Niblo's Garden, New York, the most talented and beautiful Danseuses of the day.

The enchanting Premieres: Miss LOTTIE LA POINT, M'lle LEONA DE VERE, Miss CARRIE LEON, Miss VIRO FARAND, M'lle HENRIETTA, Miss FANNY MARSH, Miss ELLA DUPREZ, Miss MINNIE IDAY.

Miss CARRIE AUSTIN and Mons. CHARES, the Wonderful Musket Zouave Manipulators.

The Kings of the Gymnasium, GOLDIE BROTHERS, George, Henry and Claude, the acknowledged Champions of America.

FRED BUCKINGHAM, Comic Vocalist, from the Alhambra, London.

BOB HART, the Funniest Negro Comedian.

BILLY ALLEN, the side-splitting Caricaturist.

FRANK GIRARD, the wonderful Bird Imitator.

Masters ALF and EDDIE, the Wonderful Violinists.

SAM DE VERE, in his mirth-provoking Comicalities.

DENNY GALLAGHER, Pittsburgh favorite.

JOHNNY CAMPBELL, the great Negro Wit.

A SPLENDID CORPS DE BALLET AND COMPLETE DRAMATIC COMPANY.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Parquette and Dress Circle.....50 cents.
Gallery.....25 cents.

PROF. COWPER'S

FASHIONABLE DANCING ACADEMY,

At his new Assembly Rooms, 51 FIFTH STREET, opposite Old Theatre. New Classes now forming, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, Ladies', Masters' and Misses' Class at 3 P. M. Prof. COWPER can be seen daily at the Academy, or at the St. Charles Hotel, where circulars can be obtained. Hall to let to Select Parties. fee2:121

PROF. CARPENTER'S

DANCING ACADEMY,

PHILO HALL, No. 75 THIRD STREET, now open for the reception of puplis. Days of Tuition—WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 P. M., for Ladies, Masters and Misses. Terms, $5. Evenings for Gents—TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 8 o'clock. Terms, $10. Soiree every THURSDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock. je29:k61

STATEMENT

OF THE

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

OF THE

Borough of Lawrenceville.

FROM APRIL 1st, 1867,

UNTIL THE

10th Day of March, 1868.

COLLECTOR'S REPORT.

WM. JANCEY, Collector, in account with the Borough of Lawrenceville.

DR.

To amount of duplicate of First ward	$ 5,117 85
To amount of duplicate of Second ward	6,621 97
	$11,739 82

WM. JANCEY, Collector, in account with the Borough of Lawrenceville.

CR.

By amount paid Treasurer for First ward duplicate	$ 4,664 50
By amount of deduction of 5 per cent. on $3,474 91 as per ordinance	173 34
By amount of lost taxes in First ward	279 61
By amount paid Treasurer for Second ward duplicate	6,257 36
By amount of deduction of 5 per cent. on $4,731 36, as per ordinance	536 56
By amount of lost taxes in Second ward	126 05
	$11,739 82

TREASURER'S REPORT.

WM. JANCEY, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of Lawrenceville.

DR.

To amount received from former Treasurer	$ 23 76
To amount received from First ward tax collector	4,664 50
To amount received from Second ward tax collector	6,359 36
To amount received from vehicle license	858 42
To amount received from scales on Ewalt street	209 16
To amount received from scales on Greensburg pike	79 76
To amount received from Graveyard	71 88
To amount received from loans	2,865 00
To amount received from Deldorf for sand	10 00
To amount received from paving and curbing on Burrow street	4,635 63
To amount received from paving and curbing on Allen street	1,873 06
To amount received from paving and curbing on Spring alley	79 93
To amount received from paving and curbing on Sycamore street	228 64
To amount received from paving and curbing on Belfontain street	11,357 17
To amount received from paving and curbing on Butler street	117 60
To amount received from paving and curbing on Greensburg pike	573 81
To amount received from paving and curbing on Ewalt street	275 00
To amount received from paving and curbing on Lafayette alley	3,817 40
To amount received from paving and curbing on Foster's street	1,413 63
To amount received from paving and curbing on Dravo street	951 58
To amount received from paving and curbing on Spring alley	1,038 74
To amount received from paving and curbing on Hazlett alley	292 99
To amount received from paving and curbing on Wainwright street	1,168 64
To amount received from paving and curbing on St. Mary's street	5,479 57
To amount received from paving and curbing on Leech street	1,815 58
To amount received from paving and curbing on Church street	2,422 21
To amount received from paving and curbing Davison street	676 45
	$53,379 58

CR.

1868. March 10. By amount paid out in warrants	$53,255 20
By balance in Treasury	24 38
Paid to S. Allinder, Treasurer of the consolidated city	$53,279 58

WILLIAM JANCEY,
Collector and Treasurer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Borough of Lowrenceville, in account with sundry persons up to the 10th of March, 1868.

To amount of outstanding old bonds	$17,075 00
To amount of interest due on old bonds	463 58
To amount of outstanding new bonds	28,556 04
To amount of interest due on new bonds	1,134 11
To amount of outstanding warrants	9,500 86
	$56,742 59
By amount due for opening Charlotte street from Dravo's estate	$ 425 00
By amount due for opening Charlotte street from School Board	31 01
By amount due for paving, &c., on Leech street	324 66
By interest on same	3 88
By amount due for paving, &c., on St. Mary's street	2,289 63
By interest on same	27 48
By amount due for paving Church street	1,273 83
By interest on same	4 88
By amount due for paving Ewalt street	1,084 40
By interest on same	91 80
Ay amount due for paving Spring alley	133 75
By interest on same	9 56
By amount due for paving Allen street	362 11
By interest on same	13 55
By amount due for paving Greensburg pike	1,539 11
By interest due on same	36 17
Ay amount due for paving Bellefontain street	3,029 46
By interest on same	64 00
By amount due for paving Burrow street	1,410 07
By interest due on same	46 53
By amount due for paving Foster's street	138 89
By interest due on same	3 47
By amount due for paving Dravo street	58 25
By interest on same	1 25
By amount due for paving Lafayette alley	196 38
By interest due on same	5 39
	$11,322 66
Balance of Borough indebtedness	45,319 24
	$56,742 59

WILLIAM JANCEY,

mh16: Borough Treasurer.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE COURTS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

SATURDAY, March 14.—A petition for adjudication in bankruptcy was filed by Geo. Washington, of Lycoming county.

A petition for final discharge was filed by Montgomery Cox, of Columbia county.

In the case of the United States vs. one hundred and twenty-four barrels of whisky, owned by William M'Kim, of the Fifth ward, the whisky was released, together with the distillery and appurtenances, upon the owner filing a bond conditioned for the re-delivery or payment of the appraised value of the same.

Quarter Sessions—Full Bench.

Saturday's session was devoted to business of a miscellaneous character. Sentences were pronounced as follows:

John Brown, who pleaded guilty to the larceny of a pair of boots from a Mr. Eccles, of Birmingham, being first called, a number of witnesses testified that up to the time of the commission of the offence his character for honesty had been good. He had already been confined in jail for about a month, and the Court sentenced him to remain two months longer.

Jacob Beisel, convicted of misdemeanor in attempting to shoot John Schmolly (although the gun proved not to be loaded, a fact of which the defendant was ignorant) was sentenced to pay the costs and to give bail in the sum of $2,000 to keep the peace for two years.

Michael Kestner, convicted of an assault and battery on his wife, and in jail since December last, having failed to procure bail for his good behavior, was released on his own recognizance to keep the peace for two years.

T. J. Moriarty, for the larceny of a gold watch from Mrs. Russell, a colored woman, was sentenced to the county jail for two months.

ORDER TO MAGISTRATES.

The Grand Jury having adjourned until the first Monday in April, on motion of District Attorney Buff the Court made the following order:

"And now, to wit, March, 14th, 1868, a special session of the Grand Jury having been ordered for the first Monday of April, 1868, magistrates are hereby directed to hold defendants to appear and answer at the present term in all cases brought before them prior to that time, and to return all informations in such cases on or before the first Monday of April."

Fire on Canal Street.

Between eleven and twelve o'clock yesterday a fire occurred in the kitchen of the Franklin Exchange saloon, on Canal street, kept by Thomas Fritcher. The proprietor with his family left the house in the morning to go to the country, leaving a fire in the cooking stove, which, it appears, was standing near a board partition. Not having covered the fire securely the stove became heated red hot and ignited the boards of the partition. The alarm was sounded from box 34 at Canal and Liberty streets, to which the firemen responded promptly. The flames, which appeared to be confined to the first floor, were soon extinguished, but on examination the room over the kitchen was found to be densely filled with smoke, which continued to increase, and a more minute search to ascertain the cause disclosed the fact that the straw under the carpet was on fire. Two or three streams were at once turned into the room and it was literally deluged with water. Failing to discover any further indications of fire the water was turned off and the firemen left the ground. At about half-past one o'clock the fire broke out again, this time in the second story, in the same room which had been so thoroughly drenched with water. The alarm was sounded again, but before the fire department got into operation the cause had been discovered, and the fire extinguished. An entrance was effected by breaking in a door, and on reaching the room from which the smoke proceeded the bed was discovered to be on fire, whereupon it was thrown out of the window. The firemen think the bed was set on fire purposely, as the carpet under it was not burned.

Knocked Down and Robbed.

Rudolph Wild, a German, residing at Mount Washington, came to the Mayor's office Friday and stated that he had been knocked down and robbed of $128 the night previous, on Water street, giving the following particulars of the affair: Thursday he came to the city from his home, bringing with him $148. Of this he spent eleven dollars in making purchases. In the evening he went to Frank Wiggins' saloon, on Water street, where he encountered Frederick Eisenhardt. After awhile they started out, and went up the bank of the Allegheny river as far as the railroad bridge, where they went on board a boat, found pleasant company, and remained for some time. During the evening he spent nine dollars more of his money. They returned to Wiggins', where the deponent left the defendant, and went away alone. He had got nearly to the Point, when he was knocked down and robbed of all the money he had left, being $128. He went back to Wiggins', and found there Eisenhardt, who returned with him to the scene of the robbery, and picked up his hat. He had not told Eisenhardt that he had been robbed, but only that he had been knocked down, but the latter remarked "I guess you've got no money left; here's three cents to pay toll." He made information before the Mayor charing Eisenhardt with highway robbery. A warrant was issued and placed in the hands of officer Herron, who arrested the accused and brought him to the Mayor's office. After a partial hearing he was held for a further hearing on Tuesday.

Death of an Old Soldier.

Yesterday afternoon Capt. W. A. Charlton, familiarly known to former comrades in arms as "old Pap Charlton," departed this life at his residence in Allegheny yesterday afternoon at two o'clock. The deceased at the outbreak of the Mexican war left this city for the scene of action with the Jackson Independent Blues, as junior second lieutenant. Subsequently Captain Denny resigned and Lieut. Charlton was promoted to fill the vacancy. He served with credit and distinction during the Mexican campaign, participating in the bombardment of Vera Cruz, and the battles of National Bridge, Cerro, Gorda, Perote, Jalappa, Huamantta and the memorable siege of Puebla. He returned home with his company and again assumed civil life, being largely engaged in manufacturing in our sister city. He raised a company at the outbreak of the rebellion for three months service, which was attached to the 13th regiment. He served that short time and then returned to the city and enlisted as a private in Captain Hull's company, in Col. Sam. Black's regiment. The old soldier, however, could not well stand the hardships of the campaign and after a short time was mustered out of service. He was a courteous, agreeable and good hearted gentleman, and his loss will be deeply regretted by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. He will be buried, with military honors, to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

Tables Turned.—Saturday morning Job Newmeyer and George Hass made information before the Mayor charging officer Thomas Murdock, constable of the ward, with aggravated assault and battery. A warrant was issued and the accused arrested. After a hearing the Mayor discharged the officer and fined the prosecutors $10 each for disorderly conduct.

DRY GOODS.

Extensive Improvements in an Old House—Where to Purchase to Advantage.

That well conducted and cleverly managed business houses tend largely to make and sustain a business thoroughfare is a fact that cannot be well controverted. Everybody will acknowledge that our most favored sites for the transaction of trade are those in the neighborhood of enterprising, go-aheadative and progressive mercantile establishments. Indeed a single well managed house has the charm of attracting and holding to its own neighborhood a large share of the trade directed to the city, thus contributing largely to the success of its contemporaries in the same locality. This truth is strikingly apparent on the lower section of Market street, a part which not many years ago was almost abandoned in the steady centralization of business towards Fifth street. One house, with large capital, and shrewd, energetic business men at its head, was established like an oasis in a desert. It was not opened in a locality where all might do a full share of trade, but relying on the sense and judgment of the purchasing community, and their discrimination to seek out a house where they could avail themselves of unequaled advantages in price and selection, by judicious advertising and a systematic order of things, both in the quantity and quality of goods kept for sale and the prices at which held, this house built upon a solid foundation a trade that startled its less progressive contemporaries, and added materially to the mercantile importance of our community at large. Need the observer of things transpiring in the city be furnished with the name of the house of J. W. Barker & Co. as that to which we make reference, Every Pittsburgher, and thousands outside our municipal limits, recognize in this firm one that is representative and progressive, and have watched how steadily it kept pace with the growth of the city, and, advancing daily in popular estimation and character, has risen to a leading and trade controlling position. Under the guidance of the senior partner, J. W. Barker, Esq., it has attained a wide reputation as the great bazaar for dry goods and the emporium of cheap prices. With large experience, extending through nearly an ordinary life time, Mr. Barker has marvellously well conducted his business, and the Pittsburgh house is a standing monument to his tact, industry, enterprise and general business attainments.

In setting out in our article, however, we merely intended to draw attention to the great improvements recently made in this large and commodious house, No. 59 Market street. Previous to the alterations and enlargements to which subjected during the past month, the building and its apartments, occupied by Barker & Co., compared favorably with any found west of the mountains, both in point of neatness, finish and general convenience; and since the varied improvements made, the house has assumed an appearance and adaptability which makes it a model in its way, and an ornament creditable to the city. The building occupied is very large and commodious, affording ample room for the transaction of the vast trade monopolized by the firm. The wholesale department in the basement has been vastly improved, the old counters, shelves, &c., having been thoroughly cleaned out and replaced with new. New and handsome ceilings have replaced the old ones, and a side counter with open base, divided into compartments, runs nearly the entire length of the room, on one side, while a range of shelver extends along the other side. On the first floor is the retail salesroom, a beautiful apartment extending the whole length of the building, a distance of two hundred and fifty feet. A handsome window has been put in the rear end of the room, while the ceiling is lighted by two large skylights in the rear portion. The walls and ceiling have been made handsome with four coats of paint; the old "box counters" are being removed to be replaced with elegant new ones, placed on iron standards. The rear portion of this apartment is devoted to rich dress goods, one side being given up exclusively to velvets. In the second story, and occupying also a portion of the second story of the adjoining building, are the office, the workroom and the cloak and shawl department. This portion of the building, also, has been thoroughly re-fitted, and is very handsome in appearance. The third story is occupied by a portion of the wholesale department, which also extends into the adjoining building. The entire house is handsomely painted within and without, and taken altogether will prove attractive to visitors. A large force of gentlemanly and attentive salesmen will be found constantly in attendance at the various departments to wait upon those favoring the house with a visit.

The stock is all that could be desired. It embraces all styles of dress goods, housekeeping goods, cloths, cassimeres, sheetings and goods in general peculiar to this line of trade, which were purchased just at the proper moment during the late depression in the eastern markets. The wholesale department is overcrowded with original bales, packages and piece goods, and is being daily augmented by arriving invoices.

Especial reference to the country trade was had in the purchase of these goods, though retailers in both city and country will find it greatly to their advantage to purchase here. In the retail room, on the first floor, are all varieties of goods, domestics, dress goods, trimmings, &c., all offered at amazingly low prices. The stock of dress goods is unsurpassed in richness and extent, comprising silks, velvets, merinoes, delaines, &c., in the greatest profusion. In the cloak and shawl room, up stairs, the fullest satisfaction will be given to purchasers, the stock being very large and varied.

Messrs. Barker & Co. are fair dealing and honorable business gentlemen, and are eminently worthy the full share of patronage awarded them by a discriminating public.

Fifth Street Property for Sale.

In another column of to-day's paper there will be found an advertisement offering at private sale one of the most desirable if not the most desirable piece of real estate thrown upon the market of this city for many years. It is that choice lot of ground situate on Fifth street, second from the iron bank block towards Market street. It has a frontage on Fifth street of 22¼ feet and extends back 172 feet to a nine foot outlet which connects with a two foot alley running from Fifth street to Virgin alley, and taking in the back part of the adjoining lot 20x52 feet, the surface covering an area of over five thousand square feet. We can imagine no better site for building purposes, being large, conveniently laid out, and on the best spot of our principal business thoroughfare. It is held at a very reasonable price, when we take into consideration the fancy gilt-edged figures obtained in recent real estate transactions on Wood and Market streets and other less important business localities. Messrs. Macrum & Carlisle, No. 19 Fifth street, the owners, will be pleased to exhibit the plat of ground to persons wishing to obtain further information. We conceive this to be the rarest opportunity afforded capitalists for investment that we have ever published, as the property is eligible and will never depreciate in value as a business site.

A Tobacco Thief.

Between twelve and one o'clock Sunday morning officer Brown, of the Mayor's police, discovered Robert Williams quietly proceeding along Wood street with a box of tobacco on his shoulders. He approached him and asked him where he got it. Williams replied that he purchased it in Allegheny and was taking it home. Upon examination the officer discovered that the box was marked to R. H. Miller, Oil City, and had been shipped on the steamer Echo for that point. Williams was taken in custody and confined in the lock-up to await a hearing upon a charge of larceny preferred by the officer.

Pittsburgh Teachers' Association—Organization—Constitution Adopted—Officers Elected.

A number of the teachers engaged in the Public Schools in this city met in the Hall of the Western University building at ten o'clock Saturday morning, for the purpose of organizing a Teachers' Association. The meeting was organized by calling Prof. Kenaston, of the High School, to the chair, and appointing Mr. Irwin, of Peebles township, Secretary.

Mr. Kenaston upon taking the chair in a brief manner stated the object for which the meeting had been called.

Mr. McCrum thought that the meeting had been called for the purpose of discussing the expediency of forming such an Association, and not for effecting an organization, as stated by the President. There was an Association already in existence, and he did not think a new organization was required.

Mr. Taggart stated that at a previous meeting it had been decided to form an Association, and that a committee had at that time been appointed to prepare a Constitution and a series of By Laws for the government of the same.

Mr. L. H. Eaton moved that the meeting deem it expedient that the Association be organized forthwith.

Considerable discussion ensued, Messrs. Eaton, Taggart, Burtt and others speaking in favor of the motion, and Messrs. McCrum and Still in opposition.

A vote was then taken and the motion was adopted with but two dissenting votes.

Mr. Taggart, Chairman of the Committee appointed to prepare a constitution, submitted a report..

On motion the report was received, and the Constitution was read article by article, amended and adopted. Some discussion ensued on the first article, fixing the name of the Association. The title of the Pittsburgh Teachers' Association was finally adopted. The Constitution, which was then adopted as a whole, provides that any teacher engaged in the public schools of the city or county may become a member of the Association by consent of a majority of the members. The last Saturday of each month was fixed as the time for holding the regular meetings of the Association.

Mr. Burtt moved that teachers enrolling their names within two months shall be considered as original members. Agreed to.

An election for officers was then gone into, with the following result:

President—Philotus Dean.
Vice President—Geo. J. Luckey.
Secretary—J. B. Irvine.
Treasurer—J. B. McClymonds.
Executive Committee—G. N. Munro, First ward; Mr. Patterson, Lawrenceville; H. G. Squires, Ninth ward; R. H. Kelly, Minersville; D. C. Holmes, Sixth ward.

On motion of L. H. Eaton, a Committee of ladies, consisting of Miss Fanny Caldwell, of M'Clure township, Miss S. Rutledge, of Minersville, and Miss Mary A. Proudfoot, was appointed to answer queries in regard to teaching and school government.

Mr. Burtt moved that the Principals of the Schools, in connection with the Executive Committee, enroll the name sof teachers who may desire to become members.

On motion, adjourned.

Livingston & Co., Iron Founders.

On Washington avenue, about one square west of the outer depot of the Fort Wayne road, we found in our rambles the extensive new establishment of Livingston & Co., to whose advertisement in to-day's paper we invite attention. We found the establishment very complete in all its appointments. The firm own six lots, on which are the foundry, 60 by 40 feet; the finishing room or machine shop, 70 by 40; the buffing and grindstone room, including core house and smithy, 70 by 40; the annealing and scouring room, 50 by 30, with extensive appurtenant sand coke and metal yards and sheds. The firm makes a specialty of "light work," and of this a great variety, including all kinds of castings for cotton and woolen machinery, for plumbers, gas fitters, agricultural implements, &c. They also manufacture largely for the trade the various sizes of "loose butt-hinges." This hinge has advantage in simplicity, convenience and durability over any other in the market. Master builders, East and West, very generally prefer it to the close joint, formerly in use, and are rapidly introducing it. All their work is skillfully and neatly done. We remarked in their slight mouldings and ornate work a degree of *smoothness* surpassing anything we had seen elsewhere, and they are warranted to equal the work of Eastern shops.

This foundry is situate remote from the centre of business; but out of the way, as it may seem, the numerous factories and shops in and out of the city we predict will all feel rewarded for any trouble in finding it. It is destined to supply satisfactorily a want that has been much felt throughout this manufacturing community and elsewhere. The enterprise of the firm we feel sure will be abundantly rewarded.

The parties are Mr. L. O. Livingston, only son of the late lamented L. R. Livingston, who was the founder of the celebrated "Novelty Works" in which the mechanical skill of the son was acquired. (Mr. Livingston will have the general oversight and management of the manufacturing and finishing department.)

Col. Wm. A. Robinson, well known as an old Fifth street carpet merchant, and more recently for his gallant services in the nation's defence.

Capt. W. H. Burt, known in business circles for several years as confidential clerk of the Penn Cotton Mills, and for his patriotic service in the army of the southwest. Messrs. Robinson and Burt will have charge of the commercial and financial side of the firm's business. With arrangements so complete, and such co-operation of energy, skill and probity in its oversight, the public will find it both profitable and pleasant to deal with the house of Livingston & Co.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record Friday, March 13, 1868, by H. Snively, Recorder:

Harrison A. Coffin to the Board of School Directors of the Fifth ward, Allegheny, March 11, 1868, lots No. 54, 55, 56 and 57 in out lot 270, reserve tract, Page street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, 80 by 132 feet.....$1,000

Michael Jenegan to Christian Kenter, March 2, 1868, lots No. 43, 44, and 45 in A. B. Berger's plan of lots in Braddock's Field; also a lot on the Braddock's Field plank road, 24 by 120 feet.....$1,000

Jacob Tomer to Reidhold Siedle, October 5, 1867, lot on the extension of Miller street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 161 by 180 feet, with buildings.....$10,000

Nancy M. Gibson to Landalin Thoma, March 12, 1868, part of lot 109 in Nicholson's district, Franklin township, containing 65 acres.....$1,775

John McKague to James McPheilany, June 1, 1867, tract of land in Indiana township, containing 113 1-3 acres.....$5,000

Lawrence Laney to William H. Campbell, March 13, 1868, lot No. 210, on Second street, in the Second ward, Allegheny, 18 by 52 feet.....$166

William Cox, Trustee, to James H. Hays, September 21st, 1867, the undivided eleventh part of a tract of land in Baldwin township, containing 150 acres, 3 roods and 56 perches.....$6,300

Barbara Hanable, et al., to James H. Hays, September 21st, 1867, one-eleventh in the above described property.....$6,300

Samuel Merriman, Sr., to the Trustees of Merriman Cemetery, lot in Ohio township, containing 20 perches.....$1

James McMillan to the Board of School Directors, Fifth ward, Allegheny, March 11, 1868, lots Nos. 58, 59 and 60, in Out Lot 270, reserve tract on Page street, 648 by 150 feet.....$2,200

The South Side.—The streets on the South side are in a deplorable condition. If the weather should continue wet for a few days they will be impassable for pedestrians without the aid of stilts.

Troublesome Tenants.

Martha Waters made information before Alderman McMasters, Saturday, charging Mrs. Clark *alias* Floyd with false pretence. Mrs. Waters occupies a house on Webster street, in the Sixth ward, and a few weeks since, she alleges, Mrs. Clark came to her and engaged two rooms, representing that she was a married women; that her husband, whose name was Floyd, was absent from home a great deal, but she was looking for him in a few days and wished to engage two rooms in a quiet place. They agreed upon the terms and Mrs. Clark moved into the room. She had not been there long before she took another female in with her, and subsequently another was added, but the husband failed to make his appearance. From the number of male visitors, and the irregular hours kept by her tenants, Mrs. Waters suspected all was not right, and endeavored to induce her to give up the premises, but to no effect. The Alderman issued a warrant and placed it in the hands of the constable, who, upon repairing to the house, found the door barricaded and Mrs. Clark on the inside. After vainly endeavoring to persuade her to come out, he gave up and returned to the office, where we left him trying to devise some means whereby he could secure his game.

St. Patrick's Day.

To-morrow being St. Patrick's day our Irish citizens have in contemplation a grand jubilee, or rather will have one, as they have been actively engaged, for several weeks past, in preparing for the occasion. The programme for the affair is an extensive one, including a grand procession, an oration, a supper and ball, and the management of the affair is in good hands, consequently there is no danger of a failure. At ten o'clock in the morning the grand procession will form on Grant street, with the right resting on Fifth. The route of the procession will be as follows: Down Fifth to St. Clair, across St. Clair street bridge to Allegheny, up Federal to Ohio, along Ohio to Chestnut, across Mechanic street bridge, up Mechanic street to Penn, down Penn to Canal, along Canal to Liberty, along Liberty to Wood, down Wood to Water, along Water to Smithfield, along Smithfield to Fifth, up Fifth to Pennsylvania avenue, up Pennsylvania avenue to Congress, up Congress to Wylie, up Wylie to Fulton, along Fulton to Webster, down Webster to High, and thence to Turners Hall, on Sixth street.

At three o'clock an oration will be delivered at the Hall, and at seven o'clock in the evening a grand banquet will be given at the same place, after which the members of the Pittsburgh District will give a grand Fenian ball at Lafayette Hall.

Accidental Shooting Affair.

Yesterday evening about seven o'clock a case of accidental shooting occurred in the Champion saloon, Fifth street. John Kennaman, S. M. Freeman, and several others were in the saloon, and were examining a "pepper box" revolver. It had passed through several hands and finally came into those of Mr. Freeman, who, not knowing it was loaded, by some accident discharged it, the contents lodging in the head of Mr. Kennaman, just above the left ear. Fortunately it was charged with shot, and they only penetrated the scalp. Lieut. Wooldrige and officer Glenn, hearing the report of the pistol, hastened to the saloon and took the parties in charge. Freeman was taken to the lock-up to wait an investigation, and Kenneman went to Doctor Murdock's office to have his wounds dressed. They succeeded in extracting the shot, which were all that could be found. The injury, although a painful one, is not at all serious.

A Police Raid.

About one o'clock Saturday morning Chief of Police Greene, with a squad of men, made a raid on "Fort Maloney," and captured the inmates, consisting of eleven females, four white and seven black, and three males of African descent. After forming them in procession they were marched to the house of Nancy Reid, on Webster street, where another haul of a dozen colored individuals of both sexes was made. This squad being added to the procession, another negro den was visited with like effect. The entire squad, numbering between thirty and forty, were then marched to the lock-up, where they were confined until the Mayor arrived, who, upon hearing the case, committed the entire party to jail for ten days, on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—M'lle. Zoe, who played to full houses all last week, at the Opera House, has been re-engaged for the present week. She is a charming actress, and will doubtless be as successful the present week as she was last.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The amusement going public will be gratified to know that the Old Pittsburgh Theatre is to be re-opened as a Theatre *Comique*, under the management of Mr. Fred. Aimes. The building has been rennovated and repaired, a first class stock company engaged, and the grand opening will take place to-morrow night. Fred will doubtless do a good business, as he is known to be a very liberal manager.

False Pretence.

Patrick M'Cartan made information before Alderman M'Masters, charging Tim Donavan with obtaining goods under false pretence. The prosecutor, who is a tailor on Wylie street, alleges that Donavan came to his shop and obtained a coat valued at twenty dollars, representing to him that Peter O'Neil, for whom he worked, owed him two hundred dollars, and that he could get the twenty dollars as soon as he would call for it. He accordingly let him have the coat, but upon calling upon Mr. O'Neil for the money, was informed by that gentleman that he did not owe Donavan a cent. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Personal.—Rev. D. J. Yerkes, formerly pastor of the First Baptist Church of this city, and one of the most eloquent pulpit orators of the country, will fill the pulpit in that church (Rev. J. S. Dickerson's) every evening of this week, during the continuance of the revival. A learned critic, in speaking of Mr. Yerkes's pulpit oratory, says "his words are masterly, rich and inexhaustive, delivered with fervency of impassioned eloquence which has never failed to interest and impress."

Committed.—Thomas Brown was arrested at the instance of his wife, Mary Brown, and committed by Justice Kelley, on account of insanity. He has for some weeks past been laboring under aberration of mind and has lately attempted suicide. He is about forty years of age and was in Dixmont Hospital. It is said that his disease is hereditary.

Streets in Allegheny.—The Street Commissioners of Allegheny were busily engaged on Friday and Saturday in having the streets cleaned. Federal and Ohio streets have been wonderfully improved by the work. We presume the good work will continue until all the streets have been "renovated."

Splendid Chance.—A good chance is now offered for the ladies wanting anything in the shoe line, as Mr. Robb has replenished his retail department with a splendid stock of boots and shoes of every style, and is now ready to suit all who favor him with a call. Large sign of boot, No. 89 Market street.

At Col. Egan's.—Well known and popular book and periodical store, Sixth street, near Smithfield, our readers will find a very large assortment of new and rare publications, fine stationery, magazines, periodicals, &c., at the very lowest cash prices.

Rev. Henry J. W. Allen, the new Rector of Christ Church, Allegheny, has arrived and is at present staying at the Monongahela House. Mr. Allen comes to the parish highly recommended, as being possessed of talents of the very highest order, fully equal to a wide and prominent sphere. His style of preaching is orginal, fresh and vigorous, his christian character is earnest and high-toned, and his social qualities of the most genial and winning kind. All his antecedents have concurred in educating him into a polished gentleman and a true christian worker. We heartily congratulate the vestry and members of the parish in securing the services of a rector so highly and worthily recommended.

Assault and Battery.—Sarah Poole made information before Alderman Taylor on Saturday, charging John Wiggle with assault and battery. The prosecutrix resides on Liberty street, in the Fifth ward. She alleges that the defendant came to her house, raised a quarrel with her and then struck her with his fist. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

A Defrauder.—John Steinbaugh alleges that Julius Quinostertt is disposing of his goods to defraud his creditors. The accused is doing business in Lawrenceville, and it appears has victimized Steinbaugh to a considerable extent Information was made against him on Saturday before Alderman Taylor, who issued a warrant for his arrest.

To-morrow will be the anniversary set apart for doing honor to the memory of Ireland's Apostle, St. Patrick. Our Irish fellow citizens are arranging for a public procession and an evening banquet. There is also a public ball to be held at Lafayette Hall, in honor of the occasion, by the Fenian Brotherhood.

Valuable Cane Stolen.—A Mr. Peebles, of Wilkins township, had a valuable cane and carpet bag stolen from him on Friday near New Florence. Mr. P. was on the mail train, West Pennsylvania railroad, and had the articles mentioned in the seat with him. He thinks they were taken while he was asleep.

The Pittsburgh Turners Association will celebrate the anniversary of the organization to-night, in its elegant and new hall on Seventh street. The Great Western Band will be in attendance. The exercises will consist of gymnastic performances, speaking and dancing.

A Deserved Recognition.—George H. Thurston, Esq., of this city, President of the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company, was elected President of the Southern Telegraph Company, at Louisville, on Saturday. A fitting compliment to a worthy gentleman.

The fruit crop promises well in this section of country. The recent sleet did not work so much damage as was supposed at the time.

The Spring trade has already opened lively with our jobbers. Large business is expected to be transacted during the season.

Obituary.—Col. John P. Glass, after a protracted illness, died at his residence in the Sixth Ward, at twelve o'clock last night.

The recent coal boat rise has given new life to trade, and our retail merchants are rejoicing in increased receipts.

All the Pittsburgh and Brownsville and Pittsburgh and Parkersburg steamboats have resumed their regular trips.

A monkey had the measles in Zanesville, Ohio. The spots came out nicely. It caught the disease from a little child.

The Meat Inspector has entered fully into the discharge of his duties. We have heard of but few confiscations.

The street crossings on Fifth street were ashed on Saturday, and will prove passable for a few days at least.

An amateur dramatic company, hailing from this city, is performing at Steubenville, Ohio.

Fred Douglas lectured at Steubenville on Saturday night.

There are but twenty-four negroes in Lehigh county, Pa.

CITY ITEMS.

At Wm. Semple's.

180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny:

Kid Gloves at 75 cents,
Kid Gloves at $1,00,
Yard wide Bleached Muslins at 12½ cts.,
Pillow Case Cotton,
Pillow Case Linen,
10-4 and 11-4 Cotton Sheeting,
10-4 and 11-4 Linen Sheeting,
Beautiful Spring Prints,
Delaines, Ginghams,
Towels and Towelling,
Table Linen, Cotton Diapers,
Cassimeres for Boy's wear,
Cassimeres for Men's wear,
Black and Colored Alpacas,
Poplins, Black Australian Crape,
Honeycomb, Quilts,
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,
Corsets, Aprons,
Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, &c.

Will open on Tuesday or Wednesday a large lot of Beautiful Shades of American Poplins and Silks superior to any French or Irish Poplins at the Prices. A full stock at popular prices to which the attention of Wholesale and Retail purchasers is respectfully invited, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

Monday at Barker's.—

5 cases beautiful Lawns, the newest styles.
5 cases beautiful Chintz Prints, 12½c., just a little misprinted.
3 cases beautiful Shirting Muslin, 12½c., worth anywhere 16c.
1 case new styles Spring Frilled Skirts, beautiful colors.
1 case beautiful Ginghams, 12½c.
125 dozen Linen Towels, real Huck, pure Linen, 12½c.
50 dozen Napkins, $1 75 per dozen, very cheap.
1 case Table Linens, white, wide and heavy, pure Linen, 55c.
Magnificent assortment of Black and Colored Alpacas and Alpaca Poplins.
1 case best quality Spring Poplins, beautiful colors, 1 00.
2 cases Poplins De Soir, 65c., very fine, and very beautiful.
Black Silks, a full line, also, Fancy Silks.

Good Pure Lozenges

Cream Candies, Walnut and Almond Candy, Jordan and Cream Almonds, Marsh Mallow Drops, Jelly, Liquorice and Hard Gum Drops, Fine and common Mixed Candies, Cream Chocolates, Cream Dates, Cream Bon Bons, Colt's Foot Rock, Fig Paste, Greennoble Walnuts, Pecans, Soft Shell Almonds, Arabian and Barbara Dates, Figs, Raisins, Prunes, Prepared Cocoa Nut Maillard, Whitman and Baker's Chocolates, Spiced Salmon, Extracts, Extract of Beef, Condensed Milk, Cross and Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Olives, Catsups, Essence of Shrimps and Anchovies, Mustards, Marmalade, Fresh Fruits, in glass and cans, Jams, Preserves, Jellies, Spiced Oysters Finest Olive Oil, Gelatine, Prunellos, Citron, Lemon Peal, &c., &c.

Call and examine at 112 Federal street, Allegheny city. GEORGE BEAVEN.

Spring Opening.—Now in store for inspection and sale, at wholesale and retail, Millinery Goods of every description for the Spring of 1868, Jos. Horne & Co., Nos. 77 and 79 Market street.

New Goods at Barker's on Monday.

CITY ITEMS.

Another Cure of Asthma.

I feel myself under obligations to you, well as a duty I owe to others who ha been like sufferers with myself, in ord that they may know where they can g cured. I had been subject to violent, c tinued attacks of Asthma for more than years, and had been to great expense a various medical men of experience, wi out obtaining any permanent relief, if lieved at all. I was so bad that I ne kuew what it was to be free from the ease. I had to sit up in bed every night weeks, without any prospect or hop cure. My condition was such that I life a burthen, and when I got an attack felt in danger of suffocating every mome So terrible had been my sufferings that mother says that she has seen me so n suffocation that I was nearly black in face from the desperate efforts made to my breath. In the cold winter nigh many a night, with the doors and windo of the house thrown wide open, in order hinder the apparent danger of strangu tion. In this condition, on the 13th of tober, 1866, having heard of Dr. Keyse skill in curing this disease, I called on hi in company with my husband, Joseph M ers, but I must confess, with a great deal doubt as to effecting a permanent cure. Keyser examined me carefully, and lungs all over, with his lung sound, a told me that with care I would get well. persevered with his medicine for over year, and am to-day in vigorous healt and totally free from the Asthma.

NANCY MEYERS,
MARY MOUNTJOY, (her mother,)
GEORGIANA FISHER.

Birmingham, Dec. 9th, 1867.

Dr. Keyser's resident consultation off for lung examinations and the treatment obstinate diseases, No. 120 Penn stre from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M.

Joseph Horne & Co., Importers a Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stra Goods, Ribbons, Notions, Trimmings a Hosiery, Nos. 77 and 79 Market street, Pit burgh, Pa.

Flowers, Ribbons, Hat and Bonnet Fram for Spring, at Joseph Horne & Co.'s, N 77 and 79 Market street.

Ladies! Ladies!!—See the new Spri Goods at Joseph Horne & Co.'s, Nos. 77 a 79 Market street.

Dry Goods, wholesale and retail, at l than eastern prices, at Barker's.

Great Bargains in Hosiery at Jos. Hor & Co.'s, No. 77 and 79 Market street.

White Goods at Joseph Horne & Co. No. 77 and 79 Market street.

New Store and New Goods at Barker's Monday.

Goods New and Cheap at Barker's Monday.

Remember Barker's on Monday.

DIED;

SIMPSON.—On Saturday, March 14th, at ha past 4 o'clock, Miss LOUISA SIMPSON, daugh of the late Dr. John Simpson, of Shippensburg.

Her funeral will take place from her late residen on Pennsylvania avenue, at 2 o'clock THIS AFTE NOON, 16th inst. The friends of the family are spectfully invited to attend. Carriages will be readiness at the residence of Dr. Rodgers, No. 1 Fourth street, at 1 o'clock.

FLEMING.—On Sabbath morning, March 13 J. E. FLEMING, Esq., of Mt. Pleasant, Westmo land county, Pa., at the residence of Mrs. M. McGee, Fleming Station.

Funeral on WEDNESDAY MORNING, from the F eral Street Depot, on arrival of the 10 A. M. tra

BLACK—On Saturday afternoon, March 14 1868, JAMES BLACK, in his 61st year.

The funeral will take place from his late residen Butler street, Lawrenceville, this MONDAY AFTE NOON, at 3 o'clock. Friends are respectfully vited to attend. Carriages will leave Fairmar Sampson's office, corner of Seventh and Smithfi streets, at 2 o'clock P. M.

GLASS—On Sunday evening, March 15th, 186 at 12 o'clock, at his residence, No. 136 W street, Col. JOHN P. GLASS, in the 47th yea his age.

Notice of funeral in afternoon papers.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKE No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and ery description of Funeral Furnishing Goods f nished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDE TAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corne SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENU Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS constantly supplied with real and imitation Ro wood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at price rying from $4 to 100. Bodies prepared for int ment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, kinds of Mourning Goods if required. Office o at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDE TAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 O STREET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIAMO SQUARE, (by John Wilson & Bros., keeps alw on hands the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins fr $25 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwards, other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hear furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day night.

EDWARD CZARNIECKI, U DERTAKER, Office, No. 244 OHIO STRE Allegheny. Metallic, Rosewood and other Co on hand and furnished at shortest notice, at low prices. Sale and Livery Stables, corner of F and Middle streets. Carriages, Barouches, Buggi Saddle Horses, &c., for hire.

1868. MARCH. 186

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No. 115 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, P

Have now open a LARGE NEW STOCK, wh they offer at

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Merchants desiring to sort up, and save the vance, should call at

No. 115 WOOD STREET.

THE BEST FITTING DRAWE

IN THE WORLD ARE THE

Patent Pantaloon Drawers

The genuine bear our trade mark,

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Patentees and Manufacturers.

No. 58 White St., New York.

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COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and B Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still B toms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Deal in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. C stantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired tern. my14:c3:dw